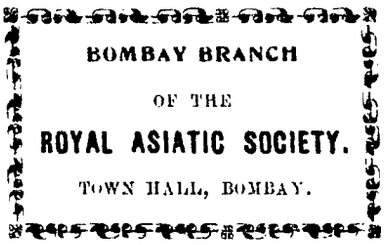
Bansda State

administration report

1888-89 to 1898-99

00134756



Digitized with financial assistance from

Government of Maharashtra

on 01 February, 2020

ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

BANSDA STATE

FOR THE YEAR.

1888-89.

Ahmedabad—"Aryodaya" Press.

00134756

ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

BANSDA STATE

FOR 1888-89.

134756

1. *Area.* The area and boundaries of the State remained steady during ar. There arose no boundary dispute. The boundary marks of fields as the frontier were repaired and preserved in good order.

2. *Villages.* There was no increase or decrease in the number of villag- ich are as follows—

Khalsa 76 + Inam 11 = 87 Total. Of the 11 alienated villages, 5 ntinued to the mothers and sisters of the Raja Saheb and are tenable for ne : 2 are enjoyed by Priests, 1 by Astrologers, 1 by (Dasundi) bards, and Sirbandis in consideration of the service of the Darbar. They represent a Nookshn of Rs. 9,485–2–0.

3. *Population.* The population according to the Census of 1881 was 34 persons, whilst the enumeration during the year showed the figures to be 08 or an increase of 2·2 percent.

4. *Season & Crops.* The season has on the whole been an unfavourable The rains withdrew in the latter part of the Monsoon considerably affecct- the outturn of the rice and Nagli crops which are cultivated to a large ex- t in the State. The Rabi harvests also failed partially for want of moisture the soil.

5. *Prices of labour.* Scarcely any skilled labour is to be found in the tate. Artizans have to be called from the neighbouring British and Gaikwar Districts. The following are the rates of wages per diem.

Carpenters	9 annas.
Bricklayers	9 „
Blacksmiths	8 „
Carts	8 „
Male labourers	2 „

6. *Prices of food.* In the marginal table are given the present prices of the staple food in Bansda. The rates were high during May and June last owing to the limited produce of the year's agriculture and the small number of traders.

Rice in husk common-		35	seirs per rupee.
Nagli	„	35	„
Urid	„	40	„
Tuver	„	32	„
Jowar	„	35	„

7. *Rain.* The following table shows the rain fall registered a

Year.	1880	1881	1882	1883	1884	1885	1886	1887	18
Rainfall.	67	72	83	75	91	79	87	109	

The fall during the year was considerably below the average. peared at a time when the grains were in the bud. The crops were theref

8. *Medical relief.* The following comparative Statement gives lars of the persons treated in the Ratan Kunverba Hospital at Bansda. charitable Institution conducted solely at the State expense.

Year.	Patients registered in the Hospital.			Average daily. Attendance.	Number cured.	Relieved.	Absented	Died.
	Indoor.	Out door.	Total.					
1887-88	11	4573	4587	53	3611	642	326	8
1888-89	45	8271	8316	85	7477	630	200	9
Increase	31	3698	3729	32	3866	0	0	1
Decrease	...	...	...	...	....	12	126	0

Mr. Hormasji Byramji an L. M. & S. has been placed in charge of Hospital. He treats the patients so kindly and carefully that the attenda has increased 70 per cent over that of the preceding year.

36 Major and 368 Minor operations were carried out during the ye These were considerably more than those in the foregoing year, and all of the except one were successful.

Malerial fevers, worms, eye and skin diseases, dysentry, and hemerálo piá in low classes of people were the diseases chiefly prevalent during the year.

The Assistant Surgeon also treated 26 animals viz. 1 elephant, 10 horses, 3 camels, 7 bullocks and 5 goats.

In two cases post-mortem examination was held. The temperature averaged 74·8 against 80·9 during the year preceding.

The total cost of relief was Rs. 2114 against Rs. 2369 in the past year. The cause of decrease is that several medicines were prepared by the Doctor himself, and there was a large stock of last year's medicines in store.

Cholera cases were only two during the year. They were at once suppressed by prompt measures and there is no epidemic now in the territory. There was a slight cattle disease which carried away a few animals, but on the whole the public health was good.

The Hospital was visited many a times both by the Raja Saheb and the Dewan. The records, instruments and medicines were found to be neat and in proper order.

9. *Vaccination.* 1260 children were vaccinated during the year at a cost of Rs. 321. Of these 49 cases were of revaccination: and 27 cases were unsuccessful against 8 in the previous year. The Inspector of vaccination visited the state and examined the work of the Vaccinator. The cause of decrease in the number of vaccinations was the illness of the vaccinator. He had also gone on a short leave on the death of his father.

10. *Manufactures & trade.* There are no manufactures whatever in the State. Food grains and forest produce are the only articles of local trade. Owing to indifferent season and partial failure of crops the transactions were but few.

11. *Fairs.* At Unai, a place famous for its hot water springs, the annual fair was held in Chaitra (April) as usual. About 35,000 people resorted to it. Articles of various descriptions of European and Indian Manufacture found ready sale, but no data as to their value is available. Temporary sheds were erected for the accommodation of the pilgrims and special attention was paid to sanitation and protection. The fair ended quietly without any theft or breach of peace. No epidemic broke out and people returned safely to their homes.

12. *Hatwadas.* Small fairs called Hatwadas are held in 6 villages of the State once a week, when articles of food, vegetable, clothing and ornaments of the Kaliparaj are chiefly bartered.

Civil Justice.

13. *Original suits.* The Court of the Dewan has the civil powers of a Judge and appeal on his decisions lies to the Raja Saheb's Huzur. There were 52 suits for trial during the year against 33 in the past. Of these one remained over from last year and 51 were filed during the year. All of them were disposed of within the year. The small number of claims is due, as reported last year, to the simplicity of the people and their poor condition. The total fees received were Rs. 219–0–0.

Almost all the cases were of debts amounting in each case under Rs. 100, which shows that the ryots are very poor. The average length of time during which each claim was disposed of was 10 days. This is remarkable and is due to the admission of many of the claims by the Defendants.

14. *Appeals.* In the Huzur Court of the Raja Saheb one appeal remained pending at the end of last year and 4 new were filed during the year. Thus making a total number of 5. All of them have been disposed of. Rs. 9 only were received as fees for appeals.

15. *Decrees.* 73 applications for execution of decrees were disposed of against 18 last year whilst 13 against 28 remained over at the close of the year. The reason of slow execution is the wretched condition of the debtors and the scanty crops of the year.

Criminal Justice.

16. There are 3 Criminal Courts in the State exclusive of the Huzur Court. Their powers are shown in appendix No. 19. The total number of offences and accused for trial were 189 and 273 respectively against 205 and 284 in the preceding year. Last year 3 persons remained untried whilst at the close of the year under report there remained none. Both the culpable homicides shown in statement No. 7 were committed on suspicion of witches.

17. One appeal was made to the Court of the Raja Saheb and one to that of the Dewan and in each of them the conviction was upheld but the sentence was modified and made lenient. The reason of the high percentage of conviction and trivial number of appeals is the confession of guilt as explained last year.

Offences against the Abkari law diminished greatly owing to the strict vigilance of the Abkari Inspector and his police.

Justice was done to the accused without unnecessary delay. Hardly in any case did the trial last over a fortnight.

The receipts from fines &c. fell from Rs. 2,000 to Rs. 1,107. The decrease is due to the small number of Abkari offences.

The portion of the stipends of the Civil and Criminal authorities is not separated. The whole of their salaries are charged to Land Revenue the collection of which is their chief duty.

18. *Police.* The strength of the foot-police was 66 men against 62 in the previous year. The mounted sowars number 23 and perform the work of the police. The proportion of the foot-force to the total population is 2 per thousand and 3 per square mile.

An order has been issued to the Fouzdar to record all complaints. Hitherto only those in which evidence came forth sufficiently for committing the accused were recorded.

The Abkari Police consists of 7 men. Neither it nor the village Police is included in the District Police mentioned above.

Statements No. 3-4-5-7 annexed to this report will show the result of the working of the Police. There was a slight decrease both in the number of offences reported to the police and of the accused concerned.

The percentage of acquittal rose owing to withdrawal of complaints

and compounding of petty offences of *Hurt* and *Insult*: and in consequence there was a corresponding fall in the percentage of conviction.

Property of the value of Rs 1,100 was stolen against 229 in the former year, whilst the percentage of recovery fell from 26 to 18, the value of recovery being Rs. 152 against Rs. 60 in the previous year.

5 Thefts of the value of Rs. 669 remain undetected owing to the culprits being residents of the neighbouring Native States by which this State is surrounded. The Dang forest Naiks very often trouble the innocent ryots of this State and it is very hard to detect them, or to obtain evidence for a *Prima facie* case even after detection, for, the witnesses do not dare to give evidence through the fear of the Naiks' oppression. This state of things was brought to the notice of the Agent at Surat.

19. *Jail.* In this State there is only one jail which is situated at Bansda. The building is commodious and there are different wards for males and females. The number of convicts admitted during the year was 106 against 51 in the year preceding; whilst the average number of the prisoners was 16 against 14. The number remaining in the jail at the end of the year under report was 26 as compared with 9 in the previous year. There was only one death in the jail owing to sickness which was the cause of general debility of the prisoner previous to admission into the jail. No jail offence was committed, the behaviour of the prisoners being good. Owing to ample food and clothing the health of the prisoners was good. On the marriage of the Raja Saheb the convicts were feasted and a few prisoners of short sentences were released. The total cost of maintenance was Rs. 853 or Rs. 53·5 per head. The prisoners were employed for labour in the State garden during the whole of the year but no adjustment was made for their wages,—an account of which is kept of late. The jail was visited many a times by the Dewan and occasionally by the Raja Saheb.

20. *Births & Deaths* were registered during the year under report with the following result.

Year.	Births.		Deaths.	
	Number.	Percentage on population.	Number.	Percentage on population.
1886-87	571	1·6	435	1·2
1887-88	614	1·8	530	1·5
1888-89	745	2·1	593	1·7

The registration though not satisfactory is improving gradually. Ten persons were killed by wild animals and two by snake bite.

Rs. 140 were spent on rewards &c. for the destruction of wild animals. 3 cages are prepared to entrap tigers and kept in places resorted by them.

21. *Ferries.* There are 4 Ferries in the State plying in marginally noted villages on the rivers shown against them. They ply only when the rivers are flooded. The Ferries belong to the State. Nos. 1 & 2 are plied by sailors on payment of salaries from the Durbar. The other ferries are farmed. Cultivators and Durbar servants &c. pass free of charges. The collection of fees were therefore very small, viz. Rs. 4 only whilst the expenses were Rs. 64.

No.	River.	Bansda village.	Opposite village.	Territory.
1	Kaveri.	Kathrot.	Kukeri.	British.
2	Do.	Walzar Nani	Walzar Moti.	Bansda.
3	Ambika.	Sindhai.	Dolwan.	Gaikwari.
4	Purna.	Andhatri.	Buhari.	British.

22. *Registration of Documents.* 14 Documents were registered during the year against 7 in the past. The receipts were Rs. 50–12–0 against Rs. 28–14–0 last year. The poverty of the people is the cause of limited registration.

23. *Opium.* Opium was sold departmentally during the year. One rupee per pound is allowed as refund by British Government on the quantity of opium purchased *bona fide* for sales in the State. The quantity consumed during the year was 78 pounds and 31 tollas on which Rs. 371 were cleared as profit. The consumption of opium is chiefly confined to the town of Bansda amongst the Rajputs, Mussalmans & Brahmins, the other ryots having no taste for the drug.

24. *Municipality.* Under this head are included conservancy, watering and lighting charges incurred in the town of Bansda. Roads are swept twice a day and the refuse is thrown outside the town.

The total expenditure amounted to Rs. 875 against Rs. 832 in the previous year. The Municipal roads are metalled and repaired by the Public Works to which the expenses (about Rs. 200) were debited.

No House tax or Octroi is levied, owing to small population and very limited trade and the whole expense of the Municipality is borne by the State.

An engine is kept to guard against accidental fires. Fortunately no fire took place during the year.

25. *Survey & Settlement.* All the Khalsa and a few of the alienated villages have long since been surveyed and assessed on the basis of classification of the soil. Water cess is levied only on sugar cane cultivation in consideration of the (1) use of Durbari wells and of (2) the fuel consumed in furnaces of molasses as well as (3) the timber required for making the Cane-pressing machines. Water cess is not levied on sugarcane irrigated from wells sunk at private expense.

26. *Abkari.* Country liquor was distilled and supplied by the Contractor to whom a farm has been given as reported last year. There is only one distillery in the State. It is situated at Bansda and supplies liquor to all the shops

in the territory. The following table gives the figures of the sale of liquor of each kind.

Year.	25 U. P.	60 U. P.	Total.	Revenue.	Cost.
1887-88	1,763	70,000	71,763	55,513	11,446
1888-89	1,821	79,657	81,478	64,475	14,648

The consumption of liquor was more than in the preceding year owing to the suppression of illicit distillation and cheap rates at the shops on the Gaikwari and Dang frontiers where the prices are assimillated to those in the adjoining territories.

Lately the Abkari farmer of the Surat distillery and the State of Dharampur having lowered their selling prices of liquor of 60 U. P. to Rs. 1-2 per gallon, similar rates had to be introduced in this State also.

The fees from the tapping of toddy and the privilege to retail toddy gave an income of Rs. 3,150 against Rs. 3,222 in the year preceding. The total income from Abkari has increased as per statement No. 13 owing to the cheap rates at which liquor is given to the Durbar by the Contractor, while the cost increased owing to a large quantity of liquor consumption.

The number of shops for the sale of liquor fluctuated according to the demand of liquor in the different localities.

The distillery building was extended and improved during the year to make room for more store of Mhowra fruit and liquor. No offence was committed in the Distillery or liquor shops, and the conduct and work of the shop keepers and the Contractor were satisfactory.

The Inspector of Abkari moved regularly into the District and visited and examined each of the shops. The Distillery is also very frequently visited and examined by the Raja Saheb, the Dewan and the Naib Dewan. The accounts are kept up to date by the Contractor. Passes for the issue of liquor are given by an employe unconnected with the Distillery and the Inspector holds his office in the Distillery in order to keep proper supervision.

27. *Intoxicating Drugs.* The sale of these is licensed to the highest bidder for the privilege. It fetched Rs. 41 during the year against 10 in the past.

28. *Education.* The number of schools remained unaltered during the year. A vernacular class for boys has been lately opened at Unai-hot-water-springs. It is flourishing daily and if it will prove a success, the school at Kurelia, which does not thrive notwithstanding the best of our efforts, will be transferred there.

The Deputy and the Assistant Deputy Educational Inspectors examined all the schools and their remarks were communicated to the Durbar. Measures have already been taken to give effect to their wishes and it is hoped that the ensuing result will be more satisfastory than the past.

The following table shows the number of scholars in each school and their standards as well as the result of the examination.

No.	Name of School.	Register No.	Average attendance.	No. subjected to Examination	Result of Examination	Standards taught.	
1	Bansda A. V.	19	14	15	Fair.	4	English
2	,, Gujarati.	87	58	55	,,	4	Varnacular.
3	Chapaldhara.	65	27	50	,,	5	
4	Wandervela.	38	15	23	,,	5	
5	Sindhai.	52	39	40	,,	6	
6	Andhatri.	21	14	14	Poor.	3	
7	Bhinar.	31	18	30	Fair.	4	
8	Moti Walzar.	27	9	23	,,	5	
9	Lakhavadi.	20	13	19	,,	4	
10	Kurelia.	21	9.4	15	Poor.	4	
11	Kathrot.	18	10	14	,,	4	
12	Girl School Bansda. ...	56	40	51	Fair.	4	
13	Unai Class.	21	18	....	...	1 st.	
	Total of 1889.	476	284	349	6Fair.	...	

Last year, the total number of boys on the register was 442. There was therefore an increase of 34 boys during the year. It is however to be regretted that the ryots of the State do not avail of the schools as they ought to. The Kali Paraj entertain a foolish superstition that witches devour the bodies of the boys who attend the school. Their poverty also prevent's many parents in sparing their grown up children from agricultural labour.

Of the teaching staff there are 2 Dhondias 12 Mussalmins and one Shoemaker. These low castemen being State subjects are purposely employed in order to induce the backward classes to send their children to the school. They discharge the duties entrusted to them satisfactorily. The other masters also work conscientiously, but the indifference towards learning shown by the pupils frustrate their efforts.

A separate building was erected during the year for the Kathrot school. Hitherto it used to occupy a portion of the Durbar's staging house. A gymnasium is under construction at Bansda and will shortly be completed.

Ample inducement in the shape of clothing, books, pens, slates &c. was continued to be given gratis and no fee is levied from the Kali Peraj boys and from girls of all castes.

Rs. 2,738 were spent on education during the year. The incidence per head of pupil being Rs. 5-12-0 as compared with Rs. 7-2-3 in the past year. The cause of the decrease is due to the grant of a thousand rupees in the past year to the Rajkot Rajkumar College.

29. *Library.* The reading room at Bansda costed Rs. 168 during the year against Rs. 180 last year, but the ryots have no taste for it. A few more books were purchased and added to the Library, the use of which is left open gratis to the public.

30. *Forest.* 47,206 acres of land are reserved for Forest. There is strict prohibition to cut reserved trees, but permission is given to the ryots to graze their cattle and cut fuel from the Forest. When the timber is ripe and fit for cutting, it is sold by auction and purchased by traders from the neighbouring British ports at rates agreed upon. They fell the trees and store them in prescribed depots where fees are collected according to measurements. During the year under report timber was sold in about 10 villages which brought an income of Rs. 21,438 against Rs. 10,236 in the preceding year. The subjects of the State cut fuel gratis whilst a light price is levied from outsiders.

As a help to the ryots, timber is given free of cost for the construction of houses and stables and works of agricultural implements. Rs. 2,151 were the value of such grants against Rs. 2,766 in the foregoing year.

For the sake of conservancy and guard, an Inspector and seven peons are engaged permanently. Temporary additional establishment is entertained in the fair season when the cutting operations commence and fear of clandestine export of timber arise. During the monsoon there is no anxiety of theft of wood, as the roads become quite impassable.

The increase in income and expenses under this head is due to larger cuttings.

31. *Record Room.* There is but one record room in the whole of the State, wherein records of all the Departments are stored. The old records were in great disorder and steps have therefore been taken to examine, classify and place them regularly. The current records of the past few years are in proper order.

32. *Public Works* were carried on Departmentally of the building materials. Wood, bricks, tiles, chunam and stone metal are made departmentally,

articles of iron only are imported. Appendix No. 14 shows the works carried out during the year and their cost. The total expense on public works during the year was Rs. 22,572-10-1 as compared with Rs. 18,246 in the last year. To relieve the poor from starvation 3 Tanks were deepened and embanked. A Bandhara was also repaired to ensure irrigation and a thick layer of metal was thrown on the Bansda-Kathrot-road. Two new wells were constructed for irrigation and the old wells were repaired. The establishment charges amounted to Rs. 885 as compared with Rs.815 last year.

33. *Toll.* Bars are established only on the Bansda-Kathrot-road, at two of its ends *viz.* Bansda and Kathrot. Fees are levied only at one of the bars for use of the whole road. The receipts under this head were Rs. 1,620 as compared with Rs. 1,607 in the past year.

Garden. There is only one garden at Bansda on the bank of river Kaveri contiguous to the town. It contains many fruit and flower trees both of European and Native taste. It was kept in proper order during the year at a cost of Rs. 928 and free labour of about 20 prisoners daily. Besides the above there are small patches of gardens in the compounds of the Durbar at Bansda and of the bunglow at Kathrot.

35. *Stallions.* There are three stallions in the Durbar's stable. 5 mares were covered by them during the year. Of these 3 were conceived. A bull and a he-buffaloe stallions are also kept by the Durbar to improve the breed of cattle.

36. *The general condition of the people* is very poor. Most of the ryots live from hand to mouth. The Kali Paraj forms the major bulk of the population and is lazy and superstitious. They are total strangers to anything like the comforts and conveniences of a civilized life. Gradual improvement is perceptible amongst them owing to the recent improved administration of the State, but it is yet very little. They trust their Sowcars too much and generally fell a prey to them. The Banias advance money at exhorbitant interest and in return take away almost all that is produced from agriculture, hardly leaving food sufficient, for the debtors' bare maintenance. To relieve these ignorant people from the trammels of these despots, it is under the contemplation of the Durbar to open an agricultural bank from the State, which may advance money at reasonable interest and take grain &c. at moderate prices in return. This shop will compete with the greedy Banias and bring them to their senses.

37. *Cultivation.* The Khalsa villages lands in the State comprise an area of 1,22,450 acres. Of these 53,486 form Kharabo on account of rivers, nullahs, hills and forests.

1,784 acres of land assessed at Rs. 4,931 is alienated to village servants &c. and the net culturable land under the Durbar is 67,180 acres bearing an assessment of Rs. 1,47,441. The latter is composed of the following.

	acres.	Rs.
Jirayet	24,254	47,510
Rice lands	8,262	45,878
Culturable waste	33,427	52,331
Set apart for cattle	1,237	1,722
	67,180	1,47,441

The people are very idle and backward in agricultural improvements. Their poverty also come in their way to a certain extent. Their addiction to liquor and toddy is so much that they wont think of the future but will lavishly sell grain and indulge in the tonics at the risk of starvation in the hot season. Their cattle again are so feeble as to hardly perform $\frac{1}{4}$ th of the work done by the healthy cattle of Guzerat. The cultivators here do not at all understand the use and value of manure and are averse to innovation of foreign crops. Many people merely hire bullocks to till their lands and others cannot afford to keep cattle. The latter sow Nagli after turning the land by means of spade. Weeding is unknown to most of them and others consider it a very difficult task. The Dhondias however gradually improve their occupancies by turning dry crop into rice lands and by sinking wells. Rice, Nagli, Jowar, Kodra, Tuver, Urid, Castor-oil-seed are the principal crops sown. Sugarcane, Jowar, Wal, Watana are slightly cultivated.

Unauthorized cultivation in waste is charged with assessment only on the area tilled and nothing is levied as fine. The total area cultivated was a little more than in last year.

38. *Takavi.* The following statement shows the quantity of grain of each kind given to cultivators for seed. The advance was specially large during the year under report owing to the partial failure of crops.

Year.	Rice in husk.	Nagli.	Urid.	Tuver.	Bajri.	Jowar.	Mag.	Total.	Value.
	M. S.								
1887-88	451-10	...	...	4-30	...	...	1	457-0	457-0
1888-89	2,277-30	57-35	2-20	5-15	7-0	...	...	2,350-20	2,938-2

Besides the above cash Tagavi was given for the purchase of cattle and for agricultural improvements.

39. *Land Revenue.* The following were the principal items of land revenue during the year.

Net land assessment	91,600
Sale proceeds of grass	1,955
Unauthorized cultivation	6,404
Sale proceeds of fruit	695
Water cess on sugar cane	1,248
Sale of occupation right	55
Miscellaneous	63
Settlement on alienated lands	258
	1,02,278

It was a trifle more than the past.

Remissions. On account of the partial failure of crops remissions were given to the extent of Rs. 2,332 as compared with Rs. 732 in the past year.

The whole of the land revenue was collected with the exception of about 3,000 Rs. which have been allowed to outstand without harsh measures for recovery.

40. *Income & Expenditure.* Statement No. 13 gives details of these. There has been a large increase under both heads chiefly owing to the following reasons.

1. Adjustment of the revenue of land alienated for different purposes.
2. Large cutting and sale of the timber.
3. Marriage of the Raja Saheb.
4. Large distillation and sale of liquor.

Large purchase of jewel and more expense on public works also added to the debit side.

The causes of increase and decrease under each minor head are explained in their respective paras. Rs. 29,000 were saved during the year.

41. *Miscellaneous.* The Raja Saheb married with the daughter of the Thakor Saheb of Sayla in June last. The new Rani Saheb brought with her property worth Rs. 30,000.

Bansda State Palace,
15th August 1889.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI
Dewan, Bansda State.

I.

STATEMENT of WASTELAND in the BANSDA STATE for the Year 1888-89.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Name of Mahal.	Total Area.	Area leased for Cultivation.	Area held in Inam.	Approximate Area of Waste.	Approximate Area of waste fit for cultivation.	Approximate Area of Waste preserved for special purposes.	Average rate of assement on rice land and Workas land, on what terms the cultivable land is available to cultivators.	Remarks.
Bansda.....	1,37,976.	32,516	17,310	88,150	34,664	48,443.	Rs. 5 per acre on rice land. Rs. 2 do--on dry crop land (Jirayet) Land is available for cultivation on special terms agreed upon in each case.	

II.

STATEMENT SHOWING STRENGTH and COST of POLICE in BANSDA STATE for the Year 1888-89.

1	2	3	4	5		6
Mounted.	Foot.	Total strength.	Total cost per month.	Increase or decrease as compared with 1887–88.		Remarks.
				Increase.	Decrease.	
23	66	89	562	4	0	These figures are exclusive of officers.

III.

STATEMENT SHOWING the RESULTS of the WORKING of the POLICE in the BANSDA STATE during the year 1888-89.

No.	Name of State.	Number of Offences reported to Police.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage acquitted of accused arrested.		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.		Remarks.
		1887-88	1888-89	1887-88	1888-89	1887-88	1888-89	1887-88	1888-89	1887-88	1888-89	1887-88	1888-89	1887-88	1888-89	
1	Bansda.	207	191	287	273	287	273	251	221	33	52	11·5	19	87·5	71	

IV.

STATEMENT showing the value of property stolen and amount of recoveries in the BANSDA STATE during the year 1888-89.

State.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered		Percentage recoveries of property stolen.		Remarks.
	1887-88	1888-89	1887-88	1888-89	1887-88	1888-89	
Bansda.	229	844	60	152	26	18	

V.

STATEMENT *showing the number of OFFENCES reported and the number of persons dealt with and disposed of during the year* 1888-89.

No.	Name of State.	No. of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with and disposed of—																
				Remaining at the end of the year.	Brought to trial during the year 1888-89.						Total.		Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.	Persons remaining at the end of the year,	Number of Criminal cases remaining for trial at the end of the year.	Remarks.
		1887-88	1888-89		Arrested by Police.	Upon Warrant.	On Summons.	Voluntarily.	Received by Transfer.	Arrested in the presence of the Magistrate.	1887-88.	1888-89.								
1	Bansda.	205	189	3	268	...	...	...	2	...	287	273	...	52	221	..	...	...	...	...

VI.

STATEMENT *showing the results of* APPEALS *against decisions passed by the* CRIMINAL COURTS *in the* BANSDA STATE *during the Year* 1888-89.

State	Tribunals.	Number of Applications.	Number of Persons and Cases.															
			Applications rejected.		Sentences. Confirmed.		Modified.		Reversed.		Proceedings quashed.		Referred.		Further enquiry, &c., ordered.		Pending.	
			Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.
Bansda.	The Raja Saheb.	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	The Dewan.	1	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

No.

STATEMENT SHOWING *the number of* CRIMES *committed, number of cases*

Number.	Definitions of crimes or offences.	Number of Crimes.			No. of cases disposed of.	No. of cases undisposed of.	No. of persons apprehended.	No. of persons convicted.	Number of persons sentenced to					
									Imprisonment.		Imprisonment and Fine.		Fine only.	Whipping.
		Balance on 1st August 1888.	Committed in the year.	Total.					Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	Offences against the Abkari act.	...	61	61	61	...	87	87	...	22	..	1	64	...
2	Abbetting a Public Servant in receiving bribe.	...	2	2	2	...	2	2	..	1	..	...	1	..
3	Personating a pubbic servant.	1	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	1	..	...	...	...
4	Taking gift to screen an offender.	...	1	1	1	...	3	3	...	..	..	...	3	...
5	Offering gift to screen an offender.	...	1	1	1	...	2	2	...	..	..	2	...	...
6	Escape from confinement negligently suffered by a Public Servant.	...	1	1	1	...	2	2	...	..	..	...	2	...
7	Knowingly possessing queen's counterfeit coin	...	1	1	1	...	5	1	...	..	..	1	...	...
8	Delivery of counterfeit coin as genuine.	...	2	2	2	...	2	2	...	1	..	1	...	...
9	Culpable Homicide.	...	2	2	2	...	7	6	...	5	..	1	...	...
10	Attempt to commit Suicide.	...	2	2	2	...	2	2	1	..	...	...	1	...
11	Hurt.	...	23	23	23	...	33	10	...	..	..	1	9	...
12	Hurt by dangerous weapon	...	1	1	1	..	1	1	...	..	1	...	...	...
13	Grievous hurt.	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	..	1	...	...	...
14	Hurt to deter a Public Servant from his duty	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	..	..	1	...	...
15	Wrongful confinement	..	1	1	2	...	2	2	...	..	...	...	2	...
16	Criminal force.	...	2	2	2	...	11	11	...	..	...	...	11	...
17	Do- to deter a public servant from discharge of duty.	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	..	...	1	...	...
18	Attempt to commit rape.	...	2	2	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	..	...	...
19	Theft.	1	35	36	36	...	57	51	...	26	...	3	22	...
20	Theft in a dwelling house.	..	3	3	3	..	3	3	...	2	...	...	1	...
21	Theft by a clerk of property in possession of master.	...	2	2	2	..	2	2	..	...	...	1	1	..

87	...	..	...	20	3	...	..	...	...	..	...	...
2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...
1	...	...	...	..	...	...	1	..	..	...	...	...
3	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	2	...	...	...	..
2	...	...	...	..	..	..	...	...	..	...	...	...
1	4	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	..	1	...	...
2	..	...	...	...	1	..	...	...	...	1	...	...
6	1	..	...	..	..	..	...	3	...	...	3	...
2	...	..	..	1	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	23	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	..	...	...	..	1	..	...	...	...	..	...	...
1	..	..	..	1	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
1	..	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
2	..	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
11	..	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
1	..	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
...	2	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
51	6	...	...	22	6	...	1	..	...	...	...	...
3	...	...	..	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	...	..	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	..	...	...

22	Theft after preparation to cause hurt in order to commit theft.	..	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	..	...
23	Extortion.	1	...	1	1	...	1	1	..	...	...	1	...	...
24	Robbery.	..	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	..
25	Dishonest misappropriation of property.	...	3	3	3	...	3	3	...	2	...	...	1	...
26	Criminal breach of trust.	..	2	2	2	...	2	2	...	1	...	...	1	..
27	–Do–by a servant.	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	..	...	1	...	...
28	Dishonestly retaining stolen property.	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	..	...	...
29	Cheating &.dishonestly inducing delivery of property.	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	..	...
30	Mischief.	...	3	3	3	...	3	3	...	..	...	...	3	...
31	Mischief by maining cattle.	...	2	2	2	...	2	1	..	...	...	1	...	..
32	House breaking to commit theft.	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	..	...
33	House breaking by night.	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...
34	Lurking house trespass at night to commit theft.	...	6	6	6	...	9	5	...	4	...	1	...	...
35	Attempt to–do–	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...
36	Enticing away married woman.	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
37	Defamation.	...	2	2	2	..	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	...
38	Insult to provoke breach of trust.	..	14	14	14	..	15	6	...	..	...	...	6	..
	Total.	3	186	189	189	...	273	221	3	67	1	22	128	...

VII.

disposed of, and cases awaiting trial for the year 1888-89.

Total.	No. of persons acquitted or discharged.	No. of persons confined being insane.	No. of persons died during or before trial.	Term of inprisonment.									Remarks.
				Under 1 month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 monhts. From 3 to 6 months.		From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.	
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	..	...	
1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	
1	...	..	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	
3	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	
2	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	
1	..	...	...	1	...	..	...	..	...	...	..	..	
...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	
1	...	...	...	1	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	
3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	
1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	..	...	..	...	...	
1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	
5	4	...	...	...	2	1	2	..	..	..	...	...	
1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	..	..	...	
2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	..	..	..	...	
6	9	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	
221	52	...	...	53	19	4	5	6	...	3	3	...	

ENCLOSURE No. 7.

Return of trials held by the Criminal Courts of the BANSDA STATE during the year 1888-89.

No.	Courts.	Offences and chapters of the Indian Penal Code &c. under which they might come.																									Total number of offences.	Total number of trials.	Number of persons convicted.	No. of persons acquitted or discharged.	Total number of persons tried.	Remarks.
		Offences against the State Chapter VI.	Offences against public tranquility. Secs. 143 to 160 Chapter VIII.	Offences against lawful authority; public servants. public service, & false evidence. Chapter X & XI.	Offences relating to Government coins & stamps. Chapter XII.	Offences relating to public health & safety &c. Chapter XIV.	Murder, Sections 302, 306 & 396.	Culpable Homicide. Sec. 304.	Attempt to commit murder Sec. 307.	Causing miscarriage &c. Secs. 312 to 318.	Grievous Hurt or Hurt under aggrevated State of circumstances Secs. 325 to 333.	Hurt, criminal force and assault Secs. 323, 324, 334 to 338 & 352 to 358.	Kidnapping &c. Secs. 363 to 373.	Rape Section 376.	Unnatural offence Sec. 377.	Dacoity. Secs. 395, 397, 402.	Robbery Secs. 392 to 394.	Thefts & other offences against property. Secs. 379 to 389 & 403.	Criminal trespass including house-breaking &c. Secs. 447 to 462.	Forgery &c. Chapter XVIII.	Offences relating to marriage &c. Chapter XX.	Offences against special Laws.	Miscellaneous not included in the above.							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30		
1	Dewan.	...	...	1	3	...	...	2	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	3	16	16	29	5	34		
2	Naib Dewan.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	13	...	...	...	...	1	26	2	...	1	33	26	103	103	109	24	133		
3	Aval Karkun.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	16	2	...	....	28	13	70	70	83	23	106		
	Total.	...	...	1	3	...	...	2	...	...	2	25	..	...	...	...	1	47	4	...	1	61	42	189	189	221	52	273		
	1887-88	...	2	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	5	12	...	...	...	...	...	62	...	...	...	109	13	205	202	251	33	284		

VIII.

STATEMENT showing the number of convicts confined in the BANSDA STATE for the year 1888–89.

Station.	Number of Prisoners.	Number of prisoners.				Daily average in Jail.		Number of Prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of Jail and Prisoners.	Remarks showing mortality among Convicts in the Jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.		1887–88	1888–89			
				1887–88.	1888–89.					
Bansda.	115	9	106	68	115	14	16	26	853	1

IX.

STATEMENT showing the number of (original) civil suits filed and disposed of during the year 1888–89.

State.	Tribunals.	No. of cases on the file at the end of previous year.	No. filed during the year.	Total.		Number disposed of during.		Arrears.		Remarks.
				1887-88	1888-89	1887-88	1888-89	1887-88	1888-89	
Bansda.	Dewan.	1	51	33	52	32	52	1	...	...

X.

STATEMENT showing the civil appeals filed and disposed of in the BANSDA STATE for the year 1888–89.

State.	Tribunal.	No.of cases on the file at the end of the previous year.	No. filed during the year.	Total.		No. disposed of during the year.		Arrears.		Remarks.
				1887-88	1888-89	1887-88	1888-89	1887-88	1888-89	
Bansda.	The Raja Saheb.	1	4	4	5	3	5	1	...	...

XI.

STATEMENT of Civil Courts of original Jurisdiction in the Bansda State for the year 1888–89.

No.	Name of court.	Number of suits on the file at the beginning of the year.	Number of the suits filed during the year.					Number of suits to be disposed of.	How disposed of.						Total.	Suits remaining on file at the end of the year.	Average length of time.	Property involved in suits decided.				Property involved in suits undecided.				Remarks.
			Watans.	Lands other than Watans.	Debts.	Total of columns 4-5 and 6.	Pauper suits amongst those shown in col. 7.		Exparte.	Kabulyat.	By default.	Compromised.	on merit: In favour of Plaintiff.	on merit: In favour of Defendant.				Up to 100.	From 100 to 500.	From 500 to 1,000.	Above 1,000.	Up to 100.	From 100 to 500.	From 500 to 1,000.	Above 1000.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
1	DEWAN	1	...	1	50	51	2	52	...	39	...	...	12	1	52	...	10days	49	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	

XII.

STATEMENT showing the Civil Court's Execution of Decrees in the Bansda State for the year 1888-89.

Number.	Name of Courts.	Number of applications on file at the beginning of the year.	New applications.	Total of columns 3 & 4.	Disposed of.	Remaining undisposed	Length of time during which Applications remained undisposed.				Remarks.
							Under 3 months.	Between 3 & 6 months.	Between 6 & 12 months.	Above one year.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Dewan.	28	58	86	73	13	45	22	6	0	

XIII.

STATEMENT showing the Receipt and Expenditure of the BANSDA STATE for the year 1888-89.

No.	Receipts. Items.	1887-88.	1888-89.	Increase.	Decrease	Expenditure. Items.	1887-88.	1888-89.	Increase	Decrease.
1	Land Revenue	1,01,505	1,13,578	12,073	....	Medical charges	2,369	2,114	...	255
2	Forest	10,236	21,438	11,202	....	Forest Estt.	1,432	1,958	526	...
3	Abkari-liquor	55,513	64,475	8,962	...	Abkari	11,446	14,648	3,202	....
4	Do. toddy	3,222	3,150	.....	72	Vaccination	266	321	55	...
5	Do. Bhang Ganja	10	41	31	...	Library	180	168	...	12
6	Judicial fees	2108	223	...	773	Police & other guards....	7882	8,194	312	..
7	Magisterial fines		1107			Paga & stable	28,457	21,296	...	7161
8	Interest on loans	12452	12,395	...	57	Cattle Pounds	29	50	21	..
9	Opium	309	371	62	..	Jail	1050	853	...	197
10	Giras	3477	3583	106	...	Cash allowances	13,713	13,351	...	362
11	Tolls	1607	1620	17	...	Tolls	391	367	40	..
12	Ferries		4			Ferries		64		
13	Rent of shops	2157	1460	....	697	Public Works	18,246	22,572	4326	..
14	Rent of Estate outside the State	218	218	....	...	Dewan Kacheri	3158	4,454	1296	...
15	Miscellaneous	2142	8820	6678	....	Naib Dewan's office	11,788	5,117	3311	..
16	Registration of documents..	29	51	22	....	Collecting Estt.		9,982		
17	School fees	57	56	...	1	Education	4156	2738	...	1418
18	Garden produce	70	318	248	....	Garden charges	1045	928	...	117
19	Sale of mhowra fruit.....	...	4176	4176	....	Municipality	832	875	43	...
20	Do animals	315	372	57	....	Contingent	1029	597	...	432
21	Do jewels	129	1676	1547	....	Printing charges	477	693	216	...
22	Presents from relations and dowry	7200	19016	11816	...	Deficit in grainery	442	650	208	..
						Remissions	732	2,333	1601	..
						Income Tax on interest of loans	302	260	....	... 42
						Miscellaneous		895		
						Rewards for destruction of wild animals.	592	140	443	...
	Total.	202756	258153	56997	1600					

Railway fare, Cart hire Bhatta	479	859	380	....
Total.....	1,10,493	1,16,477	15,980	9,996
HUZUR.				
Palace Estt.	7,015	7,353	338	....
Pocket expenses to Raja Saheb & Rani Sahebs.	10,334	13,280	2,946	....
Perchase of clothing	8581	11,284	20,125	....
Do jewels		17,422		
Do Furniture	1486	5,047	3,561	....
Light & fuel	574	1,049	475	....
Presents to relations.....	1933	1,840	....	93
Deosthan Dharmada,.....	....	3,871	3871	....
Photography	1064	83	....	981
Festivals	....	1,579	1,579	....
Kitchen	....	8,754	8,754	....
Miscellaneous	2765	5,635	2,870	....
Ceremonies of the birth of heir apparent	9051	9617	566	....
Fee to Physicians	185	....	....	185
Marriage of the Raja Saheb.	....	26,022	26,022	....
Total.....	42988	1,12,836	71,107	1,259
Grand total	1,53,481	2,29,313	87,087	11,255
Saving during the year.....		28,840		
		2,58,153		

XIV.

STATEMENT showing the Public Works executed in the BANSDA STATE for the year 1888–89.

Number.	Description of works.	Actual expense upto end of July.			Whether executed by contract or Departmently.	Whether completed or not.
	Repairs.					
1	Deosthan buildings...	286	3	10		
2	Tanks and wells.	209	10	10		
3	Roads.	1481	9	...		
4	Road side trees.	47	7	3		
5	Palace.	1118	6	4		
6	Stable.	179	7	3		
7	Other buildings.	2508	8	9		
8	Schools.	140	8	5		
9	Staging bungalows...	100	9	8		
	New works.					
	Compound wall of the Palace ...	345	7	5	Departmentally.	Underconstruction
	Jubili Dharmshala	3594	14	1		Do.
	Extension of the Distillery. ...	1462	5	7		Complete.
	Gymnasium.	290	7	1		Underconstruction
	State Servants' quarters.	4109	4	1		Complete.
	Out houses for the Kathrot Bungalow	4240	7	2		Underconstruction
	School house at Kathrot.	600	...	...		Complete.
	Well at Kathrot.	600	...	...		
	,, Gangpur.	237	12	10		Underconstruction
	Miscellaneous Tools and plat. ...	134	2	7		
	Estt. charges.	882	5	11		
		22,572	10	1		

XV.

STATEMNT SHOWING the number of opertations & Vaccinators employed in the BANSDA STATE for the year 1888-89.

Number of Vaccinators.	Number of Operations.		Cost.	Remarks.
	Successful.	Unsuccessful		
1	2	3	4	5
1	1233	27	321	...

XVI.

STATEMENT Showing the Documents Registered in the BANSDA STATE for the year 1888-89.

Number of Documents Registered in 1887-88.	Number of Decuments Registered in 1888-89	Cost.	Income.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5
7	14	0	50·12	

XVII.

STATEMENT Showing the number of Births and Deaths in the BANDSA STATE for the year 1888-89.

1887-88.		1888-89.		
Briths.	Deaths.	Births.	Deaths.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5
614	530	745	593	Persontage on Population. 2·1 Births. 1·7 Deaths.

XVIII.

STATEMENT showing the number of schools &c. in the BANSDA STATE for the year 1888-89

Number of Schools.	Income.	Cost.	Number of Pupils in the year 1887-88.	Number of Pupils in the year 1888-89.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6
12 and a seperate class.	56	2738	442	476	

XIX.

STATEMENT showing the Criminal Courts, the classes of the Magistrates in the BANSDA STATE for the year 1888-89.

No. of Courts.	The classes of the Magistrates.	Authority.
1	Dewan.	Full powers, subject to the orders of the Raja Saheb for capital punishment.
1	Naib Dewan.	One year's imprisonment and Rs. 1000 fine.
1	Aval Karkun.	One month's imprisonment and Rs. 50 fine.

Bansda State Palace,
15th August 1889.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI
Dewan, Bansda State.

ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

BANSDA STATE

FOR 1889-90.

No. A of 1890.

FROM

THE DEWAN OF BANSDA.

To

F. S. P. LELY ESQUIRE

AGENT TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR AT

SURAT.

BANSDA STATE PALACE

15 August 1890.

SIR,

I have the honor to submit the annual Administration report of the State for the year 1890.

2. THE USUAL STATEMENTS ACCOMPANY.

CHAPTER I.

POLITICAL.

3. The State of Bansda is a Tributary one, paying the British Government a sum of Rs 153-8 annually. The present Raja Saheb, Maharaul Shri Pratap singji Gulabsingji, is a Solanki Rajput of the Wansdia family. He is aged 26 years and is a (Shaio) Hindu by religion. He was educated in the Rajkumur College at Rajkot in Kattyavar, has a Sanad authorizing adoption and his family follows primogeniture. He has an heir apparent, named Maharaul Shri Indrasingji, who is now 2½ years old.

4. Your predecessor, Mr. Reid, visited the State on his tour and was encamped in the State for about a month He was much pleased, I am glad to say, with the working of the several Departments of the State. Prince Chhatrasingji, the heir apparent of the State of Rajpipla visited Bansda to see our Raja Saheb who is his friend.

5. The Raja Saheb travelled through the northen, southern and eastern portions of the territory and examined several schools, Toll bars and Public Works. He also personally compared ryots receipt books in a few villages.

6 The only domestic occurrence during the year was the death of the eldest step-mother of the Raja Saheb. She was an old Rani, so her death was not much lamented. A village of the annual revenue of Rs 1,800, which was assigned to her for maintenance, reverted to the State after her death. She also left a property of the value of Rs 3,463, which has been added to the state coffers.

Changes in the Administration

7. There was no change in the appointment of any of the State officials

CHAPTER II.

ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

8, The whole of the State with the exception of a few Inam villages has been surveyed, classed and assessed, since a few years, on the principle of Revenue Survey Department. The settlement had resulted in a large reduction of assessment. The present rates of assessment are paid by the ryots very easily. The rates, on account of the use of water of the wells sunk at the expense of the Darbar, formerly varied from Rs. ,5 to 9 per acre. They have lately been reduced to 5 Rs. only with a view to encourage irrigation.

9. No special tenures are in force in the State. If enterprisers come forward to bring waste land under plough at their expense, special terms are made with them according to circumstances.

10. Inams have all been settled during the minority of the Raja Saheb. There are no Kowls in the State.

11. The following table shows the statistics of cultivation during the year.

Extent of cultivable area for.		Taken up in.		Waste remaining at end of year.		Percentage of cultivable land lying waste in.	
1888–89	1889–90	1888–89	1889–90	1888–89	1889–90	1888–89	1889–90
67180	69893	5000	5119	35074	35002	52	51

5047 acres of waste land assessed at Rs. 10961 was relinquished and 5119 acres assessed at Rs. 11049 taken up during the year with a result of 72 acres of more cultivation than in the past year. The cultivable area increased during

the year on account of the reversion of the village enjoyed by the Raja Saheb's deceased mother. Owing to the vast tract of cultivable waste in the territory, the ryots make their choice in relinquishing the exhausted soil and taking up virgin lands every year.

12. The revenue accounts of the State are kept in Hope's forms. They are properly and regularly kept up to date by the Naib-Dewan whose duties are exactly similar to that of a Mamletdar in the British District. The Dewan punctually inspects and examines them.

13. All the boundary disputes have been settled some years ago and none have cropped up since then.

14. There is no ward's Estate in the State.

CHAPTER III.

PROTECTION.

(*a*) LEGISLATION.

15. No local law has been framed for the State but the principles of the following British laws are in force.

1. Civil Procedure
2. Criminal Procedure
3. Evidence Act
4. Contracts Act
5. Abkari
6. Opium
7. Forest
8. Salt
9. Cattle trespass
10. Penal Code
11. Land Revenue Code
12. Jail Act
13. Village Police Act
14. District Police Act

Rules of the Hindu and Mehomedan laws are observed and special rules have been framed for Registration and Limitation. The said procedure works admirably well.

16. Any Special measures have not been introduced during the year.

(*b*) MILITARY.

17 In fact there is no proper military force, nor are there any arms or quarters for it. Appendix No. 5 is therefore blank. There are 22 sowars including the Ensigns and Drummers who merely serve as Police sowars and escort. They are a undisciplined batch. There is only one small gun which is old and unserviceable even for salutes.

(*c*) POLICE.

18. The dress and duties of most of the foot force are on the model of the regular British police. A Parade master, having a fair trainining, has been employed to teach drill to the Police; and measures are in progress for the purchase of arms. The Police perform the work of preventing and detecting crime; and guarding the Palace, Jail and Treasury. Their conduct was good.

19. The Abkari Police is exclusive of the number given in statemeut No. 6. All the complaints whether cognizable or not are heard by the Police who after enquiry commit offenders to the courts of the Magistrates for trial. No summons or warrants are consequently issued. The Police does not arrest any person without a strong *primafacie* evidence, and this is the cause of a high percentage of convictions. The total number of Arabs and Makranis in the Police is 25, but almost all of them are of a halfcaste race as they are generally the offsprings of the native mothers. The total number of Police shown in statement No. 6 is more than last year, as it includes officers. Appendix 7, 8 and 9 show the work done by the force in detecting crime, apprehending offenders and recovering stolen propery. There was a fall during the year in the number of offences committed and consequently in the number of accused arrested, sent for trial and convicted. The percentage of conviction however rose slightly.

20. The value of property stolen was Rs. 572 against Rs. 844 in the privious year whilst the recovery was of Rs 340 as compared with Rs 152 in the year preceding. The percentage of recovery rose from 18 in the past to 59 during the year.

21. Of the total number of offences committed during the year 3 remained undetected owing to the places of offences being in the vicinity of foreign territories.

22 The number of village Police is 164 of which 77 are Police Patels and 87 Sirbandis. They enjoy land and cash emoluments and assist the District Police in the performance of their duty. They also look after the sanitation of villages and protect the persons and property of the ryots. None of the Police Patels have been given special powers to try petty offences.

(*d*) CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

23. There was no change in the number, powers or personnel of any court during the year, all the 4 courts mentioned below remaining in tact:—

Original	Appellate	The Raja Saheb's Huzur court	=Unlimited powers
		The Dewan's court	=Session Judges
		The Naib Dewan's Court	=1st class Magistrate with powers to imprison for 1 year & 1000 fine
		The Head Karkoon's court	=3rd class Magistrate

24 The number of cases and accused before two of the original courts was less than in the previous year. Of the total number of offences 34 per cent were of petty thefts, 12 per cent of petty hurts and 22 per cent of Abkari crimes. That the thefts were petty is clear from the fact that the total value of the stolen pro-

perty was Rs 572 or 13 rupees a case. Above 1/3rd of the convictions were punished with fine only owing to the trivial nature of the crimes. There were only two cases of culpable Homicide, the accused in which were discharged. Heinous offences were but few. The percentage of convictions rose from 81 to 85 and that of acquittal fell from 12 to 15. The cause of the high ratio of conviction, as already said, is that the evidence is thoroughly shifted before committing the cases to the courts. Another reason is the simplicity of the ryots. The fall in the number of Abkari offences during the year was due to the constant care and strict vigilence of the Abkari Inspector who moved for 129 days in the district.

25. The time during which each trial lasted was 3 days on an average and no case extended over a fortnight.

26. There was no appeal made against the decision of the Dewan to the court of the Rajasaheb whilst two of the decisions of the Naib Dewan were appealed against. The conviction and sentence in one of them was confirmed by the Dewan but in the other the decision was modified.

(*e*) EXTRADITION.

27. On the demand of this State two persons concerned in two offences of theft were surrendered by the Baroda State for trial. Both of them were convicted and sentenced. The details of the cases were shown in the half yearly returns submitted to your office. The trial lasted for 6 days in one case and 9 days in the other.

28 Demands for 4 accused from this State was made in 2 cases by the Baroda State. 3 of them were discharged and one was convicted. The offences were of thefts of petty value of property in dispute between the parties

29. There is no want of reciprocity on the part of the surrounding States in the extradition of offenders but the Dang Bhil Naiks very often harass the poor harmless ryots of this State by stealing animals and grain. The offenders generraly escape free, as people do not dare to give evidence against the lawless Bhil Naiks over whom strict eye of the Dang Police is essential.

(*f*) JAIL.

30. The building used for the Jail at Bansda is a structure of Brick and Chunam masonry. It has 5 comfortable cells, each of which is of the dimension of 5000 cubic feet. There are also two large halls for kitchen and work Shop, one of which is of the dimension of 12000 and the other of 25000 cubic feet. The prison is provided with 4 latrines and has a spacious open yard in the centre. The ventilation is free, the fore side of each room being of iron bars with an open verandah infront.

31. The prisoners were properly treated with food and clothing. The total cost was Rs 759 Their health and conduct was generally good. No offence was committed against the Jail discipline. Only one prisoner who was

admitted in a sick state of health died during the year. The prisoners were employed for work in the State garden during the whole of the year. The Jail was visited many a times by the Dewan and occasionally by the Raja saheb.

32. There is no lock up in the State, the under trial prisoners being kept in one of the Jail wards. The average period during which an accused is detained in custody before trial is 2 days.

(*g*) CIVIL JUSTICE.

33. There is only one Civil Court of Original Juridiction viz that of the Dewan whose decisions are appealed against to the Raja Saheb's Huzur Court. The former has the powers of a Judge and the latter has unlimited powers.

34. There were 90 suits for disposal during the year, against 52 in the past. All these, except two, which were filed quite at the end of the year, were disposed of. The small number of claims is due to the simplicity and poverty of the ryots. The average duration of suits was 8 days, as the cases were mostly of the nature of small causes court's Jurisdiction.

DECREES

35. There were 13 decrees in hand and 18 were received during the year for execution. Of the total 31 decrees, 24 have been executed and 7 remain in balance. In 3 of them the parties have obtained time to compromise and the remaining 4 are being paid by instalments.

36. There were no miscellaneous applications such as (1) for certificate of heir-ship and (2) administration &c.

37. The Civil appelate work done during the year will be seen from the following table.

Name of court.	Opening Balance.		Filed During the year.		Total.		Disposed of during.		Closing Balance.		Value of appeals filed during the year.		How disposed of										Average Duration in.					
																							1888-89			1889-90		
													Decisions confirmed		Decisions reversed.		Decisions amended.		Cases remanded for re-trial.		Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of.		Years.	Months.	Days.	Years.	Months.	Days
	1888-89	1889-90	1888-89	1889-90	1888-89	1889-90	1888-89	1889-90	1888-89	1889-90	1888-89	9889-90	1888-89	1889-90	1888-89	1889-90	1888-89	1889-90	1888-89	1889-90	1888-89	1889-90						
1	2		3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12		13	14	15	16	17	18
The Raja Saheb's Huzur.	1	0	4	1	5	1	5	1	0	0	630	18	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	10	0	0	15

38. The value of the appeal filed during the year was Rs 18 against Rs 630 in the previous year whilst the average duration was of 15 days as compared with 3 months aud 10 days in the past.

39. The Mamletdar's Court Act is not in force in the State.

(*h*) REGISTRATION.

40. The subjoined statement shows particulars regarding registration work.

Description.	1888–89			1889–90			Remarks.
	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realized.	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realized	
Mortgage.	3	550	2–12–0	5	1216	6–2–0	
Sale.	5	793	8—0–0	8	1822	19–8–0	
Will.	3	2150	21–8–0	...	...	...	
Money bound	1	100	0—8–0	...	...	...	
Miscellaneous.	2	1800	18–0–0	3	810	8–8–0	
Total.	14	5393	50-12-0	16	3848	34–2–0	
Deduct Expenditure.	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Net profit.	...	...	...	...	...		

No expenditure on accound of the work was incurred as the Dewan performs the duties of the Registrar, which are light, few bonds coming up for registration owing to limited transactions due to the poverty of the ryots.

(*i*) MUNICIPAL ADMINISTRATION.

41. There is only one small town Municlpality at Bansda which sweeps, waters and lights the roads. The whole of the Expenditure is borne by the State. House tax or Octroi is not levied as the population is small and poor. There is a fire Engine the use of which was fortunately not needed during the year. The total Expenditure during the year was Rs 1264 as compared with Rs 875 in the past. The town roads were repaired by the P. W. D. which bore their expenditure.There is no other place in the whole of the State fit for a municipal district.

CHAPTER IV.

PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

(*a*) AGRICULTURE.

42. The soil is black in some tracts but the greater part of the State lands is light. It is rich in the more level tracts to the North and west but poor amongst hills and valleys.. Some of the beds of Nullahs and streams are used as best sort of rice fields. Of the total area of 68104 acres of culturable Government land, 33102 acres were brought under the plough. Of these, 24682 acres were under Jirayet and 8420 under rice-crops, the remainder 51 percent of the area lying waste. The idleness, drunkenness and poverty of most of the cnltivators impede the progress of cultivation. The use of manure and the advantages of weeding are unknown to the ryots. The Dhondias being a little intelligent, improve their lands gradually. With the exception of a few Parsis, Kunbis and Rajputs, the whole of the class of land holders is of Kali Paraj which is very superstitious and illiterate.

43. The weather from october to January is generally unhealthy. The temperature averaged 77-7. The following table shows the rainfall registered at Bansda.

Year	1885	1886	1887	1888	1889	1890 up to August 15th
Rain inches	79	87	109	62	89	70

44. The Kharif crops are chiefly rice, Jowar, Nagli, Banti, Kodra, Adad, and Guvar; whilst the principal Rabicrops are castor oil seed, gram, Watana and Wal. Sugarcane, Plaintain and tobacco are the chief irrigated crops, but the latter two are insignificant. Rice Nagli, Jowari and Tuver are the pricipal staple food. The rainfall and the season were very favourable to crops, the yield of which was bumper.

(*b*) WAGES AND LABOUR.

45. The rates of skilled and unskilled labour per diem were as under.

	1888—89	1889—90
	Annas.	Annas.
Carpenters.	9	10
Brick-layers.	9	9
Blacksmiths.	8	8
Carts.	8	8
Malelabourers.	2	2

They remained mostly unchanged, as artizans have to be called from without the State limits, there being none in the State.

PRICES OF STAPLE FOOD.

46. The following table shows the prices of food as compared with the year preceding. During the year the prices fell owing to abundance of crops.

Food.	Sers per rupee in.	
	1888—89	1889–90
Rice common.	35	48
Nagli.	35	45
Jowar.	35	35
Tuver.	32	45
Adad.	40	40

(*c*) FOREST.

47. 47,700 acres of land remained under Forest during the year. Of the timber, Teak, Sivan, Haldwan, Tonach, Kher, Kanti, Sadado, Biyo Kalam, Mahudo, Wazri &c. are of special and the rest of middling value. The conservancy was strictly preserved. Timber of the value of Rs 11855 was cut, of which 5940 Rs worth of wood was used for State buildings. The free gift of timber to ryots for the construction of their houses, stables and agricultural impliments amounted to Rs 4836.

48. For the better supervision of the Forest a, Range guard was added to the staff of the Establishment during the year. The Forest is worked on the system of the British Forest Department, the ryots having the privilege of cutting fuel gratis. Cattle are allowed to graze within the Forest limits without fees.

(*d*) TRADE AND MANUFACTURES.

49 The trade of the State is confined chiefly to grain, leathers Mowrá seed and their oil; whilst the manufacture is limited to baskets, mats and fans of Bamboo, mats and sweepers of date leaves and woolen cloths.

(*e*) FAIRS.

50. The Unai-hot-water-springs-fair was held in the first week of April. It was attended by about 20,000 people, 1/5th of which were the Anavala Brahmins, who, according to mythology, were at the spring conscerated as Brahmins by the God Ram. There is a temple of the Goddess Unai. A beautiful new temple of the idol of Ram has been constructed by the Rajasaheb since a few years, facing the reservoir. Traders from the neighbouring Districts bartered articles of various descriptions of Indian and foreign manufacture. Special arrangements were made for the accommodation and safety of the property and persons of the pilgrims and due attention was

paid to sanitation by which the health of the peeple was properly preserved, without the outbreak of any discase.

51. Small fairs called Hatwadas meet alternately once a week in 9 villages of the State. Articles of brass, stone ornaments, clothing, vegetables and food grains are chiefly sold there.

(f) PUBLIC WORKS.

52. Building materials such as Bricks, *&c.* have to be made departmentally, as contractors do not come forward. As usual the public works in the State were carried on departmentally. (Rs 32,432 or) nearly 44 percent more were spent during the year than (Rs 22572) in the year preceding. A Dharamshala, one school, two Utaras, a store-house, a record room, a work house and quarters for State servants were the principal new buildings constructed. Ordinary repairs were duly made to all buildings, wells and roads. The road side—trees were properly conserved and new ones were planted in place of the dead ones. Besides the above, staging houses for the use of the Durbar were purchased during the year at Billimora Railway town for Rs 3500.

53. The following statement shows the expenditure on the Public Works, the whole of which was met from the State as Local Funds are not levied.

Works.	State fund	Local fund	Rrmarks
REPAIRS			
Deostan	187		
Tanks and wells	283		
Roads	3,484		
Road side trees	87		
Palace	467		
Stable	642		
Other buildings	1,644		
Schools	121		
Staging houses	658		
Cattle Pounds	5		
NEW WORKS			
Schools	2,025		
Uttaras	1,740		
Compound wall of the palace ...	728		
Extension of Jubili Dharamshala	1,616		
Dharamshala at Kathrot	1,307		
Gymnasium	436		
Extension of the distillery building	336		
Record room	1,834		
Kathrot Bungallow's porch ...	607		
State servants quarters	6,554		
Palace store house	5,433		
Public work's work house ...	566		
Well	336		
Cattle pounds	39		
Miscellanous, Tools and plant ...	224		
Establishment charges	1,073		
Total...	32,432		Add Rs. 3500, for Billmora Utára=Rs. 35,932

54. A grave remark was made on the last Administration report, that the income of the State should be spent chiefly for the benefit of the subject &c. On Mr. Reid's coming here, he was verbally requested to kindly show what works were wanting for the benefit of the ryots, but he could not specifically mention any of urgent necessity, as what was necessary had already been provided for, there being an Hospital, several Dharamshalas, wells, roads and Uttaras. He actually saw that during the minority of the present Raja Saheb almost all works of the pudlic Utility were carried out by the British Government.

CHAPTER V.

REVENUE AND FINANCE.

55. Appenix No. 17 shows the income and expenditure during the year as compared with the past.

INCOME.

56. The land revenue increased by Rs 3925 owing to the reversion of the village enjoyed by the Rajasahib's mother and increase in cultivation.

57. The decrease of Rs 4358 in the Forest revenue is owing to less cutting. The Forest revenue includes the value of all sorts of Forest produce such as timber, Mowra fruit, flower, gum, roots, leaves &ca. Only ripe old timber is cut and the Forest is not denuded by excessive cutting.

58. The Abkari revenue from country liquor increased 27 percent owing to the vigilance of the Abkari Inspector and the supply of fresh liquor by the contractor. The slight decrease in the revenue of toddy and Bhang Ganja was due to less sale. 1,05138 gallons of liquor was sold against 81478 in the preceding year. The large demand was due to good hearvests of the season. The prices of liquor are assimilated on the Frontier with those of the Foreign shops. Mr. Develyn, the Abkari Inspector of the Bulsar Division visited several of the shops, the State Distillery and Depot and was entirely satisfied with the management and working of the Department. He spent about a month in examining the abkari system. The Distillery building was enlarged during the year and the stills were improved.

59. The small increase in the Judicial fees was due to the institution of more suits, whilst the decrease of Rs 553 under the head magisterial fines is attributed to the separation of the Jail and cattle pound receipts which are shown under independent heads during the year.

60. Interest on loans decreased by Rs 3428 owing to certain instalments having not yet been received.

61. The bad quality of opium decreased sales and profits.

62. The Gaikwar's Government have not yet paid the Giras due to the State owing to dispute concerning two small items. It is to be regretted that the correspondence in the matter do not receive any attention from the Gaikwar's authorities since some years. Pending decision in the matter of the disputed items, the undisputed ones have not been drawn. This event explains the decrease under the head of Giras.

63. The decrease in toll collections was due to less timber traffic from the Dangs.

64. The decrease in rent of houses is owing to arrears. Miscellaneous revenue and presents from relations decreased because the high figures of the past year were due to the Raja Saheb's marriage.

65. Gârden receipts were less during the year owing to vegetable having been replaced by flower trees.

66. Mowra flower of the value of Rs 4176 were purchased in 1887-88, but a contract for the supply of liquor having been given to a Farmer, they were made over to the contractor. The item was therefore taken credit of in 1888-89, but it is not a source of permanent income, hence the decrease under that head.

67. There was a net decrease of Rs 12,227 in the total revenue owing to the causes detailed above.

68. Deducting the total expenditure of Rs 2,04,786 from the gross revenue of Rs 2,45,926, these was a saving of Rs 41,140 effected during the year.

EXPENDITURE.

69. Medical charges increased by Rs 682 on account of the increase in the Doctor's salary.

70. The increase in Abkari expenses is due to a large purchase of country liquor from the contractor to meet the increased demand.

71. The trivial increase and decrease under some of the heads call for no remarks.

72. The decrease under cash allowances is owing to some items having remained undrawn.

73. Rs 9860 more were spent on Public Works during the year.

74. The increase under the Dewan Kacheri is due to the entertainment of a more Karkun and a Faras. The decrease in the collecting establishment was owing to vacancies in some of the Patels offices.

75. The creation of new scholarships and promotion of the staff of teachers as well as the opening of 4 more schools increased the educational charges by Rs 985.

76. Garden charges increased owing to the prisoners labour having been brought to account.

77. Rs 389 more were spent on the Municipality by adding more lamps.

78. Printing charges decreased as the forms were in stock.

79. Only Rs 1008 had to be remitted during the year on account of old arrears hence the decrease. The hearvest being good, there was no cause for more remissions.

80. Railway fare &c. have increased because some of the items under miscellanous have been transferred to their proper head.

81. The purchase of Jewels was made for the use of the young prince Indrasingji. The expenditure should be understood to be so much in hand in the state coffers in the shape of ornaments instead of cash.

82. The expense of Rs 9448 under the head "marriage of the Raja Saheb" is on account of certain ornaments purchased for the new Rani Saheb.

83. Rs 3152 more were spent on present to relations owing to increased domestic occurrences.

84. The Decrease under the head of Deosthan Dharmada is attributed to some of the items having not been drawn, whilst that under kitchen is owing to the death of the Rajasaheb's mother.

85. The pocket expenses increased owing to a new allowance to the new Ranisaheb married last year.

86. The purchase of clothing and furniture last year was more on account of the celebration of the Rajasaheb's marriage.

87. *Tagavi.* Rs 2327 in cash, and grain as per subjoined statement were advanced. The rate of interest on cash was from $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 6 percent. The grain were given free of interest.

Rice.	Tuwer.	Nagli.	Jowar	Kodra	Mag	Urid	Wheat	Caster oil	Gram	Wal	watana	Total Maunds
3172	8	311	184	52	8	5	23	162	39	283	91	4338

88. Of the Tagavi given last year, Rs 875 in cash and all the corn have been repaid.

CHAPTER VI.

VITAL STALISTCS & MEDICAL SERVICES

DISPENSARY.

89. There is only one Medical institution in the State. It is located at Bansda and is called the Ratan Kunverba charitable Hospital. Nothing is charged even on well to do persons for medicines, the whole of the expense of the Hospital being borne by the State. Advantage of the Hospital is also taken by the surrounding States' subjects.

90. The following table shows the amount of medical relief afforded to the sick.

No. of patients treated.		Results.					
Indoor	Out door	Discharged	Absented	Died	Remaining under treatment	Expense	Daily average
61	New cases 8490 Old cases 31163	8373	72	20	25	2796	109

91. The number of indoor patients rose from 45 to 61 and that of out door new cases from 8271 to 8490. The number of old cases also rose from 22864 to 31163 which shows more and protracted sickness during the year. The average daily attendance having risen from 85 to 109 bears a testiomoney to the fact. The number of patients discharged rose whilst that of absented fell. There were 20 deaths during the year against 9 in the past. The increase is assigned to accidental cases of influenza and opium colic. The opium is supplied to this State from the Collector's treasury at Surat and is suspected of containing Dhatura seed and its poison. A separate reference in the matter has been already made. There were only 6 cholera cases of which 3 proved fatal. The cholera raged only for a short time and disappeared. 43 major & 278 minor operations were made. All of them were successful except 3. The prevailent diseases were worms, dysentry, Diarrhœa, malerial fevers, Bronchitis, skin diseases, and eyes diseases. 1 Elephant, 3 camels, 14 horses, 13 bullocks, 3 cows and 10 buffaloes were also treated by the

medical officer during the year. The total cost of relief was Rs 2796 as compared with Rs 2114 in the past year. There was no cattle disease during the year. The Hospital was frequently visited both by the Rajasahab, the Dewan and Naib Dewan. The instruments and records were found to be neat.

92, The medical officer is popular and the result of the working of the Hospital was, on the whole, satisfactory. He was promoted during the year in consideration of his good services.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

93. The following table shows the result of the registration of births and deaths. Strict orders have been issued to the Talatis to keep a proper record in future. The deaths exceeded the births because there were influenza and opium colic during the year. The latter killed 30 persons.

	1888–89	1889–90	Increase	Decrease
Births	745	604	0	141
Deaths	593	792	199	0

VACCINATION.

94. The work of vaccination will be noticed from the subjoined table.

Operation by whom performed	Number of persons vaccinated in 1888–89	Number of persons vaccinated in 1889–90	Result			
			Successful		Unsuccessful	
			1889–89		1889–90	
State Vaccinator	1260	1624	1233	1605	27	19

95. The operations are performed by a vaccinator on a salary of Rs 15 per mensem. The number of persons vaccinated rose from 1260 to 1624, of which only one percent were unsuccessful against 2 percent in the past year. The total cost to the State was Rs 277 almost all of which was on account of the Esteblishment. The Inspector of Vaccination visited the State and examined the work of vaccination. There is neither a sanitary Department nor is it needed in a small State with a sparce population.

CHAPTER VII

INSTRUCTION.

96, The following Statement shows the total number of schools, pupils and the daily average attendance.

Number	Description of schools.	Number of pupils on the roll on		Daily average attendauce in 1890	Standard upto Which instruction is imparted.	Remarks.
		31-3-89	31-3-90			
1	Bansda A. V. ...	19	26	21	5	English.
2	,, Vernacular	87	99	59	6	
3	Wandervela.	38	29	17	5	
4	Chapuldura.	65	54	39	5	
5	Kathrot. ...	18	22	12	4	
6	Lakhavadi. ...	20	19	12	4	
7	Bhinar ...	31	30	15	4	
8	Walzar. ...	27	26	12 c	4	
9	Sindhi. ...	52	60	52	6	
10	Churvi. ...	21	34	28	1st	
11	Andhatri. ...	21	33	19	4	
12	Kurelia. ...	21	30	12	4	
13	Limzar. ...	...	32	20	2nd	
14	Khambhla. ...	...	15	12	1st	New.
15	Wangan. ...	...	15	12	1st	New.
16	Bansda girls.	56	45	31	4	
17	„ Urdu.	...	35	25	2nd	New.
17	Total. ...	476	604	398		

Including the Urdu class at Bansda, 4 more schools were opened during the year and the Vernacular class at Unai has been made an independent school.

The number on the roll and average attendance during the year was more than in the last. Clothing, books, pens and slates were continued to be given to induce children to attend the schools. All the Kali paraj children are taught gratis. Fee is not levied also from girls. A new house for the English School at Bansda was built and the gymnasium was completed. Such of the schools as wanted galleries were provided with them and additions were made to two of the school houses. The total expense (exclusive of buildings) incurred on education was Rs 3723 as compared with Rs 2738 in the past year.

97. A 3rd year's trained man was appointed as master of the Bansda Vernacular School. He is to send up 4 boys and the Sindhi School master, one boy, for the Public service certificate Examination. The Head master of the English School is also to send up a boy for the School Final Examination. Physical training in gymanstics is imparted by the Head master to the boys of the Bansda school. An inducement of one anna per child is given every month for securing attendance of from 15 to 20 days in 6 of the schools.

98, A scholarship of Rs 3 per mensem has been opened for the Kali Paraj boys studying for Public service certificate Examination at Sindhi and the master teaching them has been promised a reward of Rs 10 for every boy whom he may succeed in passing. 3 more scholarships of Rs one each per mensem has been sanctioned for the Chapaldhra school for Kali Paraj boys learning standard IV. Another scholarship of Rs 5 per mensem in the first year and rising to Rs 6 & 7 in the 2nd and 3rd year has been offered to a boy who may join the Ahmedabad Traing college with a view to qualify for a Vernacular Head master's place which the Durbar has bound itself to provide him. A further scholarship of Rs 5 per month has been gifted to a boy who is to join the Surat High School. Thus making the total number of 6 scholaships on a stipend of Rs 16 per mensem.

99. The masters who had been recommended for promotion were duly raised. In reporting on the progress of Education the Assistant Deputy Inspector states:—

"It is a matter of gratification to me to record my sense of appreciation "of the generosity that is shown by his highness the Maharavalji sahib to "promote education among his subjects. As an enlightened king he has "always come forward to steadily adopt measures conducive to the welfare "of the people over whom he rules, in educational matters. The improvements "made in the educational Department under his territory are no doubt such as "reflect great credit both on his highness and the Dewan saheb R. B. "Jhaverbhai Nathabhai Desai, who, ever since his advent, has been found "working with untiring zeal to adopt suggestions made from time to time.

"It would not be out of place to mention here that the Dewan saheb, though "he was hard pressed with work, kindly accompanied me to some of the schools "at the time of the examination."

The Deputy Educational Inspector in speaking of the inducements offered for the Kaliparaj, states that it proves "great interest which the Rajasaheb "takes in promoting education" and alluding to the reward he says, that the "award granted by H. H. Rajasaheb as well as the strict supervision of the "Dewan saheb will I trust lead to very favourable results" In the words of the Educational Inspector Mr. Giles, "it is satisfactory to note that education "has made consirable progress in the state during the year."

CHAPTER VIII
MISCELLANEOUS

WILD ANIMALS.

100. Rewards are granted for the extermination of wild as well as venomous animals and crocodiles. Six panthers were killed by entrapping and 4 by shots. One cobra was also killed. The total expense in the matter was Rs 64. 2 deaths were caused by wild and 6 by venomous animals.

TELEGRAPH OFFICE.

101. There is no Telegraph Office in the State and if one is established it would not pay the cost.

POST OFFICE.

102. There is one Sub Post Office at Bansda which serves the State as well as a portion of the lower Dongs and Sulgana States. It has communication with the Chikli postal line. 4 Runners are employed between Bansda and Chikli and there are 3 delivery peons, one of whom is confined to the town of Bansda and the other two deliver letters in the moffusil. The post office is a paying one. The building has been lent by the State, free of rent, for holding the Office. There was no complaint during the year against the Post Office, but two or three questions raised relating to the rules of the Department. were settled by the superior authorities. The post is generally regular in despatch and arrival.

RECORDS.

103. The condition of the State records has been improved during the year. A separate building aloof from the village site has been erected where the records are shortly to be removed, for the sake of safety from fire. The useful old records which were in a state of disorder are being classified and indexed and the useless records are being destroyed. The current records are in proper order.

PRESS.

104 There is no printing press at Bansda.

LIBRARY.

105. There is a reading room at Bansda which is left open to the public without fees, the whole of the expense being met by the State. It receives 5 semi vernacular weekly papers and the daily Vernacular Bombay Samachar together with the weekly Summary of the Bombay Gazette. The Bombay Government Gazette and one Vernacular periodical are also contributed. Books of the value of Rs 30 were purchased and added to the stock. The total expense during the year was Rs 258 against Rs 168 in the past year.

TAXES.

106. There was no tax levied on the trade during the year. The transit duties have already been abolished. Fees are not levied on imports but some of the articles of forest produce when exported are charged with forest fees in lieu of their value. License fees for holding shops in the Unai Fair and Hatwadas are levied. 7 Nakas for collecting the forest fees are established during the fair season. There was no change in their number or position during the year. The agreement for the abolition of transit duties had been adhered to.

107. Nothing requires to be done to flourish the trade which is already free.

FERRIES.

108. All the 4 State Ferries worked satisfactorily. They are in good condition. The receipts and expenses Rs 9 and 95 respectively, were borne by the State, as the rulers of the opposite banks of the rivers on which they ply decline to share the profits or losses.

GARDENS.

109. The big garden at Bansda and the small garden at Kathrot are left open for the public recreation. The total expense on them was Rs 1123 during the year whilst the income was Rs 88 only.

STALLIONS.

110. There were 6 stallion Horses, one bull and a he-buffaloe in the Darbar stables during the year. 5 mares were covered, of whom 4 were conceived, but none of them have yet breeded. The 3 mares conceived in the previous year gave brith to 2 fillies and one colt.

Jhaverbhai Nathabhai Amin
DEWAN OF BANSDA.

Appendix I

Political relations of the Native States.

Name of State	Tribute in men or money: Amount	Tribute in men or money: To whom payable	Estimated population	Schools	Persons being taught	Persons who have been vaccinated	Prevailing disease	Supposed gross Revenue	Military force	Transit dues levied or not	Principal articles of production, manufacture and mines
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	21
Bansda	Rs. As. 153-8	British Government	According to the census of 1881 34,122	17	604	1624	Worms, Dysentry, Diarrhœa, Malarial fevers Bronchitis, skin diseases, and eye diseases.	245000	Nil	Not	Agricultural products Rice, Nagli, Jowar, Kodra, Pulses, black gram Manufactures. Bamboo mats fans and baskets Stone metal is found in mines

Appendix II.

Political Relations.

Native Chiefs, Principal Male members of their families and principal members of their Courts.

No.	Name of Individual, state and Family to which he belongs.	Residence	Present position.	Caste, Race and Religion.	Age	How and where educated	How employed	Has sanad Authorizing adoption or not	Family follows primogeniture or not.	Has Male heirs or not.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12

1	Maharaul Shri Pratapsingji Gulabsingji. Bansda State. Wansadia family.	Bansda town.	Raja	Solanki Rajput Hindu	26	By attending the Raj Kumar College at Rajkot in Kattywar	Ruling his state	Yes	Yes	Yes
2	Maharaul Shri Indrasingj Pratapsingji. Bansda State Wansadia Family.	Do.	Patvi Kuwar (Heir apparent)	Do	2½	...	...	...	...	...
3	Jhaverbhai Nathabhai. Amir, family.	VirsadTaluka Borsad in the Kaira Distt.	Dewan.	Leva Patidar Lao race Hindu Vishnav	38	By attending the Ahmedabad High School has passed theExaminations of Survey Deptt. 3rd and 2nd class magisterial; Lower & Higher Standards.	Controller of all the Deptts. in the State	...	...	...
4	Pranshankar Dayashankar Pathek family.	Bardoli in Surat Distt.	Naib Dewan.	Audich Shahastra Brahmin Hindu Shaio	34	By attending the Poona Engineering College. Has passed the Matriculation & L. C. E. Examinations.	Head of the Revenue & P. W. D.	...	...	...
5	Hormasji Byramji Dastoor, Dastoor family.	Town of Broach in the Distt. of Broach	Asstt. Surgeon.	Parsi Zoroastrian	32	By attending the Medical College Has passed the Matriculation & L. M. & S. Examinations.	Chief medical officer.	...	...	...

Appendix III.

Civil Division Of Territory Under Political Control 1889-90.

Division	Executive District	Number of Executive Sub-divisions	Area in square miles	Population	Chief Towns with Population		Number of Villages	Number of Civil Judges	Number of stipendiary magistrates	Maximum distance in miles of villages from nearest courts	Average distance in miles of villages from nearest courts	Number of police	Total cost of officialsand police of all kinds	State Revenue		Remarks
					Head quarter Town	Population								Land	Gross	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Surat agency	Bansda	0	215	34122	Bansda	2446	87	1	3	16	7½	75	8020	107622	245926	

Appendix IV.

Population Of Native States. Bansda State 1889-90.

Commissionerships	District	Inhabited houses	Population in 1889-90						Classification of population of the general census of 1881								Occupation		Prevailing Languages	Emigration or immigration during the year
			Men	Women	Children under 15 years		Total	Number per sqare mile	Christians			Hindus	Mahomedans	Parsis	Buddhists and Jains	Aboriginals	Others	Total male Agriculturists including Landlords Cultivators agricultural Labourers	Total non-agricultural males		
					Male	Female			Europeans	East Indian and other mixed races	Natives									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
N. D.	Bansda	9540	11,700	11,077	7988	7437	38202	178	0	0	0	28827	13	184	48	30295	0	9427	1796	Gujerati and Marathi mixed	no record

Appendix V

STATEMENT SHOWING THE STRENGTH, COST, AND OTHER PARTICULARS OF THE MILITARY FORCE IN BANSDA STATE, 1889-90.

Arm of Service	Total number of fighting officers and men							Details of force at the end of the year.						Total cost of pay and allowances of officers, Non-commissioned officers and men including Followers	Remarks
	Remaining at the end of last year	Recruited this year (a)	Died.			Invalided	Discharged, deserted, &c. (b)	Remaining at the end of the year	Number of Regiment, Battalions or Batteries	Number of Guns	Number of Men.				
			In action	Otherwise	Total						European Commissioned officers	Native commissioned officers	Non-commissioned officers	Fighting Men	
Cavalry															There is no military regular force but there are 22 sowars who merely serve as Police sowars and escorts.
Sappers															
Artillery															
Infantry															
Total															

Appendix VI

STATEMENT SHOWING THE STRENGTH, COST, DISCIPLINE AND EDUCATION OF THE POLICE, IN BANSDA STATE.

Description of Office	Number	Pay of the Grade	Total Expenditure	Punishment			Rewards		Education		Remarks
				Dismissed	Fined, Degraded, or Suspended departmentally	Judicially punished	By promotion	By money rewards	Number able to read and write	Number under instruction	
Chief Police Officer	Nil										
Inspector of Police... ...											
Chief Constable	1	25	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	
Head Constable	1	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Constable class	1	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
„ „	3	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
„ „	11	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
„ „	53	7 & under	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total	75	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	3	...	

Appendix VII

STATEMENT SHOWING THE RESULTS OF THE WORKING OF THE POLICE IN BANSDA STATE, DURING THE YEAR ENDING 1889-90.

Name of State	Number of offences		Number of accused arrested		Number of accused sent for trial		Number of accused convicted		Number of accused acquitted or discharged		Percentage convicted of accused (columns 3 & 4)		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial	
	1888-89	1889-90	1888-89	1889-90	1888-89	1889-90	1888-89	1889-90	1888-89	1889-90	1888-89	1889-90	1888-89	1889-90
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Bansda	189	131	273	162	273	162	221	139	52	23	81	85	81	85

Appendix VIII

Statement showing the value of Property stolen and amount of recoveries in Bansda State during the year ending 1889-90.

State	Amount stolen		Amount received		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		Remarks.
	1888-89	1889-90	1888-89	1889-90	1888-89	1889-90	
Bansda	844	572	152	340	18	59	

Appen

STATEMENT SHOWING THE NUMBER OF CRIMES COMMITTED, NUMBER OF CASES DISPOSED

No.	Description of crime or offence	Number of crimes			Number of cases disposed of during 1889-90	Number of cases undisposed of during 1889-90	Number of persons apprehended	Number of persons convicted	Number Of persons sentenced to						
		Balance on	Committed during 1889-90	Total					Imprisonment		Imprisonment & Fine		Fine only	Whipping	Total
									Simple	Rigorous	Simple	Rigorous			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1	Offences against the Abkari laws	...	29	29	29	...	33	31	...	3	...	...	28	...	31
2	Taking gift to screen an offerder from punishment	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1
3	Escape from confinement negligently suffered by a public servant	...	2	2	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	1	1	...	2
4	Delivery of Queen's coin possessed with a knowledge that it is altered	...	2	2	2	...	2	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1
5	Culpable homicide not amounting to murder	...	2	2	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Attempt to commit suicide	...	2	2	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	2
7	Hurt	...	16	16	16	...	18	9	...	1	...	...	8	...	9
8	Assault to deter a public servant from discharge of his duty	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
9	Assault with intent to dishonour a person	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Kidnapping	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1
11	Attemt to rape	...	2	2	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	2
12	Theft	...	31	31	31	...	40	38	2	23	...	5	8	...	38
13	Theft in a dwelling house	...	8	8	8	...	13	13	...	3	...	10	...	...	13
14	Theftbya servant of property in possession of master	...	6	6	6	...	6	6	...	...	2	4	...	...	6
15	Robbery	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1
16	Dishonest misappropriation of property	...	4	4	4	...	4	4	...	1	2	...	1	...	4
17	Dishonestly receiving stolen property	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
18	Assisting in concealing stolen property	...	3	3	3	...	3	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	3
19	Cheating and dishonestly inducing delivery of property	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1
20	Mischief	...	2	2	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	2
21	House trespass	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1
22	Defamation in order to commit an offence punishable with imprisonment	...	2	2	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
23	House breaking	...	8	8	8	...	19	16	...	1	...	14	...	1	16
24	Insult intended to provoke a breach of peace	...	2	2	2	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
25	Appearing in a public place in drunkenness & annoying the public	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
26	Offences against other acts	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1
		...	131	131	131	...	162	139	4	37	4	41	52	1	139

dix IX

OF AND CASES AWAITING TRIAL IN BANSDA STATE DURING THE YEAR 1889-90.

Number of persons acquitted or discharged	Number of persons confined, being insane	Number of persons died during or before trial	Terms of imprisonment									Remarks
			Under 1 month	From 1 to 2 months	From 2 to 3 months	From 3 to 6 months	From 6 to 12 months	From 1 to 2 years	From 2 to 3 years	From 3 to 5 years	Above 5 yeas	
17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
2	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	
1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	
2	...	...	17	8	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	7	2	...	1	1	1	1	...	...	
...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	...	...	...	3	...	3	6	3	...	...	...	
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
23	...	...	37	17	7	9	9	5	2	...	...	

Appendix X

Statement showing the number of offences reported and offences dealt with in the Bansda State during the year 1889-90 ending June

Name of Court	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with.								Persons disposed of						Remarks
			Remaining at the end of last year.	Brought to trial, 1889-90					Total		Discharged without trial	Acquitted	Convicted	Committed or referred	Died, escaped or transferred	Persons remaining at the end of the year.	
				Arrested by Police	Upon Warrant	On Summons	Voluntarily	Arrested in the presence of the Magistrate									
	1888-89	1889-90							1888-89	1889-90							
The Dewn's ...	16	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	0	5	19	0	0	0	
The Niab Dewan's	103	84	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	107	0	12	95	0	0	0	
The Head Karkuns	70	27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	31	0	6	25	0	0	0	
Total...	189	131	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	162	0	23	139	0	0	0	

Appendix XI

STATEMENT SHOWING THE RESULTS OF APPEALS AGAINST DECISIONS PASSED BY THE CRIMINAL COURTS IN THE BANSDA STATE DURING THE YEAR ENDING JULY 1890.

State	Tribunals	No. of Applications	Number of Persons and Cases																	
			Applications rejected		Sentences						Proceedings quashed		Referred		Further inquiry &c. ordered		Pending			
					Confirmed		Modified		Reversed											
			Persons	Cases	Persons	Cases	Persons	Cases	Persons	Cases	Persons	Cases	Persons	Cases	Persons	Cases	Persons	Cases		
			1888-89	1889-90	1888-89	1889-90	1888-89	1889-90	1888-89	1889-90	1888-89	1889-90	1888-89	1889-90	1888-89	1889-90	1888-89	1889-90	1888-89	1889-90
Bansda	The Raja Saheb	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Tht Dewan	2	1	2	1	2	...	1	...	1	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Appendix XII.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE NUMBER OF PERSONS CONVICTED OR CONFINED IN THE JAIL IN THE BANSDA STATE DURING THE YEAR 1889-90 ENDING WITH JULY.

Stations	No: of Prisoners	Number of Prisoners.				Daily average in Jail		No of prisoners remaining at the end of the year	Total cost of Jail and prisoners	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in the Jail
		Remaining from last year	Admitted during the year	Total 1888-89	Total 1889-90	1888-89	1889-90			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Bansda	102	26	76	115	102	16	19	17	70257	Only one who was admitted in a sick state of health

Appendix XIII

CIVIL WORK. NATURE AND VALUE OF ORIGINAL SUITS FILED AND DISPOSED OF IN BANSDA STATE DURING 1889-90.

Number	Tribunal	Opening balance 1888-89	Opening balance 1889-90	Filed during the year 1888-89	Filed during the year 1889-90	Total 1888-89	Total 1889-90	Disposed of during the year 1888-89	Disposed of during the year 1889-90	Closing balance 1888-89	Closing balance 1889-90	Suits in 1889-90: Value	Suits regarding lands and houses &c.	Suits for money transactions	Suits for other rights &c.	Number of suits under Rs 100	No. of simple above Rs 100 and under Rs 500	No. of suits above Rs 500 and under Rs 1000	No. of suits above Rs 1000 and under Rs 5000	No. of suits above Rs 5000	Suits disposed of: Ex-parte	Admitted and compromised, &c.	Struck off the File &c.	Otherwise disposed of	Value	Average duration: Years	Months	Days	Remarks
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8				9					10					11				12	13			14
												Rs	A	P												Rs	A	P				
1	Dewan	1	0	51	90	52	90	52	88	0	2	2095	12	0	3	87	0	85	5	0	0	0	0	20	3	40	2067	4	0	0	0	8	

Appendix XIV

CIVIL WORK. RESULTS OF APPLICATIONS FOR EXECUTION OF DECREES.

Number.	Tribunal	Opening balance		Value of opening balance for 1889-90.			Application brought to the register			Total			Disposed of			Closing balance			Nature of applications pending disposal at close of 1889-90			Remarks
		1888-89	1889-90				1888-89	1889-90	Value for 1889-90	1888-89	1889-90	Value Total for 1889-90	1888-89	1889-90	Value for 1889-90	1888-89	1889-90	Value of closing balance for 1889-90	Below 6 Months	Below 12 Months	Above 12 Months	
1	2	3		4			5			6			7			8			9			10
				Rs	A	P			Rs	A	P			Rs	A	P			Rs	A	P					
1	Dewan	28	13	1587	0	0	58	18	601	0	0	86	31	2188	0	0	73	24	1150	13	7	1038	0	0	0	4	3	

Appendix XV

REGISTRATION OF DOCUMENTS.

Number	Sub-Registry office	Documents presented for Registration		Nature of Documents presented										Documents registered		Value of Documents		Documents refused to be registered		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year	
				Mortgages		~~State~~ deeds		Wills		Money bonds		Miscellanous									
		1888-89	1889-90	1888-89	1889-90	1888-89	1889-90	1888-89	1889-90	1888-89	1889-90	1888-89	1889-90	1888-89	1889-90	1888-89	1889-90	1888-89	1889-90	1888-89	1889-90
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12	
1	Bansda	14	16	3	5	5	8	3	...	1	...	2	3	14	16	5393	...	...	3848	...	...	...	...	...	...

Appendix XVI

AGRICULTURE

STATEMENT SHOWING AGRICULTURAL STOCK IN THE BANSDA STATE DURING THE YEAR 1889-90

Number	District	Cattle and other quadrupeds									Ploughs		Carts	
		Bullocks	Cows	Buffaloes		Horses	Mares	Colts & fillies	Asses	Sheep and Goats	With two Bullocks	With four Bullocks	Riding Carts	Carts used in carrying
				Male	Female									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	Bansda	15,795	13,113	1,233	2,301	50	26	6	...	7432	6014	26	235	1029

Appendix

INCOME

No.	Heads of Receipts	A.D. 1888-89	A.D. 1889-90	Increase	Decrease	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Land Revenue... ...	113578	117503	3925	...	
2	Forest...	21438	17080	...	4358	
3	Abkari liquor... ...	64475	81990	17515	...	
4	Do Toddy... ...	3150	2999	...	151	
5	Do Bhang Ganja	41	26	...	15	
6	Judicial fees	228	289	61	...	
7	Magisterial fines ...	1107	554	...	553	
8	Interest on loans &c.	12395	8967	...	3428	
9	Opium	371	293	...	78	
10	Giras	3583	279	...	3304	
11	Tolls	1620	1454	...	166	
12	Ferries	4	9	5	...	
13	Rent of houses... ...	1460	1276	...	184	
14	Rent of Estate outside the State... ...	218	218	...	...	
15	Miscellaneons... ...	8820	5568	...	3252	
16	Registration of documents	51	33	...	18	
17	School fees	56	60	4	...	
18	Garden produce ...	318	88	...	230	
19	Sale of mhowra fruit	4176	...	...	4176	
20	Do animals ...	372	1082	710	...	
21	Do Jewels	1676	3936	2260	...	
22	Presents from relations	19016	1646	...	17370	
23	Jail...	Included in magisterial	462	462	...	
24	Cattle Pounds... ...		114	114	...	
		258153	245926	25056	37283	Net decrease 12227

XVII

EXPENDITURE

No.	Heads of Expenditure	Fasli A.D.1888-89	Fasli A.D.1889-90	Increase	Decrease	Cause
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Medical charges ...	2114	2796	682	...	
2	Forest Estt	1958	1918	...	40	
3	Abkari	14648	18802	4154	...	
4	Vaccination	321	277	...	44	
5	Library	168	258	90	...	
6	Police and other guards	8194	8020	...	174	
7	Paga and Stable	21296	21137	...	159	
8	Cattle Pounds.. ...	50	35	...	15	
9	Jail	853	759	...	94	
10	Cash allowances and temple ~~rent~~ ~~servants~~	13351	10772	...	2579	
11	Tolls	367	390	23	...	
12	Ferries	64	95	31	...	
13	Public works	22572	32432	9860	...	
14	Dewan Kacheri... ..	4454	4877	423	...	
15	Naib Dewan's office	5117	5177	60	...	
16	Collecting Estt ...	9982	9245	...	737	
17	Education	2738	3723	985	...	
18	Garden charges ...	928	1123	195	...	
19	Municipality	875	1264	~~787~~	...	
20	Contingent	597	} 693	} ~~889~~	} 597	
21	Printing charges ...	693				
22	Deficit in grainery...	650	532	...	118	
23	Remissions	2333	1008	...	1325	
24	Income Tax on interest of loans	260	164	...	96	
25	Miscellaneous	895	525	...	370	
26	Rewards for Destruction of wild animals	140	64	...	76	
27	Railway fare. Cart hire. Bhatta	859	2292	1433	...	
28	Purchase of Jewels...	17422	11398	...	6024	
29	Light and fuel ...	1049	included in Mis	...	1049	
30	Presents to relations &c.	1840	4992	3152	...	
31	Deostan Dharmada...	3871	2646	...	1225	
32	Festivals	1579	1366	...	213	
33	Ceremonies of the birth of heir apparent	9617	...	...	9617	
34	Marriage of the Raja Saheb	26022	9449	...	16573	
35	Death ceremony of the Raja Saheb's step mother	...	4345	4345	...	
36	Palace Estt	7353	7152	...	201	
37	Pocket Expenses to, Raja Sheb and Rani sahebs	13280	17958	4678	...	
38	Purchase of clothing	11284	2848	...	8436	
39	Do Furniture ...	5047	1011	...	4036	
40	Photography	83	...	...	83	
41	Kitchen	8754	7947	...	807	
42	Miscellaneous	5635	3247	...	2388	
	Houses purchased in Billimora ...	...	2049	2049	...	
	Grand Total ...	229313	204786	~~25974~~	~~60501~~	
	Saving during the year	...	41140	~~32549~~	~~57071~~	
		Total.	245926	...	...	

Net decrease 24527

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN
DEWAN OF BANSDA.

OF THE

BANSDA STATE

FOR 1890–91.

No. 62 of 1891.

FROM

THE DEWAN OF BANSDA

To

F. S. P. LELY ESQUIRE

AGENT TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR AT

SURAT

BANSDA STATE PALACE

10th AUGUST 1891.

SIR,

I have the honor to submit the following annual Administration report of the Bansda State for the year ending 31st Ultimo.

2. The prescribed Statements accompany.

CHAPTER 1.

POLITICAL.

3. The relations of the State with the British Government and the neighbouring Native States were cordial.

4. H. H. the Rajasaheb of Nadod who is the brother-in-law of our Rajasaheb visited this State in the summer in order to fulfil a vow to bathe in the Unai Hot Water Springs. He was accompanied by his Ranis, children and a small retinue. They stayed as guests of our Darbar for about a month.

5. Our Rajasaheb travelled through several villages of the territory examining on his way the schools and public works. He enquired into the wants and condition of the ryots and compared their receipt books.

[illegible] Andrews Library. These his gifts were appreciated by [illegible]

lency the Governor.

7. The birth of a 2nd Kunvar by the Saylavalan Zalan Raniji of our Rajasaheb on the 26th February last was the happy domestic occurrence. The auspicious event was celebrated in the true oriental fashion. The prince is named Pravinsingji and is a healthy child.

Changes in the Administration

8. There was no change in the appointment of any responsible state official during the year.

CHAPTER II.

ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

9. The present rates of survey assessment being moderate are paid by the ryots easily.

10. No special tenures are in force in the State. Blocks of waste land have however been given for cultivation at low rates for specific periods on special conditions.

11. The following table will show how much waste land was taken up during the year for cultivation.

Extent of cultivable area for.		Taken up in.		Waste remaining at end of the year		Percentage of cultivable land lying waste in.	
1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91
69893	69895	72	911	35002	34091	51	49

The total assessment on the cultivable area is Rs. 155161. Though the waste land remaining uncultivated formed nearly ½ of the cultivable area the assessment thereon is only Rs 52944 or about 1/3rd of that on the whole cultivable area,-a fact which proves that the area lying waste is of poor inferior soil. It comprises hilly and uneven tracts scattered here and there and intersected by small mounds nullahs and rivulets.

12 Merely owing to the vast amount of cultivable waste, it seemed to the late Commissioner N. D. that no trouble is taken to attract settlers. But such is not the case. Inducement is regularly given by offering waste for cultivation on cheap terms and promising Tagavi for seed and cattle without reservation of any kind. The light quality of the soil, the rugged surface, the want of labourers as well as population and above all the unhealthy climate and impure water are the reasons why cultivation does not spread with strides.

13. The revenue accounts were punctually kept up to date in the Hope's forms and regularly examined during the year. No error or fraud was found.

14 There was no dispute relating to boundaries which have been settled at the time of the Revenue Survey of the State.

15. There is no ward's estate in the territory.

CHAPTER III.

PROTECTION.

(*a*) LEGISLATION.

16. As stated last year the principle of most of the principal British laws is in force in the State. The Gambling act was made applicable to the town of Bansda during the year.

(*b*) MILITARY.

17. There is no regular military force. There are however sowars, ensigns and drummers who are undisciplined. They serve as escort and Police sowars. There are no quarters for them. A small party of 25 Arabs and a few other men who serve as Palace and treasury guards are included in the foot Police. The expenses on account of the Military can roughly be estimated at about Rs 10,000 which are included in the item of the Paga and Stable in Appendix No 17.

This State being a tributory one pays to the British Government a ransom in consideration of the protection it receives from them.

(*c*) DISTRICT POLICE.

18. The organization discipline and duties of the foot Police are on the model of the British force. A few Fusils have been indented for for the use of the Police.

19. The Abkari Police is exclusive of the Dirtrict Police and merely looks after the Abkari crimes.

20. The District Police dealt chiefly with cognizable cases, the non-cognizable ones going to the Magistrates. Of the 270 persons concerned in 180 offences, 182 were committed by the Police. Of the total offences about $\frac{8}{9}$rd

were cognizable cases. 6 cases of petty thefts remained undetected during the year. The conduct of the Police was generally good 10 persons were fined for neglect of duty and two punished (for private quarrels) judically.

21. Mr. Reid's remarks in connection with sirbandies were I think based on incomplete information. The village sirbandies have not been enrolled as District Police, but they are occasionally called for aid when needed In addition to food and cash pay they enjoy rent free land in consideration of services. This fact escaped Mr. Reid's notice. The gross emolunents of a Sirbandi does not thus amount to less than Rs 6 per mensem when called for service.

The person who acted as Fouzdar when Mr. Reid was here, was employed temporarily, pending the appointment of a competent person. Now an English knowing hand has been posted as Fouzdar on a salary of Rs 45 + services of a horse.

Stolen Property,

22. The value of property stolen was Rs 182 against Rs 782 in the previous year; whilst the recovery was of Rs 68 as compared with Rs 340 in the year preceding. The percentage of recovery fell from 59 to 37, the thefts being chiefly of corn which was consumed by the thieves. The average value of a case of property offended against was Rs 3,-a fact which shows that the crimes were of a trivial nature.

(Village Police.)

23. The strength and duties of the village Police remained unchanged. None of the Patels enjoy the privilege of trying petty offences, as none of them have qualified for the powers. The Patels belonging to the upper class can read and write, but almost all of the Kali Paraj are illiterate. 18 Inquests were held by the Patels and the following verdicts were recorded.

3 Suicide.	5 Accidental.	6 Snakebites.
3 Drowning	1 Unknown.	

(*d*) CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

24. The various Courts at work during the year were the same as in the last year.

The total number of offences reported during the year were 180 against 131 in the past year. The principal increase of 36 cases was under the head of simple Hurt. There was also an increase of 10 in Abkari crimes. The other offences fluctuated slightly. The number of heinous offences was very small as

in the preceding year. Of the 270 persons presented before the Magistracy, 220 were convicted, 29 discharged without trial and 19 acquitted. One case involving two accused remained pending at the end of the year. The percentage of conviction to trial was 92, whilst that of release was 8. The high percentage of conviction is due to the major portion of the petty crimes of Hurts, Thefts, Mischieves and illicit distillation which were mostly admitted as they called for light fine only.

The duration of trials before magistrates was of 2 days.

No case lasted over 10 days.

25. During the year under report the provisions of the Criminnal Procedure Code regarding the issue of Processes and the powers of the Police and Magistrates in cognizable and noncognizable cases were introduced.

Criminal appeals.

26. Of the 26 cases tried by the Court of the Dewan 4 were appealed against. In all of them the Raja Saheb upheld the convictions but modified the sentences and made them a little lenient for the sake of clemency.

There was only one appeal to the Court of the Dewan against the decisions of each of the Naib-Dewan and the Aval Karkun, but the convictions and sentences were upheld.

(*e*) EXTRADITION.

27. There was no want of reciprocity on the part of neighbouring States or British territory in the extradition of offenders. The demands made upon this State and *vice versa* were duly satisfied. Periodical detailed returns of the result of the trials were duly sent up to you which will show that only one Gaikwari subject was tried for Robbery and punished by me.

28. The Dang Bhil Naiks were rather quiet during the year and did not trouble our ryots so much as before.

(*f*) PRISONS

29. The Bansda Jail building is commodious as stated in my last report. The health and general conduct of the prisoners were good, there being no breach of the Jail discipline. There was only one death in the Jail on account of dropsy of a woman who was admitted in a sick state of health. The prisoners were well fed and clothed and employed for labour mainly in the State Garden. The gross cost of maintenance was Rs 344 whilst the earnings were Rs 343.

30. Lock up—There is no seperate building for it, but one of the Jail rooms is occupied by the under trial prisoners. The average period during which the accused were detained in custody before trial was two days.

The Jail was visited regularly by the Dewan and occasionally by the Raja Saheb.

31. There is no sceperate Civil Jail. One of the Jail wards being used for the purpose.

(*g*) CIVIL JUSTICE ORIGINAL SUITS.

32. The Constitution and number ot courts was the same as in the last year. There were two suits in hand and 96 more were filed within the year. All of them were decided except two which were instituted quite at the close of the year. The average duration of the suits was 8 days, the claims being simple and of small causes arising mostly out of debts under Rs 100. Most of the claims were admitted by the defendents and poverty was their defence.

Decrees.

33. There were 7 decrees in hand and 28 were filed during the year for execution. Of these 11 have been satisfied and 24 remain pending. 12 ot these were filed only ten days before the end of the year. In 10 cases the parties have asked for time to compromise and the rest are paid by instalments.

34. There was no miscellaneous application for certificate of heirship or administration &ca.

Civil Appeals

35. The civil appellate work done during the year will be seen from the following table.

Name of court.	Opening Balance.		Filed During the year.		Total		Disposed of during.		Closing Balance.		Value of appeals filed during the year.		How disposed of						Average Duration in					
																			1889-90			1890-91		
													Decisions confirmed		Decisions reversed.		Decisions amended		Cases remanded for retrial.		Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of.		Years.	Months.	Days	Years.	Months.	Days.
1	2		3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12		13	14	15	16	17	18
	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91						
The Raja-Saheb's Huzur.	...	...	1	3	1	3	1	3	...	...	18	89	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	...	... 20

The average duration of the appeals was of 20 days as compared with 15 days in the preceding year.

36. The mamlatdar's court act is not in force in the State.

(*h*) REGISTRATION.

37. The following comparative statement shows details relating to registration work.

Description.	1889-90			1890-91			Remarks.
	Number of deeds	Value of property	Fees realized.	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realized.	
Mortgage.	5	1215	6 -2-0	0	0	0	
Sale.	8	1822	19-8-0	6	1350	10-12-0	
Will.	...	...	...	...	...	....	
Money bound	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Miscellaneous.	3	810	8 -8-0	1	50	0 -8-0	
Total.	16	3848	34-2--0	7	- 1400	11-4-0	
Deduct Expenditure.	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Net profit.	...	...	...	...	...	...	

The limited number of registration is due to the poverty of the people and to the consequent small number of transactions. There was no case of refusal to register.

(*i*) MUNICIPAL ADMINISTRATION.

38. The only Municipality of the Bansda town is a very small one and is maintained by the State. No direct or indirect tax whatsoever is levied from the ryots. The total expenditure was Rs 1170, (exclusive of road repairs, the cost of which is borne by the Public Works Department). The fish market which was in the heart of the town was removed to avoid nusance to North-eastern direction.

CHAPTER IV.

PRODUCTION & DISTRIBUTION.

(*a*) AGRICULTURE.

39. There is no experimental farm in the territory. To improve agriculture native impliments of husbandry are lent gratis to the farmers for use. The water-cess has also been greatly reduced last year with a view to extend irrigation and boring instruments are lent gratis by the Darbar to improve water supply.

40. Native Tobacco was sown in a field at Bansda as a model, the result of which was favourable.

41. Owing to a large extent of waste land and hills the fodder is found in abundance. The cultivators carried during the year under report to store only so much grass as could suffice for their cattle upto June, hoping that the rain will be punctual, but the fall with-held upto the middle of July so that the green grass was ready for grazing a month and a half later than usual. Many of the cattle therefore died of starvation, the fodder becoming 5 times dearer than usual. This accounts for the slight falling off in the number of agricultural stock.

Tagavi.

42. Cash advances to cultivators continued to be given like lastyear for turning Jirayet into Rice lands, sinking wells and purchasing cattle, whilst grain were given for seed. The following table gives the amount and quantity of the advances.

Cash	Rice	Nagli	Juwar	Kodra	Mag	Urid	Wheat	Caster seed	Gram	Wal	Watana	Tuver	Cotton seed	Total grain
2546	3596	882	80	212	14	5	9	163	19	45	18	16	4	5063

Stallions.

43. There were 3 stallian horses, one bull and a he-buffalo in the Darbar Stable. Of the 4 mares conceived last year one delivered a filly. 5 mares were covered during the year of which one only is in foal. Hardly any mares are kept by the state subjects, but the ryots of the neighbouring Gaikwar's and British territory occasionally avail of the services of our stallions. They

however do not care to report the results. The expenditure on account of the stallions is included under the head of Paga and Stable. No cattle shows are held in the territory.

WEATHER.

44. From October to January generally the climate is malerious. The temparature varies from 52 in January to 108 in May. The mean being 79.6.

Rain

45. The following table gives the fall of rain registered at the Bansda Hospital. The gauge is of the description used in the British Hospitals and the measurements are accurately noted by the Medical officer.

Year	1886	1887	1888	1889	1890	1891 up to August 9th
Rain inches	87	109	62	89	95	80

The rain was ample and suitable during the year. It commenced on the 1st June and ended on the 9th of October.

CROPS.

46. The Kharif, Rabi and irrigated crops were plentiful owing to seasonable fall of rain. Locusts did not visit the territory.

(*b*) WAGES AND LABOUR.

47. The wages of labour both skilled and unskilled remained stationery.

48. There was a slight fall in the prices of the food grains owing to good hearvest.

(*c*) FOREST.

49. No change took place in the system and Establishment of working the Forest during the year. The Forest has been demarcated and reserved at the time of the Survey. It comprises an area of 47700 acres which does not include cultivable waste at all. Timber of the value of Rs. 7537 was given gratis to the ryots for the construction of their houses, stables and agricultural impliments against that of Rs 4836 in the preceding year. The realizations were of Rs 17925 as compared with one of Rs 17080 in the past year. As was done last year only the old ripe wood was felled to allow new growth.

Reservation and protection against the axe and fire with the smooth and level cutting of all stumps were resorted to as far as possible. There is no strict prohibition to graze cattle in the Forest but there being ample waste meadow lands owners of cattle do not generally graze their animals in the

jungles for fear of injury by wild animals. Cattle are not allowed to graze in the Sadad Devi portion where there is no population. The suggestions made by the Divisional Forest Officer, Surat, were adopted to a great extent.

(*d*) TRADES AND MANUFACTURE.

50. Nothing worthy of record occurred during the year in connection with the trade which is mainly of grain, leathers, Mhowra flower, Mhowra seed and the oil thereof. All these articles are exported except Mhowra flower which are consumed by the distillery of country liquor at Bansda.

51. There is no mill or factory, the industries chiefly being of manufacture of oil, baskets, mats and fans.

(*e*) FAIRS

52. The only fair worth notice was that of Unai, which is held in April. The arrangements made for the convenience, protection of persons and property and for the sanitation of the place were the same as last year. No epidemic broke out. The Rajasâheb of Nadod with his Ranis, children and pageantry as well as Ranisaheb Jamnabai of Baroda visited the fair to fulfil their vows The gathering of people was as large as in the past year.

The small weekly Hatwadas also continued to meet as usual.

(*f*) PUBLIC WORKS.

53. The following table shows the expenditure on the public works. Local Funds are not levied, the whole expenditure being met by the state

Works	State fund.	Local fund.	Remarks.
Repairs			
Tanks & wells &ca	1,064	...	
Roads & road side trees &ca ...	3,439	...	
Palace	1,697	...	
Schools &ca	429	...	
Other houses	1,829	...	
New works			
Staging houses &c	12326	...	
Extension of distillary	3,428	...	
Tanks & wells &ca...	2,759	...	
Cattle pounds	30	...	
Extension of Kathrot Banglow ...	689	...	
Extension of Store House	2,490	...	
Establishment	1,904	...	
Tools & Plant	500	...	
	32584		

6 staging houses and four wells were constructed and 6 tanks were excavated. Addition to a few buildings and repairs to the rest were made. The metalled road from Bansda to Kathrot and other fair weather roads were kept in proper repairs. The total expenditure on public works was nearly the same as last year or 1/8 of the gross revenue of the State.

54. The budget for the year was for a large item but some of the works of public utility could not be undertaken for want of materials such as bricks, chunam &ca. prepared departmentally as they can neither be had in the Bazar nor do contractors come forward to supply them in the moffusil villages where works have to be done. They will be taken in hand at once on the opening of the season.

CHAPTER V

Revenue and Finance

55. Appendix XVII. shows the income and expenditure during the year as compared with the past. Slight fluctuations call for no remark but the main causes of increase or decrease are the following:—

Income

56. The land revenue increased by Rs. 4,810 owing to waste land having been taken up.

57. The increase of 15 percent in the Abkari revenue is due to the increase of rates on the Dharampur frontier and to the check of illicit distillation caused by the vigilance of the Abkari Department and by the restriction placed on the Mhowra flower. 1,18,110 Gallons of liquor was sold during the year. Owing to good harvests and the fresh supply of liquor of proper proof the consumption had increased.

58. Receipts from fines increased owing to increase of minor offences of Hurts, thefts and mischieves.

59. Presents from relations increased owing to the happy occurrence of the birth of the 2nd prince.

60. The decrease under the head of the interest and house rent is due to arrears. The Miscellaneous receipts were more last year than during the year under report owing to the reversion of the property of the Rajasaheb's deceased mother.

61. The fall in the receipts from sales of animals and Jewels is attributed to less sales.

Expenditure

62. The increase in Abkari expenses is due to the dearer cost of liquor distillation and increased demand.

63. The increase of 20 percent under Police is assigned to increase in salaries of the Establishment and purchase of dresses. Whilst the more expense on Paga and Stable is due to the purchase of a pair of horses to fill up the vacancies of dead ones. Under this head is also included the expenses on account of Millitary and stallions.

64. The increase under cash allowances (item 10) and Devsthan (item 30) are attributed to payment of past arrears.

65. The items of Naib Dewan's office increased owing to the entertainments of two hands to extend Tagavi advances.

66. Educational expenses increased considerably (33 percent) owing to the opening of a Kaliparaj tutor class and to the increase in masters' salaries and inducements. The printing of quinquennial forms increased contigent and printing charges.

67. The Pregnancy and Birth ceremonies are the new items owing to domestic occurances to which is due the increase in presents te relations (item 29) and purchase of clothing (item 37.)

68 The incresae under the head "Palace Servants" is due to the inclusion of the emoluments of the relations (under this head) entertained for the care of the young princes.

69. The decrease in Jail expenses is due to less prisoners remaining in the Jail.

70. The expenditure on Publie Works remained steady as all the works budgetted against could not be undertaken, certain Uttaras, Police Chowkies, quarters for Doctors &ca. remaining over for the new year,

71. It is hoped that the details given in appendix No. 17 will suffice. The Rajasaheb is reluctant to give further details of his family expenses and regrets his inability to make a more clear distinction of his personal and public expenses than that shown in the Statement.

CHAPTER VI.

VITAL STATISTICS & MEDICAL SERVICES.

72. TheRatan Kunvarba Hospital is the only medical institution in tht State. It was maintained solely by the State at an expense of Rs 2782 against

Rs 2796 in the past year. The expense per head of patient was R 0-5-0. The following table shows the amount of relief afforded to the sick:—

No. of patients treated.		Results.					
Indoor	Outdoor	Discharged.	Absented	Died	Remaining under treatment	Expense	Daily average
62	New cases 8981 Old cases 41222	...	...	10	59	2782	138

The number of indoor patients remained nearly steady, but that of outdoor new cases increased 7 percent. Amongst the indoor patients the deaths were 50 percent less whilst the average daily attendance of the out patients was 27 percent more than in the past year. It is impossible to give correctly the figures under the heads discharged and absented. The patients who absent do not care to report the result of their cases. An attempt to classify the figures by guess may consequently be misleading.

73. There were only 8 cholera cases at Bansda in the last summer. Of these one only proved fatal. The cholera was of a very mild type and raged only for a few days.

74. 40 major and 444 minor operations were performed. All of them except four were sucessful. The prevalent diseases were malerial fevers, Bronchitis, measles, ascaries-Lumbrictes Diarrhœa, Dysentry and skin and eye desease.

75. No Post mortem examination was held.

76. 23 animals were also treated at the Hospital *viz* 2 elephants, 6 bullocks, 6 buffaloes 3 cows, 5 horses, and one goat. There was no cattle desease during the year.

77. There is no committee, but the Hospital was frequently visited by the Dewan and occasionally by the Rajasaheb and the Naib-Dewan when the records, furniture and fittings were found to be neat and sufficient. The Medical officer maintained his popularity during the year. The Hospital building

is on a high ground, well ventilated and commodious. It was kept up in good repairs.

78. The sanitary condition of the town is fairly good. The water supply is ample and of a fair quality.

Births and deaths.

79. The following table shows the births and deaths in the territory during the year as compared with the past.

Item	1889-90	1890-91	Increase	Decrease
Births	604	934	330	...
Deaths	792	569	...	223

The births were 52 percent more and the deaths 26 percent less than in the last year. The ratio of births and deaths per 1000 was 23 and 14 respectively which shows that the record though not quite correct is improving. Of the deaths 501 were due to fever, 6 to venomous animals and the rest to misscellaneous causes.

The population of the state increased from 34122 in 1881 to 41373 in 1891 or 21 percent during the last decade. This shows that the territory is flourishing gradually.

Vaccination

80. The following statement shows the number of children vaccinated and the result of the operations carried on by the state Vaccinator.

Operation by whom performed	Number of persons vaccinated in		Result			
			Successful		Unsuccessful	
	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91
State Vaccinater.	1624	1445	1605	1436	19	9

The operations decreased 11 percent as compared with the past. The Inspector of vaccination supervises the work and a quota is paid towards the supervision charges. The total expense for the operations was Rs 395 as compared with Rs. 277 in the previous year.

The following statement shows the details of inspection work

Name of the Inspector.	Number of encampments	Number of miles travelled	Number of children inspected	Number of villages inspected	Amount of vaccinator's works.		General Remark on the vainator's work.
					Children primarily vaccinated.	Children re-vaccinated	
Mr. Jethalal Punjajee.	2	67	666	30	1435	4	The Inspector reports the work to be generally good.

CHAPTER VII

Instruction

81. The following table shows the statistics concerning education during the year.

Number	Description of schools	Number of pupils on the roll on		Daily average attendance in 1891	Standard upto Which instruction is imparted.	Remarks.
		31-3-90	31-3-91			
1	Bansda A. V....	26	32	22	IV	English
2	„ Vernacular.	99	117	81	V	
3	Wandervela...	29	29	17	V	
4	Chapuldhara.	54	42	31	IV	
5	Kathrot. ...	22	22	11	IV	
6	Lakhavadi ...	19	24	13	V	
7	Bhinar ...	90	26	15	IV	
8	Moti Walzar.	26	25	14	IV	
9	Sindhi ...	60	55	43	V	
10	Churvi ...	34	30	25	II	
11	Andhatri ...	33	31	18	V	
12	Kurelia ...	30	27	15	III	
13	Limzar ...	32	37	24	II	
14	Khambhla ...	15	13	10	I	
15	Wangan ...	15	29	13	I	
16	Bansda girls.	45	68	43	III	
17	„ Urdu.	35	37	26	IV	
17	Total. ...	604	644	421		

There are no indiginous, municipal, Local board or night schools. The number 17 of Darbari schools remained unchanged, but the number of pupils and average attendance increased owing chiefly to the award of scholarships worth anna one per mensem to the girls and Kali Paraj boys attenting for 15 days in a month.

82. A class of 8 Kaliparaj pupil teachers was opened at Bansda in order that they may be employed on the completion of their course as masters in the schools for Kaliparaj, that may hereafter be opened. They are fed, clothed and maintained solely at the expense of the Durbar. The school opened at Khambla last year had to be transferred to the village of Khata Amba, owing to the aversion of the Khambla people to educate their children. The inducement of the gift of books and writing materials to all the children and of clothing only to the poor Kaliparaj children was continued. Fees are not levied from the girls of all classes and the children of the Kaliparaj.

83. The expenses on education (exclusive of buildings) was Rs 4915 as compared with Rs 3723 in the yeas preceding.

84. All the scholarships opened for the benefit specially of the Kaliparaj and generally of all the classes of people are availed of except one offered to a boy who may attend the High School.

85. All the 6 boys sent for the 3rd grade Public Service certificate examination at Surat duly passed and one boy sent up for the 2nd grade Public Service certificate examination also came out successful.

86. Those masters the result of whose schools was creditable were promoted

87. All the schools were visited every now and then by the Dewan nnd occasionally by the Raja Saheb and other officials. The Deputy Educational Inspector and his assistants examined all the schools and were satisfied with the rerult, as will be noticed from the following extract from his report:—

"It is a matter of great pleasure to state here that H. H. The Rajasaheb

"has opened a very spacious gymnasiam contigious to the school house and "liberally furnished with all the necessary apparatus used in the training college "at Ahmedabàd. H. H. was kind enough to attend the gymnasiam with his "state officials to witness the performances of the boys. Being pleased with what "H. H. saw he encouraged the athletes by rewards amounting in the aggregate, "in cash to Rs 12; and a reward of a turban and shela worth about the same "sum to the Head master of the school who teaches these exercises. H. H. "was also pleased to give a reward of Rs 10 to the masters at Sindhai and "that of Bansda by whose joint labour one Kaliparaj boy named Manglo Bu- "dhio passed this year in the 3rd grade Public Service certificate examination With a view to encourage Kaliparaj boys to receive Education given by the state, H. H. at once conferred a Talatiship on Manglo Bhudhio the boy passed this year in the certificate examination.

"His Highness also this year sent Sursing Naharsing te prosecute his stu- "dies in the Ahmedabad Training College with a scholarship worth Rs. 5 ac- "cording to the rule of the Traiuing College.

"In conclusion I should not omit to mention that accordiug to the practice "adopted last year of distributing prizes immediately after the annual examina- "tion, His Highness the Rajasaheb made suitable arrangements for holding "exhibition in the compound of the palace and kindly took the trouble of in- "viting all the State officials and leading men of the town and of presiding "and giving prizes to the successful students of all the schools in the town."

88. The Educational Inspector also considered the progress of education "to be very satisfactory" and remarked that the Raja takes a real interest in "education."

CHAPTER VIII

Miscellaneous

Wild animals

89. Rs. 31 were spent on reward for the destruction of wild and venemous animals. One Panther was killed by trap and 6 by shots. 6 deaths

were caused by venemous animals. Two crocodiles and 54 snakes were also destroyed during the year.

90. TELEGRAPH. There is no office for telegraph in the State which avails of the Railway telegraph office at Billimora situated at a distance of 29 miles from the capital town of Bansda.

91. POST OFFICE. There is a branch Post office at Bansda, and a Letter box in each of the villages of Lakhawadi and Kathrot. There are also 2 village postmen for moffusil. There was no change in the number of runners or delivery peons. The arrival and despatch of post was generally regular and there were no complaints against the working of the office.

92. RECORDS. Considerable progress has been made with the classification and index of old records of the State. The correct records are upto date.

93. PRESS. There is no printing press in the State.

94. LIBRARY. The Gulabsingji Library at Bansda is the only institution of the kind. It continued to remain open to the public, the whole of the expense being met by the State. There was no change in the number of daily and periodical papers supplied to the library. Books of the value of Rs. 40 were added to the stock. The total expense during the year was Rs. 155.

95. TAXES. Neither any tax or transit duty is levied nor are any fees charged on imports, but certain articles ot forest produce when exported are charged with forest dues. License fees for holding shops in the Unai fair and Hatwadas are levied.

96. NAKAS. No change was made in the number or possition of Nakas for the collection of fees on accounts of forest produce.

To check illicit distillation restriction was placed on Mhowra flower for (the Mhowra season) a few months only.

97. AGREEMENTS. The agreements of the abolition of transit duties had been adhered to as well as those regarding Abkari and Opium.

I have the honour to be

Sir

Your most obedient servant

Jhaverbhai Nathabhai Amin

DEWAN OF BANSDA.

Appendix I.

Political relations of the Native States.

Name of State.	Tribute in men or Money		Estimated population	Schools	Persons being taught	Persons who have been vaccinated	Prevailing disease	Supposed gross Revenue	Military force	Transit dues levied or not	Principal articles of production, manufacture and mines
	Amount	To whom payable									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Bansda	Rs As. 153-8	British Government	According to the census of 1891 41373	17	644	1445	Malarial fevers, Bronchitis, Measles, Ascaris Lumbricalis, Diarrhœa, Dysentry, skin and eye diseases	255154	Nil	Not	Agricultural products Rice, Nagli, Jowar, Kodra, Pulses, black gram — Manufactures Bamboo mats, fans and baskets. Stone metal is found in mines

Appendix II.

Political Relations

Native Chiefs, Principal Male members of their families and principal members of their Courts. 1890-91.

No.	Name of Individual state and Family to which he belongs.	Residence	Present position	Caste, Race and Religion.	Age	How and where educated	How employed	Has Sanad Authorizing adoption or not	Family follows primogeniture or not	Has male heirs or not	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12

1	Maha Raul Shri Pratapsingji Gulabsingji Bansda State. Wansadia Family.	Bansda town.	Raja	Solanki Rajput Hindu	27	By attending the RajKumar College at Rajkot in Kathyawar	Ruling his state	Yes	Yes	Yes
2	Maha Raul Shri Indrasingji Pratapsingji Bansda State Wansadia Family.	Do	Patvi Kuwar (Heir apparent)	Do	3½	...	...	...	...	...
3	Maha Raul Shri Pravinsingji Pratapsingji Bansda State Wansadia Family.	Do	2nd Prince.	Do	5 months	...	...	...	...	...
4	Jhaverbhai Nathabhai. Amin Family.	VirsadTaluka Borsad in the Kaira District.	Dewan.	Leva Patidar Leva race HinduVishnav	39	By attending the Ahmedabad High school. Has passed the examinations of Survey Deptt. 3rd & 2nd class magisterial and Lower and HigherStandards'	Controller of all the Departments in the state	...	...	...
5	Pranshankar Dayashankar Pathek family.	Bardoli in Surat District.	Naib Dewan.	Audich Shahastra Brahmin Hindu Shiv	35	By attending the Poona Engineering College has passed the matriculation & L. C. E. Examinations	Head of the revenue and P. W. Deptt.	..	..	...
6	Hormasji Byramji Dastoor Dastoor family.	Town of Broach in the District of Broach.	Assistant Surgeon.	Parsi Zorastrian	33	By attending the Medical College has passed the Matriculation & L. M. & S. Examinations.	Chief Medical officer.	...	...	...

JHAVERBHAI NATHBAI AMIN
DEWAN OF BANSDA.

Appendix III.

CIVIL DIVISION OF TERRITORY UNDER POLITICAL CONTROL 1890-91.

Division	Executive District	Number of Executive Sub-divisions	Area in square miles	Population	Chief Towns With Population		Number of Villages	Number of Civil Judges	Number of stipendiary magistrates	Maximum distance in miles of villages from nearest courts	Average distance in miles of villages from nearest courts	Number of police	Total cost of officials and police of all kinds	State Revenue		Remarks
					Head quarter Town	Population								Land	Gross	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Surat agency	Bansda	...	215	41,373	Bansda	3003	87	1	3	16	7½	75	9654	122313	255154	

Appendix IV.

POPULATION OF NATIVE STATES. BANSDA STATE 1890-91

Commissionerships	District	Inhabited houses	Population in 1891						Classification of population of the general census of 1891									Occupation		Prevailing Languages	Emigration or immigration during the year.
			Men	Women	Children under 15 years		Total	Number per sqare mile	Christians			Hindns	Mahomedans	Parsis	Buddhists and Jains	Aboriginals	Others	Total male Agriculturists including Landlords Cultivators agricultural Labourers	Total non-agricultural males		
					Male	Female			Europeans	East Indian and other mixed races	Natives										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
N. D	Bansda	7832	21,489	19,884	included in col 4	included in col 5	41373	192	...	...	...	40303	888	137	37	...	...	...	...	Gujerati Marathi	...

JHAVERBHAI NATHBAI AMIN
DEWAN OF BANSDA.

Appendix V.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE STRENGTH, COST, AND OTHER PARTICULARS OF THE MILITARY FORCE IN BANSDA STATE, 1890–91.

Arm of Service	Total number of fighting officers and men							Details of force at the end of the year.						Total cost of pay and allowances of officers, Non-commissioned officers and men including Followers	Remarks
	Remainig at the end of last year	Recruited this year (a)	Died.			Invalided	Discharged, deserted, &c (b)	Remaining at the end of the year	Number of Regiment, Battalions or Batteries	Number of Guns	Number of Men.				
			In action	Otherwise	Total						European Commissioned officers	Native commissioned officers	Non-commissioned officers	Fighting Men	
Cavalry															There is no military regular force but there are 22 sowars who serve as Police Sowars and escorts &ca. There is a party of 25 Arabs who serve as Palace and Treasury guards and are included in the Police.
Sappers															
Artillery															
Infantry															
Total															

JHAVERBHAI NATHBAI AMIN
DEWAN OF BANSDA

Appendix VI

STATEMENT SHOWING THE STRENGTH, COST, DISCIPLINE AND EDUCATION OF THE POLICE, IN BANSDA STATE.

Description of officer	Number	Pay of the Grade	Total Expenditure	Punishment			Rewards		Education		Remarks.
				Dismissed	Fined, Degraded, or Suspended departmentally	Judicially punished	By promotion	By money rewards	Number able to read and write	Number under instruction	
Chief Police officer											Including 25 Arabs and a few other guards.
Inspector of Police											
Chief Constable	1	45		...	..	..	...	...	1	...	
Head Constables...	1	22		...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
	1	15		...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Constables of different	2	10		...	...	...	...	...	2	...	
	4	9		...	...	...	1	...	1	...	
Classes	12	8		...	...	...	1	...	2	...	
	54	7 & under		...	10	2	...	...	2	...	
Total...	75	...	...	...	10	2	2	...	10	...	

₹ 9654 (Including accoutrements.)

JHAVERBHAI NATHBAI AMIN
DEWAN OF BANSDA.

Appendix VII

STATEMENT SHOWING THE RESULTS OF THE WORKING OF THE POLICE IN BANSDA STATE, DURING THE YEAR ENDING 1890-91

Name of State	Number of offences		Number of accused arrested		Number of accused sent for trial		Number of accusedconvicted		Number of accusedacquitted or discharged		Percentage convicted arrested of accused (columns 3 & 4)		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial	
	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890--91
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Bansda	131	124	162	185	162	182	139	162	23	20	85	89	85	89

Appendix VIII.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND AMOUNT OF RECOVERIES IN BANSDA STATE, DURING THE YEAR ENDING 1890-91

State	Amount stolen		Amount recovered		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		Remarks
	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1859-90	1890-91	
Bansda	572	182	340	68	59	37	The thefts were chiefly of grain from fields and the recovery is small owing to consumption of the corn by the offenders.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABAI AMIN
DEWAN OF BANSDA.

Appen

STATEMNT SHOWING THE NUMBER OF CRIMES COMMITTED, NUMBER OF CASES DISPOSED

No	Description of crime or offence	Number of crimes			Number of cases disposed of during 1890-91	Number of cases undisposed of during 1890-91	Number of persons apprehended	Number of persons convicted	Number Of persons sentenced to						
		Balance on	Committed during 1890-91	Total					Imprisonment only		Imprisonment and Fine		Fine only	Whipping	Total
									Simple	Rigorous	Simple	Rigorous			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1	Offences against the Abkari laws	...	39	39	39	...	60	57	...	1	...	3	53	...	57
2	Being a public servant taking a gratification other than legal remuneration...	...	2	2	2	...	4	4	...	...	...	1	3	...	4
3	Giving false informtion ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1
4	False charge of offence made with intent to injure ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
5	Escape from confinement negligently suffered by a public servant	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1
6	Delivery of Queen's coin passed with a knowledge that it is altered	..	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1
7	Fraudulent use of false weight or measure	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
8	Murder	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1
9	Attempt to commit murder.	...	1	1	1	...	3	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	2
10	Hurt	...	52	52	52	...	72	45	...	...	...	1	44	...	45
11	Causing hurt by dangerous weapons...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1
12	Assisting in causing hurt...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1
13	Assault	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
14	Rape	...	1	1	1	...	2	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	2
15	Theft	...	23	23	22	1	41	38	...	16	...	7	13	2	38
61	Extortion	...	1	1	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	Theft in a dwelling house...	...	7	7	7	...	9	7	...	2	...	5	...	...	7
18	Theft by a servant of property in possession of master.	...	5	5	5	...	6	5	...	...	1	3	...	1	5
19	Robbery	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1
20	Dishonest misappropriation of property	...	4	4	4	...	6	5	...	2	1	...	2	...	5
21	Criminal breach of trust ...	...	2	2	2	...	2	2	...	1	...	1	...	...	2
22	Dishonestly receiving stolen property...	...	6	6	6	...	11	11	...	...	...	5	6	...	11
23	Assisting in concealing stolen property	...	3	3	3	...	7	7	...	2	...	1	4	...	7
24	Mischief	...	8	8	8	...	14	10	...	...	...	...	10	...	10
25	Abetting mischief	...	3	3	3	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	4	...	4
26	Criminal trespass	...	1	1	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	House breaking for causing hurt assault &ca.	...	2	2	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	2
28	Taking away with a criminal intent a married woman.	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1
29	Defamation...	...	2	2	2	...	3	3	1	...	...	...	2	...	3
30	Criminal intimidation... ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
31	Insult intended to provoke a breach of peace	...	4	4	4	...	4	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	2
32	Appearing in a public place in drukenuess and annoying the public...	...	1	1	1	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	2
33	Offences against other acts.	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total...	...	180	180	179	1	270	220	1	33	2	32	149	3	220

dix IX.

OF AND CASES AWAITING TRIAL IN BANSDA STATE DURING THE YEAR 1890-91

Number of persons acquitted or discharged	Number of persons confined, being insane	Number of persons died during or before trial	Terms of imprisonment									Remarks
			Under 1 month	From 1 to 2 months	From 2 to 3 months	From 3 to 6 months	From 6 to 12 months	From 1 to 2 years	From 2 to 3 years	From 3 to 5 years	Above 5 years	
17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
3	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	..	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	
27	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	. .	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	...	20	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	...	...	3	1	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	..	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Two accused remained untried at the end of the year.
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
48	...	...	45	13	5	1	1	1	1	...	1	

JHAVERBHAI NATHABAI AMIN
DEWAN OF BANSDA.

Appendix X

STATEMENT SHOWING THE NUMBER OF OFFENCES REPORTED AND OFFENCES DEALT WITH IN THE BANSDA STATE DURING THE YEAR 1890-91 ENDING JULY.

Name of Court	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with.								Persons disposed of					Persons remaining at the end of the year.	Remarks
			Remaining at the end of last year.	Brought to trial, 1890-91					Total								
				Arrested by Police.	Upon Warrant	On Summons	Voluntarily	Arrested in the presence of the Magistrate			Discharged without trial	Acquitted	Convicted	Committed or referred	Died, escaped or transferred		
	1889-90	1890-91							1889-90	1890-91							
The Dewn's ...	20	26	...	32	4	...	...	...	24	36	6	...	30	...	...	...	
The Niab Dewan's	84	62	...	65	...	32	1	1	107	99	11	11	75	1	...	2	
The Head Karkun's	27	92	...	85	...	50	...	...	31	135	12	8	115	1	...	...	
Total...	131	180	...	182	4	82	1	1	162	270	29	19	220	2	...	2	

Appendix XI

STATEMENT SHOWING THE RESULTS OF APPEALS AGAINST DECISIONS PASSED BY THE CRIMINAL COURTS IN THE BANSDA STATE DURING THE YEAR ENDING JULY 1891

State	Tribunals	No. of Applications.	Number of persons and cases.																					
			Applications rejected				Sentences Confirmed				Sentences Modified				Sentences Reversed				Proceedings quashed				Referred				Further inquiry &c. ordered				Pending			
			Persons		Cases		Persons		Cases		Persons		Cases		Persons		Cases		Persons		Cases		Persons		Cases		Persons		Cases		Persons		Cases	
			1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91
Bansda	The Raja Saheb	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	The Dewan	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	2	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

JHAVERBHAI NATHABAI AMIN
DEWAN OF BANSDA.

Appendix XII.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE NUMBER OF PERSONS CONVICTED OR CONFINED IN THE JAIL IN BANSDA STATE DURING THE YEAR 1890-91 ENDING WITH JULY.

Stations	No. of Prisoners	Number of Prisoners				Daily average in Jail		No of prisoners remaining attheend of the year	Totle cost of Jail and prisoners	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in the jail
		Remaining from last year	Admitted during the year	Total						
				1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Bansda	115	17	98	102	115	19	10	5	Rs. As. P. 344- 0- 0	Only one woman who was admitted sick; died of dropsy

Appendix XIII

CIVL WORK, NATURE AND VALUE OF ORIGINAL SUITS FILED AND DISPOSED OF IN BANSDA STATE DURING 1890-91

Nuber	Tribunal	Opening balance		Filed during the year		Total		Disposed of during the year		Closing balance		Suits in 1880-91							Suits disposed of											
		1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	Value			Suits regarding lands and houses	Suits for money transactions	Suits for other rights &c.	Number of suits under Rs 100	No. of suits above Rs 100 and under Rs 500	No. of suits above Rs 500 and under Rs 1000	No. of suits above Rs 1000 and under Rs 5000	No. of suits above Rs 5000	Ex-parte	Admitted and compromised, &c.	Struck off the File &c.	Otherwise disposed of	Value			Years	Months	Days	Remarks
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8			9			10					11				12			13			14	
1	Dewan	0	2	90	96	90	98	88	96	2	2	3236	0	0	1	95	0	88	8	0	0	0	0	35	1	60	3184	0	0	0	0	8	

JHAVERBHAI NATHABAI AMIN
DEWAN OF BANSDA.

Appendix XIV.

CIVIL WORK. RESULTS OF APPLICATIONS FOR EXECUTION OF DECREES.

Numebr.	Tribunal	Opening balance		Value of opening balance for 1890-91.			Application brought to the register			Total.			Disposed of			Closing balance			Nature of applications pending disposal at close of 1890-91			Remarks.
		1889-90	1890-91				1889-90	1890-91	Value for 1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	Value Total for 1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	Value for 1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	Value of closing balance for 1890-91	Below 6 months	Below 12 months	Above 12 months	
1	2	3		4			5			6			7			8			9			10
				Rs	A	P			Rs	A	P							Rs	A	P				
1	Dewan	13	7	1038	0	0	18	28	655	0	0	31	35	1693	0	0	24	11	693	0	0	7	24	1000	0	0	18	4	2	

Appendix XV

REGISTRATION OF DOCUMENTS.

Number	Sub-registry office.	Documents presented for Registration.		Nature of documents presented.										Documents registered		Value of Documents		Documents refused to be registered		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year	
				Mortgages		Sale deeds		Wills		Money bonds		Miscellanous									
		1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91	1889-90	1890-91
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12	
1	Bansda	16	7	5	...	8	6	...	...	...	...	3	1	16	7	3348	...	1400	...	...	...	...	...

JHAVERBHAI NATHABAI AMIN
DEWAN OF BANSDA

Appendik XVI

AGRICULTURE

STATEMENT SHOWING AGRICULTURAL STOCK IN THE BANSDA STATE DURING THE YEAR 1890–91

Number	District	Cattle and other quadrupeds									Ploughs		Carts	
		Bullocks	Cows	Buffaloes		Horses	Mares	Colts & fillies	Asses	Sheep and Goats	With two Bullocks	With four Bullocks	Riding Carts	Carts used in carrying
				Male	Female									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	Bansda	15563	12382	1282	2283	69	25	8	0	7315	6035	28	233	1006

JHAVERBHAI NATHABAI AMIN
DEWAN OF BANSDA.

Appendix

INCOME

No.	Heads of Receipts	A.D 1889-90	A.D.1890-91	Increase	Decrease	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Land Revenue... ...	117503	122313	4810	...	
2	Forest...	17080	17925	845	...	
3	Abkari liquor	81990	94425	12435	...	
4	Do Toddy	2999	3654	655	...	
5	Do Bhang Ganja	26	22	...	4	
6	Judicial fees	289	363	74	...	
7	Magisterial fines ...	554	1460	906	...	
8	Interest on loans &c.	8967	3738	...	5229	
9	Opium	293	272	...	21	
10	Giras	279	445	166	...	
11	Tolls	1554	1717	263	...	
12	Ferries	9	7	...	2	
13	Rent of houses... ...	1276	927	...	349	
14	Rent of Estate outside the State... ...	218	218	...	...	
15	Miscellaneons	5568	4436	...	1132	
16	Registration of documents	33	11	...	22	
17	School fees	60	74	14	...	
18	Garden produce ...	88	7		81	
19	Sale of animals ...	1082	78		1004	
20	Do Jewels	8963	180		3756	
21	Presentsfromrelations	1646	2444	798	...	
22	Jail	462	343	...	119	
23	Cattle Pounds	114	95		19	
	Total	245926	255154	20966	11738	

Net increase Rs 9228.

XVII

EXPENDITURE

No.	Heads of Expenidture	Fasli A. D. 1889-90	Fasli A. D. 1890-91	Increase	Decrease	Cause
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Medical...	2796	2782	.....	14	
2	Forest	1918	2161	243	.....	
3	Abkari	18802	25806	7004	.....	
4	Vaccination	277	395	118	.....	
5	Library	258	155	.....	103	
6	Police and other guards	8020	9654	1634	.....	
7	Paga and Stable	21137	23556	2419	.....	
8	Cattle Pounds	35	30	.....	5	
9	Jail	759	344	.....	415	
10	Cash allowances and temple servants	10772	11135	363	.....	
11	Tolls	390	435	45	.....	
12	Ferries	95	91	.....	4	
13	Public works	32432	32584	152	.....	
14	Dewan Kacheri	4877	4930	53	.....	
15	Naib Dewan's office ...	5177	5858	681	.....	
16	Collecting Estt.	9245	9192	.....	53	
17	Education	3723	4915	1192	.....	
18	Garden charges	1123	1053	.....	70	
19	Municipality	1264	1170	.....	94	
20	Contingent	693	966	273		
21	Printing charges	...	396	396	.....	
22	Deficit in grainery ...	532	315	.....	217	
23	Remissions	1008	207	.....	801	
24	Income Tax on interest of loans	164	27	.....	137	
25	Miscellaneous	525	351	.....	174	
26	Rewards for Destruction of wild animals	64	31	.....	33	
27	Railway fare, Cart hire, & Bhatta	2292	2595	303	.....	
28	Purchase of Jewels.....	11398	2466	.....	8932	
29	Presents to relations &c.	4992	5816	824	.....	
30	Devsthan Dharmada ...	2646	3357	711	.....	
31	Festivals	1366	1366	.....	.....	
32	Ceremonies of the birth of a prince	.....	2947	2947	.....	
33	Marriage of the Raja Saheb	9449	.....	.....	9449	
34	Death ceremony of the Raja Saheb's step mother	4345	1024	.....	3321	
35	Palace Estt	7152	9399	2247	.....	
36	Pocket Expenses to Raja Sheb and Rani sahebs	17958	18384	426	.....	
37	Purchase of clothing ...	2848	4392	1544	.....	
38	Do Furniture ...	1011	865	.....	146	
39	Kitchen	7947	5977	.....	1970	
40	Miscellaneous	3247	2553	.....	694	
41	Houses Purchased in Billimora	2049	223	.....	1826	
42	Pregnency ceremoney of the Rani Saheb... ...	.....	2762	2762	.....	
43	Rajasaheb's tour to Surat to see H. E. the Governor	.....	1190	1190	.....	
44	General census of 1891...	.....	263	263	.....	
45	Hospitality of the Raja Saheb of Nadod	.....	2994	2994	.....	
	Grand Total ...	204786	207112	30784	28458	

Net decrease Rs 2326

JHAVERBHAI NATAHBAI AMIN
DEWAN OF BANSDA.

ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

BANSDA STATE

FOR 1891-92.

No. 48 of 1892.

FROM

THE DEWAN OF BANSDA

To

J. W. A. WEIR ESQUIRE

AG. AGENT TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR AT

SURAT

BANSDA STATE PALACE

10th AUGUST 1892.

SIR

I have the honor to submit the following annual Administration report of the Bansda State for the year ending 31st Ultimo.

2. The prescribed Statements accompany.

CHAPTER I.

POLITICAL.

3. The relations of the State with the British Government and the neighbouring Native States were cordial.

4. As in the last year, our Rajasaheb travelled through several villages of the territory examining on his way the schools and public works.

He enquired into the wants and condition of the ryots and compared their receipt books.

5. In September last, he went to Bombay for medical advice and stayed there for a fortnight for change of climate. He visited most of the important institutions and places of interest and made charitable gifts of Rs. 205 viz Rs. 100 to Leper house; Rs 50 to Sir Jamsedji Jijibhai's charitable hospital's alm's box; Rs. 50 to deaf and dumb Institution and Rs. 5 to destitutes.

6 The death of the Rajasaheb's grand mother who was an old lady was the only domestic occurrence during the year.

Changes in Administration.

7. There was no change in the personnel or strength of officers. Promotion and rewards were given to deserving servants for meritorious services.

CHAPTER II.

ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

8. The revenue survey settlement rates are moderate and leave ample profit to cultivators.

9. There are no special tenures except specific terms on which waste lands are rented for cultivation.

10. The following table gives details of culturable land.

Extent of culti vable area for.		Taken up in.		Waste remaining at the end of the year		Percentage of cultivable land lying waste in	
1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1991-92
69895	69895	911	2665	34091	31426	49	45

11, Efforts were continued to attract settlers but the cultivation does not extend speedily owing to the scanty population, unhealthy climate and bad water. These facts are explained by the physical and ethnical character of the country.

12. The Revenue Accounts were punctually written and regularly examined whereby no error or fraud was committed.

13. Boundary dispute-Nil.

14. Ward's estate under the State management-None.

CHAPTER III.

PROTECTION.

(*a*) LEGISLATION.

15. There has been no change under this head during the year.

(*b*) MILITARY.

16. There is neither a regular military force nor did any change in the strength and management of the sowar's Establishment occur during the year. Regular dresses of English fashion were supplied to a party of 8 men. The others were supplied with Native dresses.

(*c*) DISTRICT POLICE.

17. Appendix No: VI gives details of the strength, cost and education of the District Police. A trained man was engaged to teach discipline during the year whereby much improvement has taken place. Accoutrements were duly provided, but the Fusils indented for last year through you have not yet been provided.

18. Of the 311 persons concerned in 211 offences, 173 were committed by the Police. Out of the total number of offences 55 per-cent were cognizable cases. 11 cases remained undetected. They were chiefly of thefts, to trace which it is very difficult owing to the vicinity of foreign territories where the culprits escape.

19. The Abkari Police confined their attention solely to the prevention and detection of Abkari Crimes where-by illicit distillation was greatly checked.

STOLEN PROPERTY.

20. The value of property stolen was Rs. 909 against Rs. 182

in the foregoing year whilst the recovery was of Rs. 396 as compared with Rs. 68 in the preceding year. The percentage of recovery rose from 37 to 44. The average value of property concerned in each offence was Rs. 15, most of the thefts being of trifling value.

VLLAGEI POLICE.

21. There was no change under this head. Most of the village police men are Kali Paraj and superstitious. The idea of devils has spread deep roots in their heads. In all other matters they are well behaved. 26 Inquests were held by the Patels in which the following verdicts were recorded.

5 Suicide	12 Snakebites.
3 drowning	6 accidental.

(*d*) CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

22. The number and powers of Courts were the same as in the year preceding. The total number of offences was 211 against 180 in the preceding year. The increase of crime is under the heads of petty hurt, theft and insult. The number of other offences fluctuated slightly. The heinous offences were very limited and were due to the superstition of witches. Out of the 311 persons presented for trial, 211 were convicted, 55 discharged before trial, 43 acquitted, one died during trial, and one was under trial at the end of the year. The percentages of conviction and release to trial were 68 & 32 respectively. The duration of trials before the Criminal Courts was 2 days on an average.

23. CRIMINAL APPEALS against the decisions of the Dewan's Court were only two, or 4 percent of the number of persons dealt with. In both of them the convictions were upheld but the sentences were made slightly lenient on acount of mercy 3 appeals against the decisions of the lower Courts were made to the Dewan who confirmed the convictions and sentences in two cases and modified in one.

(e) EXTRADITION.

24. The demands for prisoners from and upon the Bansda State were duly satisfied. Periodical detailed returns of the result of the trials of prisoners surrendered to us were sent to you punctually.

(f) PRISONS.

25. The health and conduct of the prisoners were good. Jail discipline was properly observed. There were two deaths owing to fever and enlargement of spleen. The prisoners were chiefly employed on public works and gardens. The cost of maintenance was Rs. 754 against an earning of Rs. 378. The Jail was very often visited by the Rajasaheb, Dewan, Naib Dewan and the Medical officer. The total number of convicts in Jail at the end of the year was 34.

LOCK UP.

26. One of the Jail rooms is assigned for this purpose. The average period of detention of the accused prior to trial in each case was of 2 days.

CIVIL JAIL.

27. A cell of the prison is allotted for civil prisoners. One person only was confined during the year for merely 3 days.

(g) CIVIL JAIL.

Original Suits.

28. There was no change in the constitution, number and power of Courts. Two cases were in hand at the commencement and 212 were filed during the course of the year. All of them, except 8, were disposed of. Each case was decided within 8 days on an average. The claims were mostly of small debts remaining unpaid owing to poverty. Many of them were admitted and settled privately.

DECREES.

29. 24 were in hand and 82 were received for execution during the year. Of these, 66 have been fully satisfied and 40 are in course of execution. Many of the latter were brought to the register at the close of the year.

30. No application was received for certificate of heir-ship or administration &ca.

CIVIL APPEALS.

31. The subjoined statement shows that only one appeal was made in which the decision was up-held.

Name of Court	Opening balance		Filed during the year		Total		Disposed of during		Closing balance		Value of appeals filed during the year		How disposed of					Average Duration in					
																		1890-91			1891-92		
													Decisions confirmed		Decisions reversed		Decisions amended		Cases remanded for retrial		Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of	Years	Months	Days	Years	Months	Days
51	2		3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92								
The Rajasaheb's Huzur	...	...	3	1	3	1	3	1	...	...	89	239	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	...	...	1

32. The Mamletdar's Court Act is not in force, as hardly any case under the act arises in the territory.

33. (*h*) REGISTRATION work done during the year will be seen from the following table.

Description	1890–91			1891–92			Remarks
	Number of deeds	Value of property	Fees realized	Number of deeds	Value of property	Fees realized	
Mortgage... ...	0	0	0	3	925	4–10–0	
Sale...	6	1350	10–12–0	7	704	6—8–0	
Will...	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Money bond ...	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Miscellaneous...	1	50	0—8–0	1	326	6—8–0	
Totel...	7	1400	11—4–0	11	1955	17–10–0	
Deduct expenditure	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Net profit... ...	0	0	11–4–0	0	0	17–10–0	

Poverty of the ryots limits the number of transactions and in consequence the number of registration also is small.

(*i*) MUNICIPAL ADMINISTRATION.

34. Bansda is the only town and it has a Municipality, which is maintained solely at the cost of the Darbar without a levy of any sort from the ryots. Exclusive of road repairs, the cost of which is debited to public Works, the expenditure was Rs. 1293 on account of lighting and cleaning the town and maintaining a Fire extinguishing brigade.

CHAPTER IV Production & distribution.

AGRICULTURE.

35. Native implements of husbandry are kept in the Public Work's Compound for the purpose of show. They are lent for use also to poor ryots. Liberal advances of money and grain are given to the needy. Boring apparatus is lent gratis to persons desirous to sink wells. Native tobacco and English vegetables as well as grafts of mango and other trees were grown in the State garden for trial. Their result was favourable. People are also induced to grow cotton and wheat. Pure good quality of seed is supplied to them by the Darbar on demand.

TAGAVI.

36. In addittion to 17,088 Rs. lent at very low interest for improvement of soil, purchase of bullocks & construction of wells and houses; seed as per following table was given during the year.

Rice	Nagli	Jowar	Kodra	Urid	Gram	Watana	Cotton	Tuwer	Total maunds
2,591	787	54	167	20	1	8½	3½	5	3,637

STALLIONS.

37. To improve the breed of cattle, 3 stallion horses, a bull and a he-buffaloe are maintained at the expense of the State. No fee is charged for their services. The records of the services of stallion horses show that 9 mares were covered, of whom 6 are in foal during the year. Out of those covered last year, 4 breeded giving 2 fillies & 2 colts.

WEATHER.

38. Maleria prevailed as usual during winter, while the temperature varied from 50 in December to 112 in March. The mean being 80. The unhealthy climate detracts new settlers.

39. RAIN was more than sufficient and suitable during the year. It arrived on the 10th June and ended on 9th October. The Bansda Medical Officer takes measurements of daily fall regularly. The guage is in good order and gives accurate measure. The following table shows the rain fall of the last 5 years.

Year	1887	1888	1889	1890	1891	1892 up to August 1st
Rain inches	109	58	65	95	120	48

CROPS.

40. The kharif, Rabi and irrigated crops yielded fairly owing to seasonable rain. Locusts did not appear.

41. (*b*) WAGES AND LABOUR, as well as prices of food were very nearly the same as in the previous year.

(*c*) FOREST.

42. Four more guards were added to the strength of Establishment during the year. The management was continued as usual. Seed of timber were gathered and planted in a few plots in 4 villages. Smooth and level cutting of stumps was made to allow new growth of good timber. Large areas of waste land afford grazing without injury to the Forest reserves.

For the construction of houses, stables, carts and agricultural implements, timber valued at Rs. 3951 was given gratis to ryots whilst old ripe wood of the value of Rs. 24,072 was sold and used in the State Public Works. The forest was well preserved from axe and fire.

(*d*) TRADE AND MANUFACTURE.

43. There is nothing worthy of note. Grain, leather and mhowra seed and flower are the principal articles of trade. All these are exported except mhowra flower which are consumed by the local distillery.

44. Pecuniary and material support was given to the Surat-Local show. Of the several exhibits sent to the show from here, a Leather harness, a writing box, agricultural products and Goldsmith's work won prizes and certificates of commendation as well as a medal.

45. There is no mill or factory. Making Baskets & mats of Bamboo as well as pressing oil from mhowra seed are the chief industries.

(e) FAIRS.

46. The Deoki Unai fair was well attended to by the surrounding ryots. Arrangements for accommodation, protection and sanitation were duly made. Neither any epidemic nor fire having broken out, the fair ended satisfactorily. The small Hatwadas or weekly fairs were met as usual.

47. PUBLIC WORKS were carried out as per following table solely at the cost of the State, as local funds are not levied.

Works	State fund.	Local fund.	Remarks.
REPAIRS			
Tanks and wells	534		
Roads and Road side trees...	3873		
Palace	3159		
Schools	180		
Other buildings	4381		
NEW WORKS			
Staging Bungalows	3127		
Extension of Distillery	3069		
Tanks, wells and Bunds	2565		
Cattle Pounds	21		
Roads	802		
Establisnment...	2345		
Tools and plants	275		
Police Line	6609		
Elephants quarters	4161		
Total...	35101	...	

4 staging Bungalows, 4 wells, 3 Tanks, one Bund, a Police line of 14 rooms and a stable for elephants were the chief buildings constructed during the year. A cleared road of 10 miles from Bansda to Chorawni was opened and plans and estimates are ready for two other roads which will be taken in hand on the opening of the season. Ordinary repairs to the metalled road to Kathrot and other cleared roads and buildings were duly carried out. Owing to want of labourers and materials, as stated last year, all the works budgetted for could not be completed. They will be commenced soon after the rains are over. The total expenditure on Public works was more than 1/9 of the revenue and if the whole item budgetted against would have been availed of it could have amounted to $\frac{1}{6}$th.

CHAPTER V

Revenue and Finance.

48. Appendix XVII shows the income and expenditure during the year as compared with the past. The causes of large increases or decreases are as follows. Other fluctuations do not require explanation.

INCOME.

49. Extention of cultivation accounts for increase in Land Revenue.

50. Felling of old ripe wood to replace new ones and increase in the rate of fees augmented the revenue of Forest.

51. The Abkari revenue increased with the increase in rates of sale of liquor and strict check of illicit distillation in hills and Jungles.

52. Institution of more claims caused increase in judicial fees.

53. Interest on loans and Giras receipts increased owing to collection of arrears.

EXPENDITURE.

54. Medical charges increased on account of the opening of a Travelling charitable dispensary during the year.

55. Abkari expenses were more owing to dear rates charged by the contractor.

56. The decrease in Paga charges is due to cheap provisions and less purchase of animals.

57. The Jail expenses increased on account of supply of a fresh stock of pots &ca.

58. Cash allowances and temple servants charges were more because arrears were defrayed.

59. The increase under Ferries is due to the construction of a new boat.

60. More works of public utility caused increase in charges under that head.

61. The increase under the heads Dewan and Naib-Dewan Kacheries is attributed to promotion and presents to deserving employes for good services.

62. Education charges were more last year owing to gifts made to certain institutions of Surat.

63. Contingent expenses increased because the purchases for the ensuing year are debited in the year under report whilst the deficit in grainery increased owing to the deficit of all sorts having been brought to account.

64. The increase under the heads–purchase of Jewels,clothing and furniture is due to things purchased for the use of the 2nd Kunversaheb.

CHAPTER VI.

Vital statistics and Medical services.

65. In addition to the Ratan Kunverba charitable hospital located at Bansda Kasba, a travelling Dispensary has been opened since May last for the benefit of the villagers who generally labour under the suspicion of spirit possession when they fall sick. A special man has been deputed for the work. His duty is to travel through out the year in all villages of the territory and to treat the sick gratis. Hitherto it was the belief of the Kali Paraj race that they fall sick only if the evil spirits be displeased with them and therefore instead of administering any medicine, they generally

used to consult Bhagats or exorcist who deceived the innocent and candid persons by naming one of the old and bad looking woman as Dakan or evil spirit. Upon this the relations of the sick combined with their neighbours used to condemn the woman and to get rid of her either by expelling her from the village or killing her. Now by the use of the medicines given by the said dispensary the people are cured and they gradually begin to understand that it is the physical disorder that makes them sick and not the ghosts.

66. The following table shows the work of the medical institutions.

Hospital	No. of patients treated.		Results.				Expense	Daily average.
	Indoor	Outdoor	Discharged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment		
Ratan Kuwar Ba. Hospital	75	New cases 9628 Old cases 39574	...	...	6	...	...	135
Travelling Dispensary opened since May last.	...	New cases 2345 Old cases 1468	...	...	...	...	3439 ...	34

The number of both indoor and outdoor patients increased slightly owing to the establishment of the travelling dispensary. The deaths amongst the indoor were a great deal less than in the year preceding. For the reasons mentioned last year an attempt to classify the result is not made.

67. There were only three Cholera cases; two in the month of August and one in January. None of them was fatal, the epidemic having disappeared in a couple of days.

68. 28 major and 419 minor operations were performed. One of them was unsucessful. The prevalent diseases were generally the same as in last year, but intestinal worms were very common. One Postmortem examination was held. There was no cattle disease. 38 animals were treated at the Hospital viz one elephant, 13 bullocks 7 Buffaloes, 2 cows, 13 horses and 2 camels.

69. There being no Hospital committee, these institutions were visited by the Rajasaheb, the Dewan and the Naib-Dewan. The records are kept upto date and the stock of medicines and instruments are sufficient. The Hospital building was kept up in good repairs. The sanitary condition of the town is fair and the water supply is ample. The medical Officer and his staff worked satisfactorily.

70. BIRTHS AND DEATHS are recorded by the village officers. The following is a comparative table of their record.

Item	1890-91	1891-92	Increase	Decrease
Births	934	893	...	41
Deaths	569	599	30	...

The ratio of births and deaths per 1000 is 22 and 15 respectively. Most of the deaths were due to fevers.

71. VACCINATION work done during the year was as follows.

Operation by whom performed	Number of persons vaccinated in		Result			
			Successful		Unsuccessful	
	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92
State Vaccinator.	1445	1656	1436	1643	9	13

Total expense of the operations was Rs. 340 as compared with Rs. 395 in the past year.

72. The Inspector of Vaccination visited the territory and examined the work of the Vaccinator. He was satisfied with the result.

CHAPTER VII. Instruction

73. The following table shows the statistics concserning education given during the year.

Number	Description of schools	Number of pupils on the roll on		Daily average attendance in 1892	Standard uptowhich instruction is imparted.	Remarks.
		31-3-90	31-3-91			
1	Bansda A. V	32	37	26	V	English.
2	,, Vernaular...	117	130	91	V	
3	Wandervela ...	29	32	17	V	
4	Chapuldhara...	42	52	34	V	
5	Kathrot, ...	22	21	14	III	
6	Lakhavadi ...	24	21	13	V	
7	Bhinar ...	26	20	10	II	
8	Moti Valzer...	25	38	18	IV	
9	Sindhi ...	55	53	36	V	
10	Charvi ...	30	27	24	III	
11	Andhatri ...	31	30	18	V	
12	Kurelia ...	27	30	17	IV	
13	Limzar ...	37	27	23	II	
14	Khata Amba...	13	17	10	I	
15	Wagan ...	29	13	13	II	
16	Bansda girls'...	68	61	43	IV	
17	,, Urdu...	37	42	26	IV	
	Total....	644	651	433	...	

There are no indiginous municipal, Local board or night schools. Education is backward owing to natural difficulties. The Kali Paraj live in scattered hamlets and are reluctant to send their children to schools. Encouragement in the shape of gifts of clothing, books, pens, slates, presents of cash and scholarships and free admission to Kali Paraj were continued

and yet at the recommendation of the Deputy Educational Inspector one school had to be transferred to another village on account of want of attendence, and another school has been given an extension of one year for further trial.

74. 4 more scholarships were created during the year for destitute boys. One vacant scholarship for a boy who may attend a High school was availed of during the year by a Brahmin boy of Bansda.

75. Deserving masters were promoted and sufficient strength of teachers provided. All the schools were visited frequently by the Dewan and occasionally by the Raja Saheb and other Officials.

76. All the schools were examined by the British Educational authorities and you yourself being present at the prize distribution were entirely satisfied with the good result. As regards the Gymnasium you specially made a remark that "the performances were surprisingly good, "much better than any you have seen in any British school." You were so pleased with the exercises that you gave a few rupees from your own pocket as presents to the boys.

77. I am glad to note that Sursing, a scholar sent up from Bansda school to the Ahmedabad Training College, passed the first year's examination.

78. The result of the examination of the vernacular schools was as under.

Standards	1890-91		1891-92		
	Number presented	Number passed	Number presented	Number passed	
I	97	76	88	78	
II	54	39	62	46	
III	47	25	38	29	
IV	23	12	32	21	
V	8	1	14	7	
VI	...	...	...	...	
Total.	229	153	234	181	

The Anglo Vernacular school presented 28 boys for the examination, 22 of them passed in all heads of the standards concerned.

79. In showing satisfaction at the good result of the examinations the Deputy Educational Inspector remarked that "the Rajasaheb and the Dewan "Rao Bahadoor Jhaverbhai take great interest in the matter of physical "training also. The Bansda Guzerati school has a Gymnasiun equipped with "a nice set of gymnastic apparatus and the boys perform very good physical "exercises there. The Rajasaheb also encourages the education of the Kali "Paraj races who form a very large majority of the population of the state. "Rewards in books, clothing and money are given to the pupils of these people."

CHAPTER VIII Miscellaneous.

80. WILD ANIMALS, were destroyed at an expense of Rs. 30. 3 panthers were caught by trap and 4 were shot. 3 zaraks and one crocodile were also killed. 12 deaths were caused by venomous animals.

81. TELE GRAPH, wire at the Billimora railway station is resorted to by Bansda, there being no other nearer.

POST OFFICE.

82. There is nothing worthy of record except that a number of letters from and to Bansda disappeared. A complaint in the matter was made to the Postal Inspector both verbally and in writing and enquiries were duly made by him but no trace was found. Under the circumstances it is dangerous to trust the local Postal arrangement.

83. RECORDS, have mostly been classified, indexed and shelved. A separate room has been alloted for it. The current records are up to date. Old useless records are being destroyed.

PRESS.

84. There is no printing press in the State.

LIBRARY.

85. The Gulabsingji charitable reading room was maintained at the Darbar expense of Rs. 160. The periodicals and news-papers were subscribed as usual and new books of the value of Rs. 25 were purchased.

TAXES.

86. Transit duties are not levied.

NAKAS.

87. For the collection of fees on Forest produce remain unchanged.

88. AGREEMENTS, made by the State with the British Government were adhered to as usual.

89. In conclusion, I should mention, that owing to the hearty Co-operation of the heads of the several departments, the result of the years administration has been so satisfactory as to reflect credit on them.

I have the honor to be

Sir

Your most obedient servant

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN

DEWAN OF BANSDA

Appendix I.

Political relations of the Native States.

Name of State	Tribute in men or Money.		Estimated population	Schools	Persons being taught	Persons who have been vaccinated	Prevailing disease	Supposed gross Revenue	Military force	Transit dues levied or not	Principal articles of production, manufacture and mines.
	Amount	To whom payable									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Bansda	Rs. As. 153—8	British Government	According to the census of 1891 41373	17	651	1656	Malarious fevers Rhemuatic and syphilitic affections, Skin eye & ear diseases Intestinal worms	3,00,383	Nil	Not	Agricultural products Riee, Nagli, Gram. Jowar, Kodra, Pulses. —— Manufactures, Bamboo mats, fans and baskets. Stone metal is found in mines

Appendix II.

Political Relations

Native Chiefs, Principal Male members of their families and principal members of their Courts. 1891–92.

No.	Name of Individual state and Family to which he belongs.	Residence	Present position	Caste, Race and Religion	Age	How and where educated	How employed	Has Sanad Authorizing adoption or not	Family follows primogeniture or not	Has maleheirs or not	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12

1	Maha Raul Shri Pratapsingji Gulabsingji Bansda State. Wansadia Family	Bansda town.	Raja	Solanki Rajput Hindu	28	By attending the RajKumar College at Raj kot in Kathiawar.	Ruling his state.	Yes	Yes	Yes
2	Maha Raul Shri Indrasingji Pratapsingji Bansda State Wansadia Family.	Do.	Patvi Kuwar (Heir apparent)	Do.	4¾	...	...	...	...	...
3	Maha Raul Shri Pravinsingji Pratrapsingji Bansda Stat Wansadia Family	Do.	2nd Prince.	Do.	1½	...	...	...	...	...
4	Jhaverbhai Nathabhai. Amin Family.	VirsadTaluka Borsad in the Kaira District	Dewan.	Leva Patidar Leva race Hindu Vishnav	40	By attending the Ahmedabad High. School. Has passed the examinations of Survey Deptt. 3rd & 2nd class magisterial & Lower and Higher Standards'.	Controller of all the Departments in the state	...	...	...
5	Pranshanker Dayashankar Pathek Family.	Bardoli in Surat District.	Naib-Dewan.	Audich Shahastra Brahmin Hindu Shiv	36	By attending the Poona Engineering College has passed the Matriculation & L. C. E. Examinations.	Head of the revenue and P.W. Deptt.	...	...	...
6	Hormasji Byramji Dastoor Dastoor Family.	Town of Broach in the District of Broach	Medical Officer	Parsi Zorastrian	34	By attending the Medical College has passed the Matriculation & L. M. & S. Examinations.	Chief Medical officer.	...	...	...

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN
DEWAN OF BANSDA.

Appendix III.

Civil Divisions Of Territory Under Political Control 1891-92.

Division	Executive District	Number of Executive Subdivisions	Area in square miles	Population	Chief Towns with Population		Number of Villages	Number of Civil Judges	Number of stipendiary magistrates	Maximum distance in miles of villages from nearest courts	Average distance in miles of villages from neaaest courts	Number of police	Total cost of officialsand police of all kinds	State Revenue		Remarks
					Head quarter Town	Population								Land	Gross	
1	2	3	2	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Surat agency	Bansda	...	215	41,373	Bansda	30,003	87	1	3	16	7½	75	9,747	1,25,159	3,003,83	

Appendix IV.

Population Of Native States. Bansda State 1891-92.

N. D.	Commissionerships	District	Inhabited houses	Population in 1892.						Classification of population of the general census of 1891									Occupation		Prevailing languages	Emigration or immigration during the year.
				Men	Women	Children under 15 years		Total	Number per square mile	Christians			Hindus	Mahomedans	Parsis	Budhists and Jains	Aboriginals	Others	Total male Agriculturists incluing Land lords Cultivators agricultural Labourers	Total non-agricultural males		
						Male	Female			Europeans	East Indian and other mixed races	Natives										
1	2		3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	Bansda		7832	21,489	19,884	included in cole 4	ncluded in col 5	41373	192	...	...	...	40303	888	137	37	...	...	21200	289	Gujerati Marathi	...

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN
Dewan of Bansda State.

Appendix V.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE STRENGTH, COST, AND OTHER PARTICULARS OF THE MILITARY FORCE IN BANSDA STATE, 1891–92.

Arm of Service.	Total number of fighting officers and men							Details of force at the end of the year.						Total cost of pay and and allowances of officers, Non-commissioned officers and men including Followers	Remarks.
	remaining at the end of last year	Recruited this year (a)	Died. In action	Died. Otherwise	Died. Total	Invalided	Discharged, deserted &c (b)	Remaining at the end of the year	Number of Regiment, Battalions or Batteries	Number of Guns	Number of Men: European Commissioned officers	Native commissioned officers	Non-commissioned officers	Fighting Men		
Cavalry																There is no military regular force but there are 22 sowars who serve as Police Sowars and escorts &ca. There is a party of 25 Arabs who serve as Palace and Treasury guards and are included in the Police.
Sappers																
Artillery																
Infantry																
Total																

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN
DEWAN OF BANSDA.

Appendix VI.

STATEMENTS SHOWING THE STRENGTH, COST, DISCIPLINE AND EDUCATION OF THE POLICE, IN BANSDA STATE.

Description of officer	Number	Pay of the Grade	Total Expenditure.	Punishment			Rewards		Education		Remarks.
				Dismissed	Fined, Degraded, or suspended departmently	Judicially punished	By promotion	By money rewards	Number able to read and write	Number under instruction	
Chief Police officer			9747 (Including accoutrements.)								Including 25 Arabs and a few other guards
Inspector of Polcie											
Chief constable	1	45		...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Head Constables	1	22		...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
	1	15		...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
Constables of different	2	12		1	...	...	...	...	1	...	
	2	10		...	...	...	1	...	1	...	
Classes...	1	9		...	...	...		...	...	...	
	16	8		...	...	...		...	...	...	
	51	7 & under		1	7	1	...	1	3	...	
Total...	75	...	...	2	14	1	1	1	8	...	

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN
DEVAN OF BANSDA.

Appendix VII.

STATEMENE SHOWING THE RESULTS OF THE WORKING OF THE POLICE IN BANSDA STATE, DURING THE YEAR ENDING 1891-92.

Name of State	Number of offences		Number of accused arrested		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted		Number of accused acquitted or discharged		Percentage convicted of accused arrested (columns 3 & 4)		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial	
	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92
Bansda	124	117	185	173	182	173	162	140	20	31	89	81	89	81

Appendix VIII.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE VALUE OF PROPERTY STOLEN AND AMOUNT OF RECOVERIES IN BANSDA STATE, DURING THE YEAR ENDING 1891-92.

State	Amount stolen		Amount recovered		Percentage of recoveries of propertystolen		Remarks
	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	
Bansda	182	909	68	396	37	44	

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN
DEWAN OF BANSDA.

Appen

STATEMENT SHOWING THE NUMBER OF CRIMES COMMITTED, NUMBER OF CASES DISPOSED

No.	Description of crime or offence	Number of crimes			Number of cases disposed of during 1891-92	Number of cases undisposed of during 1891-92	Number of persons apprehended	Number of persons convicted	Number of persons sentenced to						
		Balance on 1st August 1892.	Committed during 1891-92	Total					Imprisonment only		Imprisonment and Fine		Fine only	Whipping	Total
									Simple	Rigorous	Simple	Rigorous			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1	Offences falling under Abkari Act	0	34	34	34	0	43	41	1	3	0	4	33	0	41
2	Giving false information to Police	0	2	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
3	Obstructing public Servant in discharge of his public functions	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	Giving false evidence ...	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
5	Takinggiftto screen offender	0	1	1	1	0	4	4	0	0	0	4	0	0	4
6	Escape from confinement...	0	2	2	2	0	2	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	2
7	Obstruction in a law-ful apprehension	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
8	Adulterating food	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
9	Rashly driving	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
10	Murder	0	1	1	1	0	3	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	3
11	Culpable homicide	0	1	1	1	0	8	8	0	6	0	2	0	0	8
12	Abetting murder	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
13	Attempt to commit suicide.	0	2	2	2	0	2	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	2
14	Voluntarily causing hurt...	0	50	50	50	0	81	18	0	0	0	0	18	0	18
15	Voluntarily causing grievous hurt	0	5	5	5	0	5	3	0	1	0	1	1	0	3
16	Voluntarily causing hurt on grave provocation... ...	0	2	2	2	0	6	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	2
17	Causing hurt by dangerous weapons	0	4	4	4	0	8	7	0	2	1	4	0	0	7

dix IX.

OF AND CASES AWAITING TRIAL IN BANSDA STATE DURING THE YEAR 1891–92.

Number ofpersons acquitted or discharged	Number of persons confined, being insane	Number of persons died during or before trial	Terms of imprisonment									Remarks
			Under 1 month	From 1 to 2 months	From 2 to 3 months	From 3 to 6 months	From 6 to 12 months	From 1 to 2 years	From 2 to 3 years	From 3 to 5 years	Above 5 years	
17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
2	0	0	7	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	
0	0	0	0	6	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	0	0	1	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	

Appen

STATEMENT SHOWING THE NUMBER OF CRIMES COMMITTED, NUMBER OF CASES DISPOSED

No.	Description of crime or offence	Number of crimes			Number of cases disposed of during 1891-92	Number of cases undisposed of during 1891-92	Number of persons apprehended	Number of persons convicted	Number of persons sentenced to						
		Balance on 1st August 1892.	Committed during 1891-92	Total					Imprisonment only		Imprisonment and Fine		Fine only	Whipping	Total
									Simple	Rigorous	Simple	Rigorous			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1	Offences falling under Abkari Act	0	34	34	34	0	43	41	1	3	0	4	33	0	41
2	Giving false information to Police	0	2	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
3	Obstructing public Servant in discharge of his public functions	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	Giving false evidence ...	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
5	Takinggiftto screen offender	0	1	1	1	0	4	4	0	0	0	4	0	0	4
6	Escape from confinement...	0	2	2	2	0	2	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	2
7	Obstruction in a law-ful apprehension	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
8	Adulterating food	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
9	Rashly driving	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
10	Murder	0	1	1	1	0	3	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	3
11	Culpable homicide	0	1	1	1	0	8	8	0	6	0	2	0	0	8
12	Abetting murder	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
13	Attempt to commit suicide.	0	2	2	2	0	2	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	2
14	Voluntarily causing hurt...	0	50	50	50	0	81	18	0	0	0	0	18	0	18
15	Voluntarily causing grievous hurt	0	5	5	5	0	5	3	0	1	0	1	1	0	3
16	Voluntarily causing hurt on grave provocation... ...	0	2	2	2	0	6	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	2
17	Causing hurt by dangerous weapons	0	4	4	4	0	8	7	0	2	1	4	0	0	7

2	0	0	7	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
0	0	0	0	6	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	1	3	1	2	0	0	0	0	0

18	Wrongful confinement ...	0	1	1	1	0	2	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
19	Assault	0	3	3	3	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
20	Assault to deter a public servant from discharge of his duty	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
21	Use of criminal force on grave provocation	0	4	4	4	0	4	4	0	1	0	1	2	0	4
22	Kidnapping	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
23	Rape	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
24	Theft	1	27	28	28	0	47	43	0	25	0	4	13	1	43
25	Theft in a dwelling house	0	6	6	6	0	13	10	0	0	0	10	0	0	10
26	Theft by a servant of property in possession of Master	0	9	9	9	0	9	8	0	0	0	8	0	0	8
27	Robbery	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
28	Abetting Decoity.. ...	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
29	Dishonest misappropriation of propery	0	2	2	2	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
30	Criminal breach ef trust by public servant... ...	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31	Dishonestly receiving stolen property.	0	3	3	3	0	3	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	2
32	Assisting in concealing stolen property	0	2	2	2	0	3	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	2
33	Cheating and dishonestly inducing delivery of property	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1

...	..	...	2	...	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	...	..	...	...	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	
..	...	...	...	..	..	0	0	0	0	0	0	
..	...	...	1	1	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	
...	...	...	..	...	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 Pending
...	...	...	..	..	...	0	0	1	0	0	0	
4	...	...	23	6	..	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3	...	..	6	..	...	3	1	0	0	0	0	
1	...	...	7	1	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	
...	..	..	1	..	..	0	0	0	0	0	0	
...	..	...	...	...	...	0	0	1	0	0	0	
...	...	...	...	...	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	..	...	...	...	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	..	...	...	...	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
..	...	1	..	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
...	..	...	...	...	...	0	1	0	0	0	0	

34	Mischief	...	5	5	5	...	9	6	...	1	...	...	5	...	6
35	Criminal trespass... ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
36	House breaking	...	3	3	3	...	8	7	...	...	..	7	...	...	7
37	Lurking house breaking...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	..	1	1
38	Defamation	...	1	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	1
39	Insult intended to provoke a breach of peace ..	...	18	18	18	...	21	12	...	..	...	...	12	..	12
40	Appearing in a public place in drukenness.. ...	...	3	3	3	...	3	3	...	..	...	...	3	...	3
41	Offences under other Acts..	...	4	4	4	...	4	3	...	..	...	1	2	...	3
	Total...	1	210	211	210	1	311	211	2	50	5	50	102	2	211

dix IX.

OF AND CASES AWAITING TRIAL IN BANSDA STATE DURING THE YEAR 1891-92.

Number of persons acquitted or discharged	Number of persons confined, being insane	Number of persons died during or before trial	Terms of imprisonment									Remarks
			Under 1 month	From 1 to 2 months	From 2 to 3 months	From 3 to 6 months	From 6 to 12 months	From 1 to 2 years	From 2 to 3 years	From 3 to 5 years	Above 5 years	
17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
3	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	..	..	...	..	
...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	..	..	...	...	
1	...	...	...	1	...	6	..	...	...	..	..	
...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
9	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
...	..	..	..	...	...	..	..	...	..	...	..	
1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	..	...	..	..	
												Accused 1 Pending trial 1 Died before trial
98	..	1	53	23	7	12	4	4	...	...	4	2

Appendix X.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE NUMBER OF OFFENCES REPORTED AND OFFENCES DEALT WITH IN THE BANSDA STATE DURING THE YEAR 1891-92 ENDING JULY.

Name of Court	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with								Persons disposed of					Persons remaining at the end of the year.	Remarks
			Remaining at the end of last year	Brought to trial 1891-92					Total								
				Arrested by Police	Upon Warrant	On Summons	Voluntarily	Arrested in the presence of Magistrate									
	1890-91	1891-2							1890-91	1891-92	Discharge without trial	Acquitted	Convicted	Committed or referred	Died escaped or transferred		
The Dewan's ...	26	29	...	40	...	...	1	8	36	48	...	2	46	...	...	1	
The Naib Dewan's	62	103	2	105	1	37	...	...	99	145	13	20	111	...	1	...	
The Head Karkun's	92	79	...	28	...	89	...	...	135	117	42	21	54	...	...	...	
Total...	180	211	2	173	1	126	1	8	270	310	55	43	211	...	1	1	

Appendix XI.

Statement showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by the criminal courts in the Bansda State during the year ending July 1892

State	Tribunals	No. of Applications	Number of persons and cases																											
			Applicasions rejected				Sentences								Proceedings quashed				Referred				Furtherinquiry &c. ordered				Pending			
							Confirmed				Modified				Reversed															
			Persons		Cases		Persons		Cases		Persons		Cases		Persons		Cases		Persons		Cases		Persons		Cases		Persons		Cases	
			1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92
Bansda	The Raja Saheb	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	2	4	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	The Dewan	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN
DEWAN OF BANSDA.

Appendix XII.

Statement showing the number of persons convicted or confined in the Jail in the Bansda State during the year 1891–92 ending with July.

Stations	No. of Prisoners	Number of Prisoners				Daily average in Jail		No of prisoners remaining at the end of the year	Total cost of Jail and prisoners	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in the Jail
		Remaining from last year	Admitted during the year	Total 1890-91	Total 1891-92	1890-91	1891-92			
Bansda	106	5	101	115	106	10	17	34	754	2 persons died of fever and enlargement of spleen.

Appendix XIII.

Civil work, Nature and value of original Suits field and disposed of in Bansda State during 1891–92.

Nader Tribunal	Opening balance 1890-91	Opening balance 1891-92	Filed during the year 1890-91	Filed during the year 1891-92	Total 1890-91	Total 1891-92	Disposed of during the year 1890-91	Disposed of during the year 1891-92	Closing balance 1890-91	Closing balance 1891-92	Suits in 1891-92: Value	Suits regarding lands and houses	Suits for money transactions	Suits for other rights &c.	Number of suits under Rs. 100	No. of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs 500	No. of suits above Rs. 500 and under Rs. 1000	No. of suits above Rs. 1000 and under Rs. 5000	No. of suits above Rs. 5000	Suits disposed of: Ex-parte	Admitted and compromised, &c.	Struck off the File &c.	Otherwise disposed of	Value	Average duration: Years	Months	Days	Remarks
1 Dewan	2	2	96	212	98	214	96	206	2	8	7101 0 0	10	202	0	200	11	1	0	0	0	60	4	142	6615 0 0	0	0	8	

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN
DEWAN OF BANSDA

Adpendix XIV.

Civil Work, Results of Applications for executions of decrees.

Number	Tribunal	Opening balance		Value of opening balance for 1891-92.			Appication brought to the register						Total						Dlsposed of						Closing balance						Nature of applications pending disposalat closeof 1891-92			Remarks.
		1890-91	1891-92				1890-91	1891-92	Value for 1891-92				1890-91	1891-92	Value Total for 1891-92				1890-91	1891-92	Value for				1890-91	1891-92	Value of closing balance for				Below 6 months	Below 12 months	Above 12 months	
				Rs	A.	P.			Rs	A.	P.				Rs	A.	P.				Rs	A.	P.				Rs	A.	P.					
1	Dewan	7	24	1000	0	0	28	82	2455	0	0	35	106	3455	0	0	11	66	2153	0	0	24	40	1302	0	0	24	16	0				

Appendix XV.

Registration of documents.

Number	Sub-registry office	Documents presented for Registration		Nature of documents presented.										Documents registered		Value of documents						Documents refused to be registred.		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year.	
				Mortgages		Sale deeds		Wills		Money bonds		Miscellancous				1890-91			1891-92			1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92
		1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92	1890-91	1891-92										
1	Bansda	7	11	0	3	6	7	0	0	0	0	1	1	7	11	1400	0	0	1955	0	0	0	0	0	0

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN
DDWAN OF BANSDA.

Appendix XVI

AGRICULTURE

Statement showing Agricultural Stock in the Bansda State during the year 1891-92

Number	District	Cattle and other quadrupeds									Ploughs		Carts	
		Bullocks	Cows	Buffaloes		Horses	Mares	Colts & fillies	Asses	Sheep and Goats	With two Bullocks	With four Bullocks	Riding Carts	Carts used in carrying
				Male	Female									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	Bansda.	15525	12400	1290	2275	70	23	9	...	7310	6060	27	230	1014

JIIAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN
DEWAN OE BANSDA.

Appen

INCOME

No.	Heads Receipts	A.D.1890-91	A.D.1891-92	Increase	Decrease	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	LandRevenue... ...	122313	125159	2846	...	
2	Forest...	17925	24072	6147	...	
3	Abkari liquor... ...	94425	122895	28470	...	
4	Do Toddy	3654	3847	193	...	
5	Do Bhang Ganja	22	22	...	...	
6	Judicial fees... ...	363	729	366	...	
7	Magisterial fines ...	1460	1006	...	454	
8	Interest on loans &c.	3738	4286	548	...	
9	Opium	272	118	...	154	
10	Giras	445	9290	8845	...	
11	Tolls	1717	1950	233	...	
12	Ferries	7	5	...	2	
13	Rent of houses... ...	927	971	44	...	
14	Rent of Estate out side the State... ...	218	218	...	...	
15	Miscellaneous... ...	4436	4719	283	...	
16	Registration of documents...	11	18	7	...	
17	School fees	74	107	33	...	
18	Garden produce	7	40	33	...	
19	Sale of animals ...	78	191	113	...	
20	Do Jewels	180	...	...	180	
21	Presents from relations	2444	260	...	2184	
22	Jail...	343	378	35	...	
23	Cattle pounds... ...	95	102	7	...	
	Total ..	255154	300383	48203	2974	

Net increase 45229.

dix XVII

EXPENDITURE

No.	Heads of expenditure.	Fasll 1890-91 A. D.	Fasli 1891-92 A. D.	Increase.	Decrease.	Cause.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Medical	2782	3439	657	...	
2	Forest	2161	2395	234	...	
3	Abkari	25806	32182	6376	...	
4	Vaccination	395	340	..	55	
5	Library	155	160	5	..	
6	Police & other guards ...	9654	9747	93	..	
7	Paga and stable	23556	21302	...	2254	
8	Cattle Pounds	30	30	...	...	
9	Jail	344	754	410	...	
10	Cash allowances and temple servants	11135	15927	4792	..	
11	Tolls	435	403	...	32	
12	Ferries	91	393	302	...	
13	Public works.	32584	35101	2517	...	
14	Dewan Kacheri	4930	5757	827	...	
15	Naib Dewan's office ...	5858	6485	627	...	
16	Collecting Estt.	9192	9226	34	..	
17	Education	4915	4705	..	210	
18	Garden charges.	1053	1329	276	...	
19	Municipality	1170	1293	123	...	
20	Contingent charges ..	966	1637	671	...	
21	Printing charges	396	146	..	250	
22	Deficit in Grainery ...	315	1249	934	...	
23	Remissions	207	60	...	147	
24	Income Tax on interest of loans	27	10	...	17	
25	Miscellaneous	351	646	295	...	
26	Rewards for destruction of wild animals	31	30	...	1	
27	Railway fare, Cart hire & Bhathas.	2595	2086	..	509	
28	Purchase of Jewels	2466	4692	2226	...	
29	Presents to relations &ca...	5816	3430	...	2386	
30	Devasthan Dharmada ...	3357	2783	...	574	
31	Festivals	1366	1601	235	...	
32	Ceremonies of the birth of a prince...	2947	108	...	2839	
33	Death ceremony of the Raja saheb's step mother ...	1024	1920	896	...	
34	Palace Estt.	9399	8272	...	1127	
35	Pocket expences to Raja-saheb & Ranisahebs ...	18384	18251	..	133	
36	Purchase of clothing ..	4392	6886	2494	...	
37	Do Furniture	865	2074	1209	..	
38	Kitchen	5977	5138	...	839	
39	Miscellaneous	2553	2586	33	...	
40	Houses purchased in Billi-mora	223	1957	1734	..	
41	Pregnancy ceremony of the Ranisaheb	2762	...	...	2762	
42	Rajasaheb's Tour to Surat to see H.E.the Governor.	1190	...	..	1190	
43	General Census of 1891. ...	263	193	...	70	
44	Hospitality of the Raja-saheb of Nandod ..	2994	440	...	2554	
45	Rajasaheb's TourtoBombay	....	1806	1806	...	
	Total...	207112	218969	29806	17949	Net increase 11857.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN
DEWAN OF BANSDA.

ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

BANSDA STATE

For the Year 1892-93.

SURAT:

PRINTED AT THE MISSION PRESS.

1893.

134756

No. 63 of 1893.

From,

The Dewan of Bansda State.

To,

F. S. P. Lely, Esq., C. S.,

Agent to His Excellency the Governor

at Surat.

Bansda State Palace.

20th August, 1893.

Sir,

I have the honour to submit the following Administration Report of the Bansda State for the year ending 31st ultimo.

2. The prescribed statements accompany.

CHAPTER I.—Political.

3. The relations of the State with the British Government and the neighbouring Native States were cordial.

4. Our Rajasaheb travelled through several villages of the Territory examining on his way the Schools and Public Works. He enquired into the wants and condition of the ryots and compared their receipt books.

5. The Commissioner N. D. visited this State in March last. He was fully satisfied with the Administration.

6. There was no domestic occurrence in the Rajasaheb's family worth notice.

Changes in Administration.

7. There was no change in the personnel or strength of Officers. Promotion and rewards were given to deserving servants for meritorious services.

CHAPTER II.—Administration of the land.

8. The Revenue Survey Settlement rates are moderate and leave ample profit to cultivators.

9. There are no special tenures except specific terms on which waste lands are rented for cultivation.

Civil Appeals.

31. The subjoined statement will show that only 5 appeals were made to the Rajasaheb against the decisions of the Dewan whose judgments were confirmed in all of them.

Name of Court.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year.		Total.		Disposed of during.		Closing balance.		Value of appeals filed during the year.		How disposed of					Average duration.					
													Decisions confirmed.	Decisions reversed.	Decisions amended.	Decisions remanded for retrial.	Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of	1891-92.			1892-93.		
																		Year.	Months.	Days.	Year.	Months.	Days.
1	2		3		4		5		6		7		8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.						
The Raja Saheb's Huzur...	...	...	1	5	1	5	1	5	...	...	239	190	1	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	...	...	15

32. *The Mamlatdar's Court Act* regarding temporary possession cases is not in force. No such case has yet arisen.

33. *(h) Registration* work done during the year is detailed below:—

Description.	1891-92.			1892-93.			Remarks.
	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realized.	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realized.	
Mortgage	3	925	4 10 0	5	1,852	7 12 0	
Sale	7	704	6 8 0	10	2,498	25 4 0	
Will	...	...	...	1	160	2 0 0	
Money bond ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Miscellaneous ...	1	326	6 8 0	1	49	0 8 0	
Total ...	11	1,955	17 10 0	17	4,559	35 8 0	
Expenditure.	Debited to the Dewan's office by which the work is done.						
Net profit	...	...	17 10 0	...	...	35 8 0	

Poverty of ryots limits the number of transactions and consequently the number of registration is small.

(*i*) *Municipal Administration.*

34. Bansda is the only town with a population of over 3,000 people. Its Municipality is maintained by the Darbar, the people enjoying the advantages gratis. Exclusive of road repairs, the cost of which is debited to the Public Works Department, the expenditure on cleaning, lighting, fire extinguishing brigade and watering roads was Rs. 2,777.

CHAPTER IV.—Production and Distribution.

(*a*) *Agriculture.*

35. In addition to native implements, a cane pressing machine of foreign make was kept for show to the ignorant ryots. Advances of cash and grain were freely given to the indigent who were also supplied with pure seed. English vegetables were grown and a nursery of Alphonso and other good sorts of mangoes, &c., was made in the State garden. The latter were transplanted on public roads and compounds of State buildings in the District. The cultivation of wheat, cotton and bajri recently introduced in the State meets with the approval of the ryots who are induced to extend it.

36. *Tagavi* of Rs. 23,483 in cash was given during the year at 4½ per cent interest per annum, for the purpose of digging rice beds, purchase of cattle and construction of wells, &c. Advances for building houses were given to some without interest and to others at interest varying from 2¼ to 4½ per cent per annum.

The following table shows the quantity of seed and food grains advanced to ryots.

Rice.	Nagli.	Jowar.	Kodra.	Urid.	Gram.	Watana.	Cotton.	Tuver.	Wal.	Mug.	Wheat.	Kharsani.	Bazri.	Castor seed.	TOTAL, MAUNDS.
2062	575	85	144	6	44	33	½	14	36	4	18	1	½	38	3061

Stallions.

37. The State maintains 3 stallion horses, a bull and a he-buffalo, whose services are lent gratis. Of the 6 mares in foal last year, 3 breeded, all giving birth to colts. 7 mares were covered during the year, of which 2 are in foal, the remaining 5 were covered so recently that the result is not apparent yet.

Weather.

38. As usual malaria appeared in winter. The temperature varied from a minimum of 46 on 20th January to a maximum of 104 on 11th April, the mean being 85. The unhealthy climate prevents immigration and keeps the residents sick and feeble.

39. *Rain* was ample and suitable for cultivation. It arrived on 1st June and disappeared on the 2nd November of 1892. The current monsoon set in on the 30th of May last. The gauge is in good order and gives accurate measures which are regularly recorded by the Medical Officer at the Hospital. The following table shows the quantity of rain-fall during the last three years.

Year.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893. Up to end of July.
Rain, inches	95	120	116	66

Crops.

40. The Kharif and irrigated crops yielded fairly owing to seasonable rains, while the Rabi yield was bumper on account of the rain having been prolonged. Locusts did not appear and no damage was suffered by crops in any other way.

41. *(b) Wages and labour,* as well as *prices of food grain* remained generally steady.

(c) Forest.

42. The strength of Establishment and mode of supervision remained unchanged. The young plantation is healthy. New seeds were sown during the year and care was taken to make the stumps of dead trees so smooth and level as to allow new and speedy growth.

43. Timber of the value of Rs. 1,860 was given gratis to ryots for houses, stables and agricultural implements. Old ripe wood valued at Rs. 5,830 was used in the Public Works.

Strict orders were issued prohibiting fire. Grazing was also prohibited in the forest of certain villages.

(d) Trade and Manufacture.

44. There is nothing worth mentioning under this head. Grain, leather, mhowra flowers and mhowra seed were, as usual, the only articles bartered. All the superfluous produce of these (excepting mhowra flowers which are consumed by the local distillery) are exported.

45. There is no Mill or factory. Making baskets and mats of bamboo and pressing oil from mhowra seed are the poor industries.

(e) Fairs.

46. The Deoki Unai Fair was well attended by pilgrims. Due arrangements were made for sanitary cleanliness, but Cholera unfortunately broke out in the Gaikwar's limits and gradually extended to our contiguous villages, whereupon the *fair* was at once dispersed. Care was taken to protect the property of the traders whereby no theft occurred and the fair ended peacefully in all other matters.

47. *Public works* were carried out as per following table solely at the cost of the State, as local funds are not levied.

Works.	State fund.	Local fund.	Remarks.
Repairs.			
Tanks and Wells	190		
Roads and road-side trees	2,851		
Palace	1,488		
Schools	149		
Other buildings	2,821		
New Works.			
Staging Bungalows	5,923		
Quarters for Abkari Police	1,264		
Tanks, wells and bunds	1,611		
Cattle pounds	42		
Establishment	2,300		
Tools and Plant	253		
Police quarters	6,255		
Elephant keepers' quarters	1,426		
Roads	1,064		
Total ...	27,637		

Amongst the new works were 4 Staging Bungalows, 3 Wells, 2 Bunds, Police quarters and two cleared roads, *viz.* one of four miles from Wanderwela to Lakhawadi connecting the road to Billimora, and another of 8 miles from Choravni to Anklach connecting the main road to Dharampur. Ordinary repairs to the other roads and buildings were duly made. Difficulty in obtaining labourers and materials hinders the progress of work. The total expenditure on Public Works was about $\frac{1}{12th}$ of the State revenues.

CHAPTER V.—Revenue and Finance.

48. Appendix No. XVII will show the income and expenditure during the year as compared with the past. The Rajasaheb is reluctant to give more details, to insist on which, it is not the intention of Government, I think. The causes of large increases or decreases are as follows. Slight fluctuations call for no remarks. The saving at the end of the year was Rs. 1,25,784.

Income.

49. With extension of cultivation increased the Land revenue.

50. Sale of old ripe wood to replace new ones and rise in rates of timber augmented Forest revenue.

51. Increase in rates of liquor and strict check on illicit distillation raised Abkari revenue.

52. The Toddy revenue increased owing to the introduction of a heavy tax on tapping.

53. The increase under the heads—Judicial and Magisterial—is due to increase in the number of cases dealt with, whilst the decrease under Giras is attributed to the old outstanding balances received in the preceding year.

Expenditure.

54. Medical charges increased owing to the new travelling Dispensary.

55. Forest charges increased on account of new plantation.

56. Abkari expenses increased on account of dear rates charged by the contractor who supplied liquor and the cost of the new apparatus purchased for distillation.

57. Paga and Stable charges were more owing to purchase of new cattle and repairs of old carriages, &c.

58 The cash allowances decreased owing to recipients having not drawn the allowances within the year.

59. The expenditure on Public Works was less than in last year because all the works could not be executed within the year, the labourers and artizans who came for work from outside having departed owing to cholera.

60. The increase in official charges is attributed to increase in the strength and salaries of the Establishments.

61. Fencing the garden with iron rails caused increase in the expense under that head.

62. Contingent charges were less owing to the stock of materials in hand from previous year.

63. The deficit in granary was less, as it was not written off during the year.

64. Purchase of a new Fire extinguishing engine caused increase in Municipal charges.

CHAPTER VI.—Vital statistics and Medical services.

65. The following table shows the work of the Medical institutions. The travelling dispensary works during the fair season, it being inconvenient to travel in the monsoon.

Hospital.	Number of patients treated.		Results.				Expense.	Daily average.
	Indoor.	Outdoor.	Discharged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.		
Ratan Kunver Ba Hospital... ...	50	New cases 8,684 — Old cases 33,073	.....	.....	7	.....	4,181	114
Travelling Dispensary ...	.....	New cases 1,482 — Old cases 1,455	.....	.....	.....	.....		16

66. The result of the work is not classified to avoid misconception, for the patients do not care to report the result, but they remain absent even when cured.

The travelling dispensary is appreciated by the people, as it affords medical aid at their doors.

67. Cholera broke out in the Gaikwar's portion of the Unai Fair and extended to this territory. It raged for two months during which 253 persons were attacked. Of these 131 died and 122 escaped. Some of the deaths amongst the indoor patients were also due to Cholera.

68. 6 major and 287 minor operations were performed successfully. The prevailing diseases were generally the same as last year, but malarial fevers and rheumatism were common. No post mortem examination was held.

There was no cattle disease. 28 cattle were treated by the Medical Officer, *viz.* 7 cows, 6 calves, 5 horses, 6 buffaloes, 3 elephants and 1 dog.

69. The medical institutions were visited by the Rajasaheb, the Dewan and the Naib-Dewan who found that the records were kept up to date and the stock of medicines and instruments were neat and sufficient. The Hospital building was kept in good repairs. The sanitary condition of the town of Bansda is fair and the water supply ample. The Medical Establishment worked satisfactorily.

70. *Births and Deaths* were recorded by the village accountants with the following result :—

Item.	1891-92.	1892-93.	Increase.	Decrease.
Births	893	694	.....	199
Deaths	599	572	.....	27

The ratio of births and deaths is 17 and 14 per 1,000, respectively. Most of the deaths were due to fever and cholera.

71. The Vaccination work done during the year was as follows :—

Operation by whom performed.	Number of persons vaccinated in 1891-92.	Number of persons vaccinated in 1892-93.	Result.			
			Successful.		Unsuccessful.	
			1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.
State Vaccinator.	1,656	1,673	1,643	1,656	13	17

The total expense was Rs. 315 as compared with Rs. 340 in the previous year.

72. The Inspector of Vaccination did not visit the territory during the year.

CHAPTER VII.—Instruction.

73. The following table shows the statistics concerning education given during the year.

Number.	Description of Schools.	Number of pupils on the roll on.		Daily average attendance in 1893.	Standard up to which instruction imparted.	Remarks.
		31-3-92.	31-3-93.			
1	Bansda Anglo-Vernacular ...	37	36	27	V	
2	„ Vernacular	130	111	78	VI	
3	Wanderwela	32	34	22	V	
4	Chapaldhara	52	50	33	VI	
5	Kathrot	21	24	12	V	
6	Lakhawadi	21	21	21	V	
7	Bhinar	20	32	9	V	
8	Moti Valzer	38	36	18	V	
9	Sindhi	53	42	38	VI	
10	Charvi	27	28	20	V	
11	Audhatiri	30	25	15	V	
12	Kurelia	30	34	19	V	
13	Limzar	27	30	17	IV	
14	Bartad	17	38	22	II	
15	Vagan	13	13	13	III	
16	Bansda girls	61	65	40	VI	
17	„ Urdu	42	38	28	VI	
	Total ...	651	657	432		

74. There are no Indigenous, Municipal, Local board or night schools. Education is backward owing to natural difficulties. As stated last year the Kaliparaj by which the State is mostly inhabited live in scattered hamlets and are reluctant to send their children to schools. Encouragement in the shape of gifts of clothing, books, pens, slates, cash, scholarships and free admissions to Kaliparaj were continued. Notwithstanding all these inducements the Wagan school which was given an extension for further trial, had to be transferred (for want of pupils) during the year to Upsal the people whereof agreed to educate their children.

75. All the scholarships were continued and availed of during the year; and qualified teachers were appointed on adequate salaries. The schools were visited frequently by the Dewan and occasionally by the Rajasaheb and other Officials who saw that they were sufficiently furnished.

76. The Deputy Inspector and his Assistant who examined the schools were satisfied with the result.

77. Mr. Giles, the Inspector, was good enough to examine the Bansda town schools in March last. His opinion will be seen from the following extracts from his letter.

"*English School* appears to be doing well and I was satisfied generally with the classes which I examined."

"*Girls' School.*—The school seems to be doing well and the encouragement received from the State is very liberal"

"*Gujarati School.*—The numbers in the school are fair, the average attendance good, and the discipline very good. I was very much pleased to see the 6 Kaliparaj boys who are being trained to be masters. I think that the idea is a capital one."

"*Urdu School.*—The attendance is fair and the endeavour to encourage the backward Mahomedans is laudable."

"Finally I was much pleased to see the extremely good order and discipline of all the children in the schools. This was very noticeable at the prize distribution and the order and good arrangement there, speak well for both teachers and students. The buildings which the State has provided for the schools are excellent. The Gymnasium is a very good one and the performances of the boys are much above the average. In fact, I think that the State seems to have done all that is possible in Bansda for the encouragement of Education and may be fairly congratulated on the success which has attended its efforts."

CHAPTER VIII.—Miscellaneous.

78. *Wild animals* were destroyed at an expense of Rs. 33-0-0. 7 panthers were shot, and one was caught by trap. 3 zaraks and a crocodile were also killed. 8 deaths were caused by venomous animals.

79. *Telegraph* wire at the Billimora Railway Station is resorted to by this State in which there is no such communication.

80. *Post Office* works fairly but the arrival and departure is not quite punctual.

81. *Records* have been well arranged, indexed and shelved. Old useless records are in course of destruction and the current ones are up to date.

82. *Press* for printing does not exist in the State.

83. *Library* was left open gratis and the usual newspapers and periodicals were subscribed for it. New books were also added to the stock. The total expense on it was Rs. 164.

84. *Taxes.*—Transit duty is not levied.

85. *Nakas* for the collection of forest fees remain unaltered.

86. *Agreements* made with the British Government by this State were adhered to as usual.

87. All the Departments worked so zealously as to cause the result of the year's Administration to be satisfactory.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN.

Dewan of Bansda.

Appendix I.

POLITICAL RELATIONS of NATIVE STATES.

Name of State.	Tribute in men or money.		Estimated population.	Schools.	Persons being taught.	Persons who have been vaccinated.	Prevailing diseases.	Supposed gross Revenue.	Military Force.	Transit dues levied or not.	Principal articles of production, manufacture and mines.
	Amount	To whom payable.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Bansda	Rs. a. 153-8	British Government.	According to the census of 1891, 41,373	17	657	1,673	Malarious fevers, Rheumatic and Syphilitic affections, Skin, Eye and Ear diseases, Intestinal worms	3,47,451	Nil.	Not.	Agricultural products, Rice, Nagli, Gram, Jowar, Kodra, Pulses. ——— Manufacturers, Bamboo mats, fans and baskets. Stone metal is found in mines.

20th August, 1893.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan.

Appendix II.

Political Relations.

NATIVE CHIEFS, principal male members of their families, and principal members of their Courts, 1892-93.

No.	Name of Individual, State, and Family to which he belongs.	Residence.	Present position.	Caste, race and religion.	Age.	How and where educated.	How employed.	Has Sanad authorizing adoption or not	Family follows primogeniture or not.	Has male heirs or not	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Maharaul Shri Pratapsingji Gulabsingji, Bansda State, Wansadia Family ...	Bansda Town.	Raja.	Solanki Rajput Hindu.	29	By attending the Raj Kumar College at Rajkot in Kathiawad.	Ruling his State.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	
2	Maharaul Shri Indrasingji Pratapsingji, Bansda State, Wansadia Family ...	Do.	Patvi Kuwar (Heir apparent.)	Do.	5½	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	
3	Maharaul Shri Pravinsingji Pratapsingji, Bansda State, Wansadia Family ...	Do.	2nd Prince.	Do.	2½	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	
4	Jhaverbhai Nathabhai, Amin Family...	Virsad, Taluka Borsad in the Kaira District.	Dewan.	Leva Patidar, Leva race Hindu Vishnav.	41	By attending the Ahmedabad High School. Has passed the examinations of Survey Department, 3rd and 2nd class magisterial and Lower and Higher Standards.	Controller of all the Departments in the State.	,,	,,	,,	
5	Pranshanker Dayashanker, Pathek Family... ...	Bardoli, in Surat District	Naib Dewan.	Audich Shahastra Brahmin Hindu Shiv.	37	By attending the Poona Engineering College, has passed the Matriculation and L. C. E. examinations.	Head of the Revenue and P. W. Departments.	,,	,,	,,	
6	Hormasji Byramji, Dastoor Family...	Town of Broach, in the District of Broach.	Medical Officer.	Parsi Zoroastrian.	35	By attending the Medical College, has passed the Matriculation and L. M. & S. examinations.	Chief Medical Officer.	,,	,,	,,	

20th August, 1893.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN, Dewan of Bansda.

Appendix III.

CIVIL DIVISIONS of TERRITORY under Political Control, 1892-93.

Division.	Executive Districts.	Number of Executive Sub-Divisions.	Area in Square miles.	Population.	Chief Towns with Population.		Number of villages.	Number of Civil Judges.	Number of Stipendiary Magistrates.	Maximum distance in miles of villages from nearest Courts.	Average distance in miles of villages from nearest Courts.	Number of Police.	Total cost of officials and Police of all kinds.	State Revenue.		Remarks.
					Head Quarter Town.	Population.								Land.	Gross.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Surat Agency.	Bansda ...	...	215	41,373	Bansda.	3,003	87	1	3	16	$7\frac{1}{2}$	79	9,720	1,30,511	3,47,451	

20th August, 1893.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,

Dewan of Bansda.

Appendix IV.

POPULATION of NATIVE STATES. BANSDA STATE, 1892-93.

Commissionership.	District.	Inhabited houses.	Population in 1893.						Classification of population of the general census of 1891.								Occupation.			Emigration or Immigration during the year.
			Men.	Women.	Children under 15 years.		Total.	Number per square mile.	Christians.			Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Parsis.	Buddhists and Jains.	Aboriginals	Others.	Total male agriculturists including landlords cultivators and agricultural labourers.	Total non-agricultural males.	Prevailing languages.	
					Male.	Female.			Europeans.	East Indian and other mixed races.	Natives.										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
N. D.	Bansda.	7,832	21,489	19,884	Included in Column 4.	Included in Column 5.	41,373	192	...	...	...	40,303	888	137	37	...	...	21,200	289	Gujarati and Marathi.	No record is kept

20th August, 1893.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,

Dewan of Bansda.

Appendix V.

STATEMENT showing the Strength, Cost, and other particulars of the MILITARY FORCE in the BANSDA STATE, 1892-93.

Arm of service.	Total number of fighting Officers and men.								Details of force at the end of the year.						Total cost of pay and allowances of officers non-commissioned officers and men including followers	Remarks.
	Remaining at the end of last year.	Recruited this year (*a*).	Died.			Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c. (*b*).	Remaining at the end of the year.	Number of Regiment, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of Guns.	Number of men.					
			In action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European commissioned officers.	Native commissioned officers.	Non-commissioned officers.	Fighting men.		
Cavalry	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	There is no Military regular force but there are 22 sowars who serve as Police Sowars and escorts, &c. There is a party of 25 Arabs who serve as Palace and Treasury guards and are included in the Police.
Sappers	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Artillery	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Infantry	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	

20th August, 1893.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,

Dewan of Bansda.

Appendix VI.

STATEMENT showing the Strength, Cost, Discipline and Education of the Police in Bansda State, 1892-93.

Description of Officer.	Number.	Pay of the Grade.	Total Expenditure.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Dismissed.	Fined degraded, or suspended departmentally.	Judicially punished.	By promotion.	By money rewards.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
			Rs. a. p.								
Chief Police Officer	...	...		.....	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	* Including 25 Arabs and a few other guards.
Inspector of Police...	...	...		.....	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	
Chief Constable	1	45		.....	.....	.....	...	...	1	...	
Head Constables	1	22		.....	.....	.....	...	...	1	...	
	2	20		.....	.....	.....	...	...	2	...	
	1	12	9,720 0 0	.....	.....	.....	...	...	1	...	
Constables of different classes ...	2	10	Including accoutrements.	.....	.....	.....	...	...	1	...	
	2	9		.....	.....	.....	...	...	2	...	
	19	8		3	1	.....	...	1	2	...	
	51	7 and under		5	4	3	10	...	4	...	
Total ...	79*	...	9,720 0 0	8	5	3	10	1	14	...	

20th August, 1893.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN, Dewan of Bansda.

Appendix VII.

STATEMENT showing the results of the working of the POLICE in BANSDA STATE, during the year, 1892-93.

NAME OF STATE.	Number of offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage convicted of accused arrested (columns 3 & 4).		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.	
	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Bansda...	117	142	173	199	173	199	140	168	31	30	81	84	81	84

This Statement relates to cognizable cases only.

20th August, 1893.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,

Dewan of Bansda.

Appendix VIII.

STATEMENT showing the VALUE of PROPERTY stolen and amount of recoveries in BANSDA STATE, during the year, 1892-93.

STATE.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		REMARKS.
	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
Bansda	909 0 0	406 0 0	396 0 0	134 0 0	44 0 0	33 0 0	

20th August, 1893.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,

Dewan of Bansda.

Appendix

STATEMENT showing the number of CRIMES COMMITTED, number during the

Number.	Description of Crime or Offence.	Number of Crimes.			Number of cases disposed of during 1892 93.	Number of cases undisposed of during 1892 93.	Number of persons apprehended.	Number of persons convicted.
		Balance on 31st July 1892.	Committed during 1892 93.	Total.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Offences falling under Abkari Act	...	33	33	33	...	49	41
2	Committing affray	...	1	1	1	...	5	5
3	Giving false information to a public servant to injure others.	...	4	4	4	...	5	5
4	Harbouring an offender	...	1	1	1	...	2	1
5	Taking gift to screen offender...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
6	Offering gift or restoration of property in consideration of screening offender	...	2	2	2	...	4	4
7	Intentional ommission to apprehend on the part of a public servant bound by law to apprehend offender	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
8	Escape from confinement	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
9	Having any counterfeit coin known to be such when it came into possession and delivering &c., of the same to any person	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
10	Using false measures	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
11	Rashly driving...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
12	Committing a public nuisance	...	2	2	2	...	8	8
13	Attempt to commit suicide	...	5	5	5	...	5	5
14	Abandoning a child under 12 years	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
15	Voluntarily causing hurt	...	75	75	75	...	101	30
16	Voluntarily causing hurt by dangerous weapons	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
17	Voluntarily causing grievous hurt	...	1	1	1	...	3	3
18	Voluntarily causing hurt on grave provocation	...	5	5	5	...	7	7
19	Wrongfully restraining any person	...	1	1	1	...	2	...
20	Wrongful confinement...	...	1	1	1	...	3	3
21	Assault	...	3	3	3	...	3	2
22	Assault to deter a public servant from discharge of his duty.	...	2	2	2	...	3	3
23	Criminal force to a woman	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
24	Use of criminal force on grave provocation	...	4	4	4	...	4	4
25	Kidnapping	1	1	2	2	...	4	4
26	Rape...	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
27	Theft	...	42	42	42	...	71	67
28	Theft in a dwelling house	...	8	8	8	...	11	6
29	Theft by a servant of property in possession of Master ...	...	8	8	8	...	11	11
30	Dishonest misappropriation of movable property	...	9	9	9	...	15	9
31	Criminal breach of trust by a carrier...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
32	Criminal breach of trust by a servant, banker &c., ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
33	Assisting in concealing stolen property	...	3	3	3	...	11	8
34	Cheating and dishonestly inducing delivery of property ...	...	3	3	3	...	3	3
35	Mischief...	...	5	5	5	...	11	7
36	Mischief by fire with intent to destroy a house	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
37	Criminal trespass	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
38	House trespass...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
39	Adultery	...	7	7	7	...	7	7
40	Defamation	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
41	Insult intended to provoke a breach of the peace	...	30	30	29	1	32	19
42	Criminal intimidation	...	11	11	11	...	13	9
43	Offences under other Acts	...	4	4	4	...	7	7
	Total ...	1	287	288	287	1	416	289

20th August, 1893.

IX.

of cases disposed of, and cases awaiting trial in the BANSDA STATE, year, 1892-93.

Number of persons Sentenced to							Number of persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons confined being insane.	Number of persons died, during or before trial.	Terms of Imprisonment.								Remarks.
Imprisonment.		Imprisonment and fine.		Fine only.	Whipping.	Total.				Under 1 month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.	
Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.																
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
...	5	...	4	32	...	41	8	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	4	...	5	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	3	2	...	5	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	0	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	4	...	...	4	...	...	....	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	8	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	1	1	1	...	...	5	...	...	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	29	...	30	71	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	3	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	
...	...	...	...	7	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	3	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	2	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	2	1	...	3	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	3	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	15	...	10	38	4	67	4	...	...	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	1	4	...	...	6	5	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	10	...	...	11	...	...	...	8	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	...	...	8	...	9	6	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	3	...	1	4	...	8	3	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	3	...	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	
...	...	...	...	7	...	7	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	6	...	7	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	19	...	19	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1 Pending.
...	1	...	1	7	...	9	4	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	7	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Accused 1 Pending.
3	32	5	54	191	4	289	126	...	...	76	8	4	...	1	2	1	1	1	

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan of Bansda.

Appendix X.

STATEMENT showing the number of offences reported and offences dealt with in the BANSDA STATE, during the year, 1892-93 ending July.

No.	Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year		Number of persons dealt with.								Persons disposed of					Persons remaining at the end of the year.	Remarks.
				Remaining at the end of last year.	Brought to trial, 1892-93.					Total.		Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.		
		1891-92.	1892-93.		Arrested by Police.	Upon warrant.	On Summons.	Voluntarily.	Arrested in the presence of the Magistrate.	1891-92.	1892-93.							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
1	The Dewn's ...	29	69	1	57	...	43	...	3	48	104	...	12	92	...	...	...	
2	The Naib Dewan's ...	103	108	...	78	...	79	...	...	145	157	41	24	91	...	...	1	
3	The Head Karkun's...	79	110	...	64	...	91	...	...	117	155	34	15	106	...	...	...	
	Total ...	211	287	1	199	...	213	...	3	310	416	75	51	289	...	...	1	

20th August, 1893.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan of Bansda.

Appendix XI.

STATEMENT showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by the CRIMINAL COURTS in the BANSDA STATE, during the year, ending July, 1893.

State.	Tribunals.	Number of applications.	Number of persons and cases.																										Remarks.
			Applications rejected.				Sentences Confirmed.				Sentences Modified.				Sentences Reversed.				Proceedings quashed.				Referred.				Further enquiry, &c., ordered.				Pending.				
			Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		
			1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	39	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
Bansda ...	The Raja Saheb	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	The Dewan	7	2	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	1	3	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	8	2	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	3	4	3	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

Appendix XII.

STATEMENT showing the number of persons convicted or confined in the JAIL in the BANSDA STATE, during the year, 1892-93, ending with July.

Stations.	Number of prisoners.	Number of prisoners.				Daily average in Jail.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of Jail and prisoners.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in the Jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.		1891-92.	1892-93.			
				1891-92.	1892-93.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Bansda	132	34	98	106	132	17	15	2	884	One person died of fever and worms.

20th August, 1893.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN, Dewan of Bansda.

Appendix XIII.

CIVIL WORK–NATURE and VALUE of original suits filed and disposed of in the BANSDA STATE, during the year, 1892-93.

Number.	Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		Suits filed in 1892-93.									Suits disposed of							Remarks.
		1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	Value.	Suits regarding lands and houses, &c.	Suits for money transactions.	Suits for other rights, &c.	Number of suits under Rs. 100.	Number of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	Number of suits above Rs. 500 and under Rs. 1,000.	Number of suits above Rs. 1,000 and under Rs. 5,000.	Number of suits above Rs. 5,000.	Exparte.	Admitted and compromised &c.	Struck off the file, &c.	Otherwise disposed of.	Value.	Average duration: Year.	Average duration: Months.	Average duration: Days.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27			28
												Rs. a. p.													Rs. a. p				
1	Dewan	2	8	212	274	214	282	206	280	8	2	10,821 0 0	5	250	19	258	13	2	1	...	1	134	...	145	8,383 0 0	...	..	8	

Appendix XIV.

CIVIL WORK–RESULTS of applications for execution of decrees in the BANSDA STATE, during the year, 1892-93.

Number.	Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for 1892-93.	Application brought to the Register.			Total.			Disposed of			Closing balance			Nature of applications pending disposal at close of 1892-93.			Remarks.
		1891-92.	1892-93.		1891-92.	1892-93.	Value for 1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	Value total for 1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	Value for 1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	Value of closing balance for 1892-93.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.	
1	2	3		4	5			6			7			8			9			10
				Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.				
1	Dewan	24	40	1,302 0 0	82	108	1,720 0 0	106	118	3,022 0 0	66	76	1,279 0 0	40	72	1,743 0 0	49	18	5	

20th August, 1893.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN, Dewan of Bansda.

Appendix XV.

REGISTRATION of DOCUMENTS.

Number.	Sub-Registry office.	Documents presented for registration.		Number of Documents presented.										Documents registered.		Value of Documents.		Documents refused to be registered.		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year.	
				Mortgages.		Sale-deeds.		Wills.		Money bonds.		Miscellaneous.									
		1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.	1891-92.	1892-93.
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12	
																Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.				
1	Bansda	11	17	3	5	7	10	...	1	...	...	1	1	11	16	1,955 0 0	4,559 0 0	...	1	...	...

Appendix XVI.

Agriculture.

STATEMENT showing AGRICULTURAL STOCK in the BANSDA STATE, during the year, 1892-93.

Number.	District.	Cattle and other Quadrupeds.									Ploughs.		Carts.	
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes.		Horses.	Mares.	Colts and fillies.	Asses.	Sheep and Goats.	With two bullocks.	With four bullocks.	Riding carts.	Carts used in carrying
				Male.	Female.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	Bansda ...	15,510	12,085	1,315	2,288	78	25	7	.....	7,515	6,107	25	238	1,085

20th August, 1893.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan of Bansda.

Appendix XVII.

INCOME.

No.	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1891-92.	A. D. 1892-93.	Increase.	Decrease.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	
1	Land Revenue ...	1,25,159	1,30,511	5,352	.....	
2	Forest	24,072	37,346	13,274	.....	
3	Abkari Liquor ...	1,22,895	1,53,424	30,529	.....	
4	Do. Toddy... ...	3,847	5,222	1,375	.....	
5	Do. Bhang, Ganja ...	22	22	.....	.....	
6	Judicial fees	729	1,136	407	.....	
7	Magisterial fines ...	1,006	1,578	572	.....	
8	Interest on loans &c. ...	4,286	4,766	480	.....	
9	Opium	118	440	322	.....	
10	Giras...	9,290	3,393	.. ...	5,897	
11	Tolls	1,950	2,316	366	.....	
12	Ferries	5	14	9	.....	
13	Rent of houses ...	971	934	.....	37	

EXPENDITURE.

No.	Heads of Expenditure.	Fasli A. D. 1891-82.	Fasli A. D. 1892-93.	Increase.	Decrease.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	
1	Medical	3,439	4,181	742	.....	
2	Forest	2,395	2,920	525	.....	
3	Abkari	32,182	51,317	19,135	.....	
4	Vaccination	340	315	.....	25	
5	Library	160	164	4	. ....	
6	Police and other guards.	9,747	9,720	.....	27	
7	Paga and Stable ...	21,302	25,821	4,519	.....	
8	Cattle Pounds ...	30	29	.....	1	
9	Jail	754	884	130	.....	
10	Cash allowances and temple servants ...	15,927	12,803	.....	3,124	
11	Tolls	403	434	31	.....	
12	Ferries	393	472	79	.....	
13	Public Works... ...	35,101	27,637	.....	7,464	
14	Dewan Kacheri ...	5,757	6,130	373	.....	
15	Naib Dewan's Office ...	6,485	7,292	807	.....	
16	Collecting Establishment.	9,226	8,879	.....	347	
17	Education	4,705	5,510	805	.....	
18	Garden charges ...	1,329	4,489	3,160	.....	
19	Municipality	1,293	2,777	1,484	.....	
20	Contingent charges ...	1,637	691	.....	946	
21	Printing charges ...	146	400	254	.....	
22	Deficit in Granary ...	1,249	66	.....	1,183	
23	Remissions	60	69	9	.....	
24	Income Tax on interest of loans	10	12	2	.....	

14	Rent of Estate outside the State... ...	218	218	.....	.....	
15	Miscellaneous... ...	4,719	5,130	411	.....	
16	Registration of documents.	18	36	18	.....	
17	School fees	107	187	80	.....	
18	Garden produce ...	40	45	5	.....	
19	Sale of animals ...	191	.....	.....	191	
20	Presents from relations	260	.....	.....	260	
21	Jail	378	485	107	.....	
22	Cattle Pounds ...	102	248	146	.....	
	Total ...	3,00,383	3,47,451	53,453	6,385	

Net increase, 47,068.

25	Miscellaneous... ...	646	2,103	1,457	.....	
26	Rewards for destruction of wild animals ...	30	33	3	.....	
27	Railway fare, cart hire and bhathas ...	2,086	2,291	205	.....	
28	Purchase of Jewels ...	4,692	342	.....	4,350	
29	Presents to relations &c	3,430	2,315	.....	1,115	
30	Devasthan Dharmada...	2,783	2,181	.....	602	
31	Festivals	1,601	1,317	.....	284	
32	Ceremonies of the birth of a prince... ...	108	.....	.....	108	
33	Death ceremony of the Raja Saheb's step-mother	1,920	332	.....	1,588	
34	Palace Establishment ...	8,272	7,380	.....	892	
35	Pocket expenses to Raja Saheb and Rani Sahebs	18,251	18,348	97	.....	
36	Purchase of clothing ...	6,886	3,524	.....	3,362	
37	Do. Furniture ...	2,074	1,032	.....	1,042	
38	Kitchen	5,138	3,752	.....	1,386	
39	Miscellaneous... ...	2,586	3,666	1,080	.....	
40	Houses purchased in Billimora	1,957	18	.....	1,939	
41	General census of 1891.	193	21	.....	172	
42	Hospitality of the Raja Saheb of Nandod ...	440	.....	.....	440	
43	Raja Saheb's tour to Bombay	1,806	.....	.....	1,806	
	Total ...	2,18,969	2,21,667	34,901	32,203	

Net increase, 2,698

20th August, 1893.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan of Bansda.

ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

BANSDA STATE

For the Year 1893-94.

SURAT:

PRINTED AT THE MISSION PRESS.

1894.

No. 54 of 1894.

From

The Dewan of Bansda,

To

F. S. P. Lely, Esquire,
Agent to His Excellency the Governor
at Surat.

Bansda State Palace;
16th August, 1894.

Sir,

I have the honour to submit the following Administration Report of the Bansda State for the year ending 31st ultimo.

2. The prescribed statements accompany.

CHAPTER I.—Political.

3. The relations of the State with the British Government and the neighbouring Native States were cordial.

4. You visited the State in February last, and the Commissioner, N. D., (Mr. Reid) visited the territory in March. The latter officer crossed the State from the west to the east and travelled for about a fortnight during which he made several encampments. Both of you visited the different public institutions of the State and were fully satisfied with their work.

5. Our Rajasaheb travelled as usual through several villages of the State where he examined the schools and Public Works and enquired into the condition and wants of the Ryots. He also compared the receipt books of many tenants and was present at the jamabandi of all the villages in the State.

6. At the desire of His Excellency Lord Harris, he went to Ahmedabad in November last on the occasion of the Durbar held for the investiture of the Dewan of Palanpur with the Insignia of K. C. I. E. and stayed there for about a fortnight during which he visited some of the public institutions and made the following donations. :—

Rs.	400	Medical Library.
„	550	Gujarat Vernacular Society.
„	15	Children's feast Fund.
„	100	Prevention of cruelty to animals.

Rs.	100	Mitra Melap Club.
„	135	Miscellaneous charities.
„	100	Gujarat club.
„	50	Destitute Fund.
„	100	Gujarat Boarding house.
„	70	Clothing for lepers.
„	100	Private High school.
„	30	Himabhoy Institute.
Rs.	1,750	Total grant.

The above figures speak for themselves and the Rajasaheb earned unbounded popularity and a very good name in the city of Ahmedabad. These benevolent and public spirited gifts were of course well directed and most thankfully received.

7. The Shettias were so much pleased with the habits, manners and kind disposition of the Rajasaheb that the Mitra Melap club gave him a special tea party. He was also given an evening party in the Gujarat club by a leading member.

His Excellency the Governor was also pleased with the visit of our Rajasaheb and complimented him for the Travelling Dispensary working in Bansda.

8. No domestic event worth notice occurred in the Rajasaheb's family.

Changes in Administration.

9. No change took place in the strength and personnel of the State officers except that the appointment of the Fouzdar was filled up by a better educated and more highly paid incumbent.

CHAPTER II.—Administration of the land.

10. The State lands have all been surveyed, classed and systematically assessed. The rates of Bighoti are so suitable that the revenue is collected with ease without resorting to harsh measures or leaving outstanding balances.

11. No special tenures exist in the State, but waste lands are given out for cultivation on special leases.

12. The following table gives details of cultivable land :—

Extent of cultivable area for		Taken up in		Waste remaining at the end of the year.		Percentage of cultivable land lying waste in	
1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94
69,903	69,908	1,672	2,823	29,754	26,931	42	39

Notwithstanding our efforts, the progress of cultivation is slow. The cultivators are discouraged chiefly by the unhealthy climate and bad water, as evinced by the physical and ethnical character of the country.

13. The revenue accounts were punctually written according to British forms and regularly checked by superior authorities which left no room for error or fraud.

14. *Boundary disputes* have all been settled at the time of the survey and there is none now outstanding.

15. *Wards' estate under the State management.*—None.

CHAPTER III—Protection.

(*a*) *Legislation.*

16. There has been no change in the laws in force in the State, nor has any special measure been introduced during the year.

(*b*) *Military.*

17. There is neither a regular Military force, nor is it necessary in a small and compact State like Bansda which keeps sufficient foot and mounted police for the protection of the persons and property of the ryots.

(*c*) *District Police.*

18. Appendix No. VI gives details of the strength, cost and education of the District Police. The organization and discipline of the force employed is on the model of the British Police.

19. The two outlying Police stations established last year proved useful for general purposes of the administration and are a wholesome check on the power of the local authorities.

20. 178 accused implicated in 94 cognizable cases were dealt with by the Police. Of these 175 accused were sent for trial, in which 147 or 84 per cent were convicted. These favourable results bespeak a greater amount of vigilance and activity on the part of the Department.

21. *The Abkari Police* detected 10 offences under the Abkari Act. They were so active that hardly any offence occurred without detection.

Stolen property.

22. Rroperty of the value of Rs. 233 was stolen during the year as compared with that of Rs. 406 in the year preceding, whilst the recovery was of Rs. 94, *i. e.* 40 per cent. The average value in each case was of Rs. 4.

Village Police.

23. As can be expected in a hilly country like Bansda most of the village Patels are of Kaliparaj and uneducated. None of them enjoy powers under the

Act. The strength of the force continued to be the same as in last year. They are well behaved and candid. 12 inquests were held in which the following verdicts were recorded :—

1 Suicide.	3 Snake bites.
3 Drowning.	5 Accidental.

(*d*) *Criminal Justice.*

24. There are in all 3 original and 2 appellate Courts for the administration of Criminal justice. Their names and work are detailed in appendices X and XI. The total number of offences was 278 as compared with 287 in the year preceding. Thus there is a slight decrease in the number of crimes but on the contrary there is a slight increase in the number of accused. Heinous offences were only two, viz. poison to a woman on suspicion of her being a witch and killing a man in defence of one's person. The percentage of conviction and release to the number of persons tried is 66 and 34 respectively. Other particulars regarding crimes are given in detail in appendices IX and X. No case remained pending over 3 days on an average. At the end of the year 6 persons concerned in two cases remained untried.

25. Criminal appeals against the decisions of the Dewan's Court were only 2, in which the conviction was confirmed, but the sentence was made lenient for the sake of mercy. Against the decisions of the lower Courts 5 appeals were made to the Dewan who slightly modified the sentences but confirmed the convictions.

(*e*) *Extradition.*

26. Demands of prisoners from and upon the Bansda State were duly met. Periodical returns of the trials of the accused surrendered to this State were sent to you punctually. Being surrounded by 5 States in different directions, the small State of Bansda has to encounter many difficulties in gathering evidence for *prima facie* cases required for demand of offenders.

(*f*) *Prisons.*

27. The Bansda Jail is a suitable and commodious building with ample light and free ventilation. The health and general conduct as well as the discipline of the prisoners were good. The Jail was frequently visited by the Rajasaheb, the Dewan, the Naib-Dewan and the Doctor, and the building and compound were found to be kept in good order. The prisoners were fed clothed and treated so well that none of the convicts died. No prisoner escaped from the prison.

Lock up.—As stated last year, one of the Jail cells is assigned for the under trial prisoners, who generally do not remain more than 2 to 3 days in the prison before trial.

Civil Jail.—When necessary, one of the Jail rooms is used for the purpose, care being taken not to allow the civil prisoners to mix with the convicts. Hardly any person comes to the Civil Jail for imprisonment.

(g) Civil Justice.

Original Suits.

28. The Dewan's Court decides original claims of all sorts, appeals whereon are heard by the Rajasaheb's Huzur Court. 2 Claims were in hand at the commencement of the year and 321 were filed during the year under report. All of them except 19 were decided. Each case took 8 days on an average for disposal. The claims being generally trivial and uncontested, many of them were admitted, compromised or settled amicably, as the ryots are too poor to be litigious. Most of the outstanding cases were filed at the close of the year. Details regarding the nature and value of the suits will be found in appendix No. XIII.

29. *Decrees.*—The results of the applications for execution of decrees are given in appendix No. XIV. 72 decrees were in hand at the beginning of the year and 149 were received for execution during the year under report. Of these, 118 have been fully satisfied and 103 are in course of execution by instalments. Owing to the poverty of the people harsh measures are not taken. Nearly one-third of the outstanding decrees were filed towards the close of the year.

30. There was no miscellaneous application for heirship, administration or the like.

Civil Appeals.

31. The subjoined statement will show that only one appeal was made to the Rajasaheb against the decision of the Dewan. It was filed towards the close of the year and has been fixed for hearing in the new year.

Name of Court.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year.		Total.		Disposed of during		Closing balance.		Value of appeals filed during the year.		How disposed of.					Average duration.					
													Decisions confirmed.	Decisions reversed.	Decisions amended.	Cases reamanded for retrial.	Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of.	Year.	Months.	Days.	Year.	Months.	Days.
1	2		3		4		5		6		7		8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.			
The Raja Saheb's Huzur	...	...	5	1	5	1	5	...	1		190	92	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	...	...	...

32. *The Mamlatdar's Court Act* regarding temporary possession cases is not in force and no such case has yet arisen.

33. *(h) Registration* work done during the year is detailed below :—

Description.	1892-93.			1893-94.			Remarks.
	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realized.	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realized.	
Mortgage	5	1,852	7 12 0	7	3,211	16 0 0	
Sale...	10	2,498	25 4 0	14	1,735	15 0 0	
Will	1	160	2 0 0	.....	.....	.....	
Miscellaneous ...	1	49	0 8 0	1	326	7 0 0	
Total ...	17	4,559	35 8 0	22	5,272	38 0 0	
Expenditure ...	Debited to the Dewan's office by which the work is done.						
Net profit	.....	.....	35 8 0	.....	.....	38 0 0	

Poverty of ryots limits the number of transactions and consequently the number of registrations is small.

(*i*) *Municipal Administration.*

34. There is a Municipality in Bansda town, the population of which is 3,000 souls. There is no other big town in the State. No direct or indirect Municipal tax is levied. The expenses are met by the State. The roads are swept twice, watered and lighted and a fire extinguishing brigade with two machines is maintained by the Municipality. The total cost, exclusive of road repairs, which is debited to Public Works Department, was Rs. 1,664 during the year. One more road was metalled and others were kept in good repair. No fire broke out during the year. The fire engine is tried occasionally to keep it in workable condition.

CHAPTER IV.—Protection and Distribution.

(*a*) *Agriculture.*

35. Agriculture is carried on by the ryots in their old way. Manure is unknown to many of the Kaliparaj who merely burn Adar (leaves, dung cakes and branches of trees) on their fields in order to prepare them for sowing. Many of the indigent tenants who do not possess proper means of husbandry are supplied with money for the purpose of live stock and implements. Seed, food and cash are also advanced to the needy to improve cultivation.

Implements of superior native make and foreign machines for pressing canes are kept by the State for show. English vegetables and grafts of fruit trees are grown in the State garden in order to tempt people to imitate.

The cultivation of wheat and cotton which was hitherto unknown is gradually extending.

36. Tagavi of Rs. 30,578 in cash was advanced during the year for the purpose of sinking wells, building houses, agricultural sheds and digging rice beds, &c. The rate of interest varied from 3 to $3\frac{3}{4}$ per cent.

In addition to the above, grains for seed and food were given as per following table :—

Rice.	Wheat.	Jowar.	Gram.	Wal.	Guvar.	Kharsani.	Nagli.	Urid.	Mag.	Watana.	Castor seed.	Cotton seed.	Kodra.	Total maunds.
2,838	11	342	46	12	2	8	2,574	19	3	12	136	3	1,006	7,012

Stallions.

37. To improve the breed of cattle the State maintains 3 stallion horses, a bull and a he-buffalo. Of the 7 mares covered last year only 1 foaled, giving a filly. During the year under report 7 more mares were covered, most of these are in foal, but the result is not quite apparent as some of them were covered recently. One country stallion of last year was substituted by a handsome Arab horse purchased at a high price in Bombay.

Weather.

38. Malaria did not fail to give its annual visit punctually in winter. The temperature varied from 51° on 12th March to 109° on 23rd April, the average being 81°. The unhealthy climate hinders immigration and keeps the residents feeble and pale.

39 The rain of last monsoon was ample in the beginning, but deficient towards the close. It commenced on 30th May and ended on 1st October while the current monsoon set in on the 8th June. The rain gauge is in good condition and gives accurate measures which are recorded in the Ratan Kunver Ba Hospital by the Medical officer. The rainfall of the last 3 years will be seen from the following comparative table. No damage was done by floods.

Year.	1891.	1892.	1893.
Rain inches	120	116	94

Crops.

40. Owing to want of rains in the latter part of the monsoon the rice crop suffered a little, whilst the sowing of Rabi was deprived of a suitable opportunity. Locusts did not appear during the year.

41. *(b) Wages, labour and prices of food grain* fluctuated but very slightly.

(*c*) *Forest.*

42. The whole of the area under Forest has been defined. The system of conservancy is on the model of the British one. Grazing and cutting fuel are allowed in unreserved parts. Such of the trees as are not specially reserved are allowed to be cut gratis for the construction of huts of the poor agrarians. The new plantation of teak, mhowra, &c., is prospering. Old stumps were levelled to allow new and speedy growth of valuable timber. A few more round guards were added to the permanent establishment to ensure proper supervision over the new plantation.

43. Timber of the value of Rs. 1,750 was given gratis to the ryots for building houses and stables and making implements in addition to the unreserved wood cut free of charge.

Fire is strictly prohibited in the forests and the villagers are warned to be cautious when they burn Adar, so as not to kindle the forest. The Commissioner, N. D., saw our forest and was pleased with its management.

(*d*) *Trade and Manufacture.*

44. No important trade or manufacture can be expected in a hilly state like Bansda. Grain, mhowra seed and flowers, and leather are the principal articles bartered. Mhowra flowers are consumed by the Local Distillery and the superfluity of the other articles is exported.

45. There is no Mill or Factory. The industry of the poor is to make baskets of bamboos and mats of bamboo and toddy leaves and to press oil out of mhowra seed.

(*e*) *Fairs.*

46. Besides the petty fairs held on different days of the week in several villages of the State, the principal fair is held at Deoki Unai at the end of March annually. The gathering last time was not very great. To look after the sanitary arrangements and protect the lives and property of the multitude special arrangements were made whereby the fair ended quietly and peacefully without any epidemic. The Deputy Sanitary Commissioner who had specially encamped in the neighbourhood at the time, was pleased with our arrangements. He has made some suggestions which will receive due attention next time.

Public Works.

47. All works of public utility are carried on at State expense, as Local Funds are not levied. The following table gives details of the works done during the year.

The Superintending Engineer, N. D., happened to cross this territory and saw some roads and Public Works on his way.

Works.	State fund.	Local fund.	Remarks.
Repairs.			
Tanks and Wells	234		
Roads and road side trees	2,052		
Palace	844		
Schools	44		
Dharmshala and temples	123		
Other buildings	2,887		
New Works.			
Servants' quarters	10,294		
Tanks, wells and bunds	1,217		
Cattle pounds	43		
Establishment	2,222		
Tools and Plant	517		
Stables for horses and carriages ...	11,229		
Roads	670		
Extension of the Distillery ...	2,833		
Temple of Ganpati	681		
Total ...	35,890		

Amongst the new works were several houses for State servants, 6 wells, 2 Bunds, and a large stable. In addition to these two branches of fair weather cleared roads were made—one from Kathrot to Chapaldhara a distance of 1 mile and another from Bansda to Godha Bari a distance of 3 miles. Ordinary repairs to the other roads and buildings were duly made. All these works were done departmentally, as materials have to be specially prepared as they are not sold ready made in the Bazar. The total cost on Public Works was about one-tenth of the gross revenue of State.

CHAPTER V.—Revenue and Finance.

48. Appendix XVII shows the income and expenditure of the State under different heads. The causes of the principal increases and decreases are as follows :—

Income.

49. The land revenue increased with extension of cultivation.

50. The Forest revenue decreased because less timber was sold than in the preceding year.

51. Strict check on illicit distillation and increase in the sale prices of licenses to vend liquor caused increase in the revenue from liquor.

52. Toddy revenue increased owing to increase in the tree tax.

53. Judicial fees decreased because the value of claims was small.

54. Interest on loans increased on account of arrears having been collected during the year under report.

55. Decrease in opium revenue is due to less consumption of the drug and corresponding less fee paid by the license vendor.

56. The increase under the heads of sales of houses, rewards and chandla and sirpav at the Ahmedabad Durbar and other slight fluctuations call for no remarks.

57. The decrease in jail revenue is attributed to a smaller number of prisoners in the jail.

Expenditure.

58. Forest expenses increased owing to addition in establishment.

59. The increase under Abkari is due to purchase of distilling vats, &c., and the dear prices of mhowra flowers.

60. Stable expenses increased on account of substitution of an Arab stallion for a country one.

61. The decrease in jail charges is attributed to fewer inmates in the jail.

62. Ferry charges decreased owing to special repairs not being necessary during the year.

63. The increase under the Public Works is due to construction of more works.

64. Promotions to deserving men caused increase in official charges.

65. The decrease under the heads of education, garden, Municipality, contingent and printing charges is on account of there being no necessity for repairs or new materials.

66. The slight increase in remissions is owing to a partial failure of a few crops.

67. The increase in travelling charges is on account of constant movements of officials in the District whilst rewards and chandla increased in proportion to receipts under that head.

68. Palace establishment, clothing and furniture charges increased by supplying the wants of the young Princes.

69. The charges of the Rajasaheb's tour to Ahmedabad include the donations made there and cost of a pair of horses and a chariot purchased specially for the Durbar.

70. Other fluctuations speak for themselves.

CHAPTER VI.—Vital statistics and Medical services.

71. The following table shows the work of the Medical institutions. The travelling dispensary moves during the fair season, it being inconvenient to travel in the monsoon when the Hospital Assistant aids the Hospital staff at Bansda.

Hospital.	Number of patients treated.		Results.				Expense.	Daily average.
	Indoor.	Outdoor.	Discharged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.		
Ratan Kunver Ba Hospital	81	New cases. 8,839 — Old cases. 34,325	...	...	16	...	Rs. 4,159	118
Travelling Dispensary	...	New cases. 1,211 — Old cases. 1,091	...	...	...	...		14

The result of the work is not classified to avoid misconception ; for the patients do not care to report the result, but remain absent even when cured.

72. Cholera did not break out during the year. The great number of deaths in the Hospital is due to old and emaciated patients having sought relief at the close of their lives. 6 major and 255 minor operations were performed. All of them were successful. The prevailing diseases were generally the same as in last year. There was only one post mortem examination. The chief Medical officer Mr. Hormasji is popular.

73. There was no cattle disease. 56 cattle were treated by the Medical officer, many of which were cured. The Medical institution was visited by the Rajasaheb, the Commissioner, N. D., the Dewan and the Naib-Dewan. The medicines and instruments were found to be sufficient and clean whilst the records were up to date. The Hospital building and the compound round it were kept neat and in thorough repair.

74. The sanitation of the town of Bansda and its water supply are fair.

75. The travelling dispensary has proved a success. The poor highly appreciate the relief offered at their doors. In order to convey medical stores about the country boxes suitable to keep bottles and other materials have been specially prepared. They are conveyed in a cart permanently engaged for the purpose. The Hospital Assistant halts generally for 3 days in centres of a radius of about 3 miles and apprizes the people of the circle by beat of drum of his arrival whereupon the sick visit his camp and receive medicine. Serious cases are sent to the General Hospital. The superstitious people are thus gradually tempted to prefer medical

aid to the resource of pacifying the evil spirits and witches whom they consider to be the cause of even the slightest sickness amongst men and animals.

76. *Births and Deaths* were recorded by the village accountants with the following result :—

Item.	1892-93.	1893-94.	Increase.	Decrease.
Births	694	986	292	.....
Deaths	572	520	.....	52

The ratio of births and deaths are 23 and 13 per 1,000 respectively. The record though not accurate will improve gradually as strict supervision is kept over it. Sparse population and aversion of the people to report births and deaths are the difficulties experienced in obtaining correct record.

77. The vaccination work done during the year was as follows :—

Operation by whom performed.	Number of persons vaccinated in 1892-93.	Number of persons vaccinated in 1893-94.	Result.			
			Successful.		Unsuccessful.	
			1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.
State Vaccinator ...	1,673	1,572	1,656	1,552	17	20

The total expense was Rs. 358 as compared with Rs. 315 in the previous year Both the Inspector of vaccination and the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner visited the territory and examined vaccination work in several villages of the State.

CHAPTER VII.—Instruction.

78. The following table shows the statistics concerning education given during the year :—

Number.	Description of Schools.	Number of pupils on the roll.		Daily average attendance in 1894.	Standard up to which instruction imparted.	Remarks.
		31st March 1893.	31st March 1894.			
1	Bansda Anglo-Vernacular... ...	36	26	27	V	
2	Do. Vernacular	111	116	77	V	
3	Wandarwela	34	31	22	V	
4	Chapaldhara	50	49	34	VI	
5	Kathrot	24	20	11	V	
6	Lakhawadi...	21	19	10	IV	
7	Bhinar	32	30	16	IV	
8	Moti-Valzar	36	37	22	II	
9	Sindhi	42	54	38	V	
10	Charvi	28	40	20	V	
11	Andhatri	25	25	16	II	
12	Kurelia	34	32	21	V	
13	Limzar	30	24	14	IV	
14	Bartad	38	29	18	II	
15	Upsal	13	33	21	II	
16	Bansda girls'	65	65	41	VI	
17	Do. Urdu	38	48	22	IV	
	Total ...	657	678	430		

There are no Indigenous, Municipal, Local Board or night schools. Education is backward owing to natural difficulties. The Kaliparaj by which the State is mostly inhabited. live in scattered hamlets and are reluctant to send their children to schools.

79. The 2nd Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector who examined the schools reports that "it is a matter of great satisfaction that the Rajasaheb has been liberally encouraging his subjects to receive education. All the children of the State schools who pass the examination or are promoted to upper classes are supplied with *all* books that are required in their new standards by the Rajasaheb; and especially the aborigines are awarded clothes, slates, writing materials, and petty scholarships *besides* the required books. And they are taught *free* of any charges."

"It is a matter of great pleasure that the Darbar has been pleased to supply some of the schools with wall pictures."

"The Gymnasium for the town boys' school is an excellent one. It is supplied with almost all sorts of apparatus and the Rajasaheb is always found generous in encouraging the boys by awarding prizes to the best performers of the athletic sports."

80. Notwithstanding all these inducements some of the village schools were found in a deplorable condition for want of pupils. To remedy the evil, experienced teachers on higher salaries are employed as a trial, which I fear will not be successful, because the poverty of the parents leads them to utilize the services of their children of school going age in grazing cattle, watching homes when the parents work in the fields and taking care of babies—work which may require the services of adults if children were sent to school. When the teachers request parents to send their children to school, the answer they invariably receive is that their homes and fields are the best schools adapted to their avocation and condition of life for which the Government schools are not suitable.

81. The Kaliparaj boys who are being trained in the Bansda Taluka school for school-masters, made fair progress during the year. A Brahmin boy who was sent with a State scholarship to the Surat High School has passed the Matriculation Examination and is employed as 1st Assistant Master in the Anglo-Vernacular school at Bansda. He is the first matriculated man in the State.

82. The schools have their own houses which are convenient, commodious and well ventilated. They have been supplied with sufficient furniture, books, maps, &c. The schools were frequently visited by the Dewan and occasionally by the Rajasaheb and other officers.

83. The Deputy Educational Inspector who examined the Anglo-vernacular school and who was present at the examination of some of the Gujarati schools says that "the results of the annual examination are 54·6 per cent." He found the

English school in "good condition." He also states that—"the undersigned witnessed the boys of this school and that of the verncular boys' school of the town performing physical feats at the Gymnasium attached to the schools and was much pleased with what he saw. The Rajasaheb and the Dewan both were present at these performances and the examination of the English school and appeared to take great interest in everything that took place."

CHAPTER VIII.—Miscellaneous.

84. *Wild animals* were destroyed at an expense of Rs. 51, *viz:* 7 Panthers and 4 Zarakhs. In addition to these Mr. Reid the Commissioner, N. D., shot about 6 Panthers. 1 death was caused by wild and 3 by venomous animals.

85. *Telegraphic Communication* does not exist in the State, which uses that at Billimora Railway Station.

86. *The Branch Post Office* at Bansda works pretty regularly.

87. *Records* have all been shelved and kept up to date. The useless records have been destroyed up to the year prescribed.

88. *Printing Press* does not exist in the State.

89. *The Gulabsingji Library* is kept open gratis for the use of the ryots. Several vernacular and a few English papers and periodicals are subscribed. The expense to the State on this account was Rs. 282.

90. *No tax* on traders residing in the State is charged but license tax is levied from foreigners who trade in the State. Transit duty is not levied.

91. *The Nakas* to collect the Forest fees remained unaltered.

92. *Agreements* made with the British Government were adhered to as usual.

93. In conclusion, I should mention that the several Departments of the State have co-operated so zealously as to make the result of the year's administration satisfactory.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,

Dewan of Bansda State.

Appendix I.

POLITICAL RELATIONS of NATIVE STATES.

Name of State.	Tribute in men or money.		Estimated population.	Schools.	Persons being taught.	Persons who have been vaccinated.	Prevailing diseases.	Supposed gross revenue.	Military Force.	Transit dues levied or not.	Principal articles of production, manufacture and mines.
	Amount.	To whom payable.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Bansda ...	Rs. a. p. 153 8 0	British Government.	According to the census of 1891. 41,373	17	678	1,572	Malarious fevers, Rheumatic and Syphilitic affections, Skin, Eye and Ear diseases, Intestinal worms.	Rs. 3,76,271	Nil.	Not.	Agricultural products, Rice, Nagli, Gram, Jowar, Kodra, pulses. Manufactures,—Bamboo mats, fans and baskets. Stone metal is found in mines.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,

Dewan of Bansda.

20th August, 1894.

" "

Appendix II.

NATIVE CHIEFS, principal male members of their families and principal members of their Courts, 1893-94.

No.	Name of Individual, State and Family to which he belongs.	Residence.	Present position.	Caste, race and religion.	Age.	How and where educated.	How employed.	Has Sanad authorizing adoption or not.	Family follows primogeniture or not.	Has male heirs or not	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Maharaul Shri Pratapsingji Gulabsingji, Bansda State, Wansadia Family... ...	Bansda Town.	Raja.	Solanki Rajput Hindu.	30	By attending the Raj-Kumar College at Rajkot in Kathiawad.	Ruling his State.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	
2	Maharaul Shri Indrasingji Pratapsingji, Bansda State, Wansadia Family... ...	Do.	Patvi Kunwar (Heir apparent)	Do.	6½						
3	Maharaul Shri Pravinsingji Pratapsingji, Bansda State, Wansadia Family... ...	Do.	2nd Prince.	Do.	3½						
4	Jhaverbhai Nathabhai, Amin Family	Virsad, Taluka Borsad in the Kaira District.	Dewan.	Leva Patidar, Leva race Hindu Vishnav	42	By attending the Ahmedabad High school. Has passed the examinations of Survey Department, 3rd and 2nd Class Magisterial and Lower and Higher Standards.	Controller of all the Departments in the State.				
5	Pranshanker Dayashanker, Pathek Family	Bardoli in Surat District.	Naib Dewan.	Audich Sahastra Brahmin, Hindu Shiv.	38	By attending the Poona Engineering College; has passed the Matriculation and L. C. E. Examinations.	Head of the Revenue and P.W. Departments.				
6	Hormasji Byramji, Dastoor Family	Town of Broach in the District of Broach.	Medical Officer.	Parsi Zoroastrian.	36	By attending the Medical College; has passed the Matriculation and L. M & S. examinations.	Chief Medical Officer.				

20th August, 1894.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan of Bansda.

Appendix III.

CIVIL DIVISIONS of TERRITORY under Political Control 1893-94.

Division.	Executive District.	Number of executive sub-divisions.	Area in square miles.	Population.	Chief towns with population.		Number of villages.	Number of Civil Judges.	Number of Stipendiary Magistrates.	Maximum distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Average distance in miles of villages from nearest Courts.	Number of Police.	Total cost of officials and Police of all kinds.	State Revenue.		Remarks.
					Head-quarter Town.	Population.								Land.	Gross.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Surat Agency.	Bansda.	...	215	41,373	Bansda.	3,003	87	1	3	16	$7\frac{1}{2}$	85	Rs. 9,636	Rs. 1,36,556	Rs. 3,76,271	

20th August, 1894.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan of Bansda.

Appendix IV.

Population of NATIVE STATES. BANSDA STATE, 1893-94.

Commissionership.	District.	Inhabited houses.	Population in 1894.						Classification of population of the general census of 1891.									Occupation.			Emigration or Immigration during the year.
			Men.	Women.	Children under 15 years.		Total.	Number per square mile.	Christians.			Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Parsees.	Buddhists and Jains.	Aboriginals.	Others.	Total male agriculturists including landlords, cultivators and agricultural labourers.	Total non-agricultural males.	Prevailing languages.	
					Male.	Female.			Europeans.	East Indian and other mixed races.	Natives.										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Northern Division.	Bansda.	7,382	21,489	19,884	Included in Column 4.	Included in Column 5.	41,373	192	...	...	...	40,303	888	137	37	...	...	21,200	289	Gujarati and Marathi.	No record is kept.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan of Bansda.

28th August, 1894.

Appendix V.

STATEMENT showing the Strength, Cost, and other particulars of the MILITARY FORCE in the BANSDA STATE, 1893-94.

Arm of service.	Total number of fighting officers and men.							Details of Force at the end of the year.						Total cost of pay and allowances of Officers, Non-commissioned Officers and men, including followers	Remarks.
	Remaining at the end of last year.	Recruited this year (a).	Died.			Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c. (b).	Remaining at the end of the year.	Number of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of guns.	Number of men.				
			In action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-commissioned Officers.	Fighting men.	
Cavalry	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sappers	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Artillery	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Infantry	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

There is no Military regular force but there are 22 Sowars who serve as Police Sowars and escorts, &c. There is a party of 25 Arabs who serve as Palace and Treasury guards and are included in the Police.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,

Dewan of Bansda.

20th August, 1894.

Appendix VI.

STATEMENT showing the Strength, Cost, Discipline and Education of the POLICE of the Bansda State, 1893-94.

Description of Officer.	Number.	Pay of the Grade.	Total Expenditure.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Dismissed.	Fined degraded or suspended departmentally.	Judicially punished.	By promotion.	By money rewards.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
			Rs. a. p.								
Chief Police Inspector	...	...									
Inspector of Police...	...	...									
Chief Constable	1	65		.....	.....	.....	...	...	1	...	* Including 25 Arabs and a few other guards.
Head Constables	1	22	9,636 0 0 Including accoutrements.	.....	.....	.....	...	...	1	...	
	2	20		.....	.....	.....	...	...	2	...	
	1	13		.....	.....	.....	1	...	1	...	
	1	12		.....	.....	.....	...	...	1	...	
Constables of different classes ...	3	10		1	.....	.....	1	...	2	...	
	3	9		.....	.....	.....	...	...	2	...	
	19	8		3	3	1	...	...	4	...	
	54	7 and less		1	2	1	6	...	4	...	
Total ...	85*			5	5	2	8	...	18	...	

20th August, 1894.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan of Bansda.

Appendix VII.

STATEMENT showing the results of the working of the POLICE in BANSDA STATE, during the year 1893–94.

NAME OF STATE.	Number of offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage convicted of accused arrested (Columns 3 and 4).		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.		REMARKS.
	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94	1892-93.	1893-94.	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
Bansda	142	94	199	178	199	175	168	147	30	22	84	82	84	84	

16th August, 1894.

This statement relates to cognizable cases only.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan of Bansda.

Appendix VIII.

STATEMENT showing the value of property stolen and amount of recoveries in BANSDA STATE during the year 1893–94.

STATE.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.			
Bansda	406 0 0	233 0 0	134 0 0	94 0 0	33	40	

16th August, 1894.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan of Bansda.

Appendix

STATEMENT showing the number of CRIMES COMMITTED, number during the

Number.	Description of Crime or Offence.	Number of Crimes.			Number of cases disposed of during 1893-94.	Number of cases undisposed of during 1893-94.	Number of persons apprehended.	Number of persons convicted.
		Balance on 31st July, 1893.	Committed during 1893-94.	Total.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Offences falling under Abkari Act	...	10	10	10	...	17	12
2	Committing affray	...	3	3	3	...	8	8
3	Being a public servant and taking a gratification other than legal remuneration in respect of an official act	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
4	Giving false information to a public servant...	...	4	4	4	...	4	4
5	Taking gift to screen offender...	...	1	1	1	...	6	6
6	Offering gift to screen offender	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
7	Fraudulent use of false instrument for weighing	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
8	Do. use of false measure	...	1	1	1	...	2	2
9	Being in possession of false weights or measures for fraudulent use	...	1	1	1	...	3	3
10	Defiling the water of a public spring or reservoir	...	3	3	3	...	15	14
11	Rash driving	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
12	Murder	...	1	1	1	...	3	3
13	Causing death by rash act	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
14	Attempt to commit suicide	...	5	5	5	...	5	4
15	Voluntarily causing hurt	...	71	71	71	...	102	26
16	Do. do. by dangerous weapons	...	2	2	2	...	4	1
17	Do. do. grievous hurt	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
18	Do. do. grievous hurt by dangerous weapons ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
19	Do. do. hurt on grave provocation	...	9	9	9	...	10	10
20	Wrongfully restaining any person	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
21	Use of criminal force otherwise than on grave provocation...	...	5	5	5	...	6	4
22	Use of criminal force to deter a public servant from discharge of his duties	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
23	Criminal force to a woman	...	2	2	2	...	2	2
24	Use of criminal force on grave provocation	...	8	8	8	...	9	8
25	Kidnapping with intent wrongfully to confine a person ...	...	1	1	1	...	2	2
26	Theft	...	41	41	40	1	67	55
27	Theft in a building	...	7	7	7	...	13	13
28	Theft by a servant of property in possession of master ...	...	9	9	9	...	13	11
29	Extortion	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
30	Dishonest misappropriation of moveable property	...	4	4	4	...	5	5
31	Criminal breach of trust	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
32	Dishonestly receiving stolen property	...	2	2	2	...	3	3
33	Assisting in concealing stolen property	...	5	5	5	...	17	17
34	Cheating	...	3	3	3	...	3	3
35	Cheating and thereby dishonestly inducing delivery of property	...	2	2	2	...	2	2
36	Mischief...	...	3	3	2	1	8	...
37	Mischief by killing an animal of the value of Rs. 10 or upwards	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
38	Criminal trespass	...	3	3	3	...	4	2
39	House breaking	...	3	3	3	...	3	3
40	Adultery	...	6	6	6	...	6	1
41	Insult intended to provoke a breach of trust	1	39	40	40	...	47	26
42	Criminal intimidation	...	6	6	6	...	8	5
43	Appearing in a public place in a state of intoxication ...	...	4	4	4	...	6	6
44	Offences under other Acts	...	2	2	2	...	6	4
	Total ...	1	278	279	277	2	421	275

16th August, 1894.

IX.

of cases disposed of and cases awaiting trial in the BANSDA STATE, year 1893-94,

Number of persons Sentenced to							Number of persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons confined, being insane.	Number of persons died, during or before trial.	Terms of Imprisonment.								Remarks.
Imprisonment.		Imprisonment and fine.		Fine only.	Whipping.	Total.				Under 1 month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.	
Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.																
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
...	...	...	1	11	...	12	5	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	8	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	3	1	...	4	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	6	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	14	...	14	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	3	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	
..	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	2	...	2	...	4	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	25	...	26	76	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
..	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	..	...	...	10	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	3	...	4	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	7	...	8	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	18	...	19	18	...	55	11	...	...	23	11	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	1 Pending.
...	4	...	7	2	...	13	...	...	...	6	1	2	...	1	...	...	...	1	
...	2	...	8	1	...	11	2	...	...	5	2	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	2	...	3	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	13	2	2	17	...	...	...	12	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	
...	...	...	2	1	...	3	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 Pending.
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
..	...	...	3	...	..	3	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	2	...	...	24	...	26	21	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	5	...	5	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	6	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	4	...	4	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	35	3	62	173	2	275	140	...	...	61	23	6	4	1	3	...	1	1	6 accused in 2 cases remained untried.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN, Dewan of Bansda.

Appendix X.

STATEMENT showing the number of offences reported and offences dealt with in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1893-94 ending July.

No.	Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with.								Persons disposed of.					Persons remaining at the end of the year.	Remarks.
				Remaining at the end of last year.	Brought to trial 1893-94.					Total.								
		1892-93.	1893-94.		Arrested by Police.	Upon warrant.	On Summons.	Voluntarily.	Arrested in the presence of the Magistrate.	1892-93.	1893-94.	Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
1	The Dewan's	69	89	...	16	34	85	...	5	104	140	...	19	121	...	...	...	
2	The Naib Dewan's ...	108	94	1	64	...	80	...	...	157	146	52	19	69	...	...	6	
3	The Head karkun's ...	110	95	...	51	...	85	...	...	155	135	40	10	85	...	...	...	
	Total ...	287	278	1	131	34	250	...	5	416	421	92	48	275	...	...	6	

16th August, 1894.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan of Bansda.

Appendix XI.

STATEMENT showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by the CRIMINAL COURTS in the BANSDA STATE, during the year ending July 1893-94.

State.	Tribunals.	Number of applications.	Number of persons and cases.																												Remarks.
			Applications rejected.				Sentences								Proceedings quashed.				Referred.				Further enquiry, &c., ordered.				Pending				
							Confirmed				Modified				Reversed																
			Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		
			1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
Bansda	The Rajasaheb ...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	The Dewan	5	4	...	4	...	4	...	4	...	3	5	3	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	7	4	...	4	...	4	...	4	...	4	7	4	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

16th August, 1894.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan of Bansda.

Appendix XII.

STATEMENT showing the number of persons convicted in the JAIL in the BANSDA STATE, during the year, 1893-94 ending with July.

Stations.	Number of prisoners.	Number of prisoners.			Daily average in Jail.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of Jail and prisoners.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in the Jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.					
				1892-93. 1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.			
1	2	3	4	5 6	7	8	9	10	11
								Rs. a. p.	
Bansda	89	1	88	132 89	15	7	10	520 0 0	Nil.

16th August, 1894.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan of Bansda.

Appendix XIII.

CIVIL WORK—Nature and value of ORIGINAL SUITS filed and disposed of in the BANSDA STATE during 1893-94.

Number.	Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		Suits filed in 1893-94.									Suits disposed of in 1893-94.							Remarks.
		1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	Value.	Suits regarding lands and houses, &c.	Suits for money transactions.	Suits for other rights, &c.	Number of suits under Rs. 100.	Number of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	Number of suits above Rs. 500 and under Rs. 1,000.	Number of suits above Rs. 1,000 and under Rs. 5,000.	Number of suits above Rs. 5,000.	Exparte.	Admitted and compromised, &c.	Struck off the file, &c.	Otherwise disposed of	Value.	Average duration. Years.	Months.	Days.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27			28
1	Dewan ...	8	2	274	321	382	323	280	304	2	19	Rs. 8,260	18	275	28	310	10	1	...	...	1	76	...	227	Rs. 8,691	...	...	8	

16th August, 1894.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan of Bansda.

Appendix XIV.

CIVIL WORK–Results of applications for execution of decrees in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1893-94.

Number.	Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for 1893-94.	Applications brought to the register.			Total.			Disposed of.			Closing balance.			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of 1893-94.			Remarks.
		1892-93.	1893-94.		1892-93.	1893-94.	Value for 1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	Total value for 1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	Value for 1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	Value of closing balance for 1893-94.	Below 6 months.	Below 12 months.	Above 12 months.	
1	2	3		4	5			6			7			8			9			10
				Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.				
1	Dewan	40	72	1,743 0 0	108	149	2,007 0 0	148	221	3,750 0 0	76	118	1,915 0 0	72	103	1,835 0 0	69	13	21	

16th August, 1894.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan of Bansda.

Appendix XV.

REGISTRATION of DOCUMENTS.

Number.	Sub-Registry office.	Number of Documents presented.												Documents registered.		Value of Documents.		Documents refused to be registered.		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year.		Remarks.
		Documents presented for registration.		Mortgages.		Sale deeds.		Wills.		Money bonds.		Miscellaneous.										
		1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	1892-93.	1893-94.	
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12		
1	Bansda	17	22	5	7	10	14	1	...	...	...	1	1	16	22	Rs. a. p. 4,559 0 0	Rs. a. p. 5,272 0 0	1	...	...	...	

16th August, 1894.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,

Dewan of Bansda.

Appendix XVI.

Agriculture.

STATEMENT showing AGRICULTURAL STOCK in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1893-94.

No.	District.	Cattle and other Quadrupeds.									Ploughs.		Carts.	
				Buffaloes.										
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Male.	Female.	Horses.	Mares.	Colts and fillies.	Asses.	Sheep and Goats.	With two bullocks.	With four bullocks	Riding Carts.	Carts used in carrying.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	Bansda	15,625	12,110	1,365	2,210	80	27	10	...	7,618	6,108	22	245	1,110

16th August, 1894.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan of Bansda.

Appendix XVII.

INCOME.

No.	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1892-93.	A. D. 1893-94.	Increase.	Decrease.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Land Revenue	1,30,511	1,36,556	6,045	.....	
2	Forest	37,346	33,034	.....	4,312	
3	Abkari Liquor	1,53,424	1,70,127	16,703	.....	
4	Do. Toddy	5,222	7,239	2,017	.....	
5	Do. Bhang, Ganja	22	35	13	.....	
6	Judicial fees...	1,136	885	.....	251	
7	Magisterial fines	1,578	1,533	.....	45	
8	Interest on loans, &c.	4,766	5,427	661	.....	
9	Opium	440	150	.....	290	
10	Giras...	3,393	3,228	.....	165	
11	Tolls	2,316	2,099	.....	217	
12	Ferries	14	13	.....	1	
13	Rent of houses	934	1,118	184	.....	
14	Rent of Estate outside the State...	218	.....	.....	218	
15	Miscellaneous	5,130	5,128	.....	2	
16	Registration of documents... ...	36	38	2	.....	
17	School fees	187	201	14	.....	
18	Garden produce	45	.....	.....	45	
19	Jail	485	199	.....	286	
20	Cattle Pounds	248	223	.....	25	
21	Sale of houses, &c.	.....	6,583	6,583	.....	
22	Rewards and chandla	.....	1,715	1,715	.....	
23	Sirpav at Ahmedabad Durbar from H. E. the Governor of Bombay...	.....	740	740	.....	
	Carried forward ...	3,47,451	3,76,271	34,677	5,857	

Net increase Rs. 28,820.

EXPENDITURE.

No.	Heads of Expenditure.	Fasli. A. D. 1892-93.	Fasli. A. D. 1893-94.	Increase.	Decrease.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Medical	4,181	4,159	.....	22	
2	Forest	2,920	3,386	466	.....	
3	Abkari	51,317	66,089	14,772	.....	
4	Vaccination...	315	358	43	.....	
5	Library	164	282	118	.....	
6	Police and other guards	9,720	9,636	.....	84	
7	Paga and Stable	25,821	26,632	811	.....	
8	Cattle Pounds	29	35	6	.....	
9	Jail	884	520	.....	364	
10	Cash allowances and temple servants	12,803	12,965	162	.....	
11	Tolls...	434	439	5	.....	
12	Ferries	472	119	.....	353	
13	Public works	27,637	35,890	8,253	.....	
14	Dewan Kacheri	6,130	6,378	248	.....	
15	Naib-Dewan's office	7,292	7,814	522	.....	
16	Collecting Establishment	8,879	8,892	13	.....	
17	Education	5,510	4,676	.....	834	
18	Garden charges	4,489	1,479	.....	3,010	
19	Municipality	2,777	1,664	.....	1,113	
20	Contingent charges	691	440	.....	251	
21	Printing charges	400	251	.....	149	
22	Deficit in Granary	66	119	53	.....	
23	Remissions	69	358	289	.....	
24	Income Tax on interest of loans ...	12	7	.....	5	
25	Miscellaneous	2,103	591	.....	1,512	
26	Rewards for destruction of wild animals	33	51	18	.....	
27	Railway fare, cart hire and Bhathas.	2,291	2,834	543	.....	
28	Purchase of jewels	342	292	.....	50	
29	Rewards and Chandla	2,315	4,723	2,408	.....	
	Carried forward ...	1,80,096	2,01,079	28,730	7,747	

No.	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1892-93.	A. D. 1893-94.	Increase.	Decrease.	Remarks.	No.	Heads of Expenditure.	Fasli. A. D. 1892-93.	Fasli. A. D. 1893-94.	Increase.	Decrease.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Brought forward ...	3,47,451	3,76,271	34,677	5,857			Brought forward ...	1,80,096	2,01,079	28,730	7,747	
							30	Devasthan Dharmada	2,181	1,983	.....	198	
							31	Festivals	1,317	1,315	.....	2	
							32	Death ceremony of the Raja Saheb's step-mother	332	.....	.....	332	
							33	Palace Establishment	7,380	8,248	868	.....	
							34	Pocket expenses to Raja Saheb and Ranisahebs	18,348	18,448	100	.....	
							35	Purchase of clothing	3,524	3,993	469	.....	
							36	Do. Furniture	1,032	2,362	1,330	.....	
							37	Kitchen	3,752	3,671	.....	81	
							38	Guests &c.	3,666	3,602	.....	64	
							39	Houses and land purchased in Billimora	18	695	677	.....	
							40	General census of 1891	21	.....	.....	21	
							41	Rajasaheb's tour to Ahmedabad ...	.....	21,476	21,476	.....	
	Total Rs. ...	3,47,451	3,76,271	34,677	5,857			Total Rs. ...	2,21,667	2,66,872	53,650	8,445	

Net increase Rs. 45,205.

16th August, 1894.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan of Bansda.

ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

BANSDA STATE

For the Year 1894-95.

SURAT:

PRINTED AT THE MISSION PRESS.

1895.

No. 53 of 1895.

From

The Dewan of Bansda,

To

R. A. L. Moore, Esquire, I. C. S.,
Agent to His Excellency the Governor
at Surat.

Bansda State Palace;
20th August, 1895.

Sir,

I have the honour to submit the following Administration Report of the Bansda State for the year ending 31st ultimo.

2. The prescribed statements accompany.

CHAPTER I.—Political.

3. The relations of the State with the British Government and the neighbouring Native States were cordial.

4. The Commissioner, N. D., (Mr. Reid) visited the territory in March last and travelled over a few villages.

5. Our Raja Saheb travelled as usual through several villages of the State where he examined the Schools and Public Works and enquired into the condition and wants of the Ryots. He was also present at the Jamabandi of all the villages in the State.

6. The birth of a third Kunversaheb by the Saylawalan Zalan Raniji of our Rajasaheb on the 30th October 1894 was a happy domestic occurrence. The prince is named Natvarsinhji and he enjoys good health.

Changes in the Administration.

7. There was no change worth notice in the strength or personnel of the principal Officers of the State.

CHAPTER II.—Administration of the Land.

8. As mentioned last year the State lands have all been surveyed, classed and systematically assessed. The rates of Bighoti are suitable. The revenue is collected without resorting to harsh measures.

9. No special tenures exist in the State, but waste lands are continued to be given out for cultivation on special leases.

10. The following table gives details of cultivable land:—

Extent of cultivable area for		Taken up in		Waste remaining at the end of the year.		Percentage of cultivable land lying waste in	
1893-94	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95
69,908	69,911	2,833	902	26,931	26,029	39	37

Notwithstanding our efforts, the progress of cultivation is very slow, owing to bad water and an unhealthy climate which are due to the hills and jungles.

11. Like last year, the revenue accounts were punctually written according to British forms and regularly checked by the superior authorities which left no chance for error or fraud.

12. *Boundary disputes* were all settled at the time of the survey and there is none now outstanding.

13. *Wards' estates under the State management.*—None.

Chapter III.—Protection.

(*a*) *Legislation.*

14. There has been no change in the laws in force in the State except Receipt Stamps have been introduced during the year.

(*b*) *Military.*

15. There is neither a regular Military force, nor is it necessary in a small and compact State like Bansda which keeps sufficient foot and mounted police for the protection of the persons and property of its ryots.

(*c*) *District Police.*

16. Appendix No. VI gives details of the strength, cost and education of the District Police. The organization and discipline of the force employed is on the model of the British Police.

17. 133 accused implicated in 92 cognizable cases were dealt with by the Police. Of these 130 were sent for trial in which 107 or 82 per cent were convicted. The good result reflects credit on the Police.

18. Two more Police Stations have been opened during the year, and men of the District Police Foot Force have been posted thereat. Thus the total number of Police out-stations are five within the State area of 215 square miles.

19. The Abkari Police detected 25 offences under the Abkari Act. They were so vigilant that Abkari offences have been greatly checked.

Stolen property.

20. Property of the value of Rs. 567 was stolen during the year as compared with that of the value of Rs. 233 in the year preceding, whilst the recovery was of Rs. 262 *i. e.* 45 per cent. The average value in each case was Rs. 9.

Village Police.

21. As stated last year, in a hilly country like Bansda most of the village Patels belong to the Kaliparaj and are uneducated. None of them enjoy powers under the Act. The strength of the force continued to be the same as last year. They are well behaved and candid. 29 inquests were held in which the following verdicts were recorded :—

4 Suicides	12 Snake bites
7 Drowning	6 Accidental
	29

(*d*) *Criminal Justice.*

22. There are in all 3 original and 2 appellate Courts for the administration of Criminal justice. Their names and work are detailed in Appendices X and XI. The total number of offences was 243 as compared with 278 in the year preceding. Thus there is a decrease both in the numbers of offences and of accused. There was one murder in which a poor old woman was killed on suspicion of her being a witch. The percentage of conviction and release to the number of accused tried is 71 and 29 respectively. Other particulars will be found in Appendices Nos. IX and X.

23. There was only one Criminal appeal against the Dewan's decisions in which the conviction was upheld but the sentence was modified as a matter of grace. Against the decisions of the lower Courts 3 appeals were received by the Dewan who confirmed convictions in all cases but modified the sentence in one instance.

(*e*) *Extradition.*

24. Demands of prisoners from and upon the Bansda State were duly met. Periodical returns of the trials of the accused surrendered to this State were sent to you punctually. Being surrounded by 5 States in different directions, the small State of Bansda has to encounter many difficulties in gathering evidence for prima facie cases required for demand of offenders, as remarked last year.

(*f*) *Prisons.*

25. The Bansda Jail is a suitable and commodious building with ample light and free ventilation. The health, general conduct and the discipline of the prisoners were good. The Jail was frequently visited by the Raja Saheb, the Dewan, the Naib-Dewan and the Doctor. The building and compound were kept in good order.

26. *Lock-up.* One of the Jail cells is assigned for the under-trial prisoners, who generally do not remain more than a few days in the prison, before trial.

27. *Civil Jail.* When necessary, one of the Jail rooms is used for this purpose, care being taken not to allow the Civil prisoners to mix with the convicts. Only one such inmate had to remain in confinement for a few days during the year.

(*g*) *Civil Justice.*

28. The Dewan's Court decides original claims of all sorts, appeals on whose decisions are heard by the Raja Saheb's Huzur Court. 19 cases were in hand at the commencement of the year and 387 were filed during the year making a total of 406. All of them except 7 were decided. Each case took a week on an average for disposal. Appendix No. XIII will show the nature and value of suits as well as the result of decisions.

29. *Decrees.*—The results of the applications for execution of decrees are given in Appendix No XIV. 103 decrees were in hand at the beginning of the year and 209 more were filed for execution during its course. Of these 198 have been executed, the rest being in execution by instalments which are paid gradually owing to the poverty of the people.

30. There was no miscellaneous application for heirship, administration or the like.

Civil Appeals.

31. 7 appeals were received by the Raja Saheb's Huzur during the year and one was in hand from the previous year. All of them have been disposed of with results as per following table.

Name of Court.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year.		Total.		Disposed of during		Closing balance.		Value of appeals filed during the year.		How disposed of						Average duration.					
													Decisions confirmed.		Decisions reversed.		Decisions amended.		Cases remanded for retrial.		Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of.		Year.	Months.	Days.	Year.	Months.	Days.
1	2		3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12		13	14	15	16	17	18
	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.			1894-95.		
The Raja Saheb's Huzur	...	1	1	7	1	8	...	8	1	...	92	665	...	4	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	2	5

32. The Mamlatdar's Court Act regarding temporary possession cases is not in force and no such case has yet arisen.

33. (*h*) Registration work done during the year is detailed below.

Description.	1893-94.			1894-95.			Remarks.
	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realized.	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realized.	
Mortgage	7	3,211	16 0 0	8	891	4 10 0	
Sale...	14	1,735	15 0 0	6	1311	13 4 0	
Will	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Miscellaneous ...	1	326	7 0 0	1	120	1 4 0	
Total ...	22	5,272	38 0 0	15	2322	19 2 0	
Expenditure ...	Debited to the Dewan's office by which the work is done.						
Net profit ...	.....	.....	38 0 0	.....	.....	19 2 0	

Poverty of ryots limits the number of transactions and consequently the number of registrations is small.

(*i*) *Municipal Administration.*

34. There is a Municipality in Bansda town, the population of which is 3,000 souls. There is no other big town in the State. No direct or indirect Municipal tax is levied. The expenses are met by the State. The roads are swept and watered twice and lighted. A fire extinguishing brigade with two machines is maintained. The total cost, exclusive of road repairs, which is debited to the Public Works Department, was Rs. 1,280 during the year.

CHAPTER IV.—Protection and Distribution.

(a) Agriculture.

35. Agriculture is carried on by the ryots in their old way. Manure is yet unknown to many of the Kaliparaj who merely burn Adar (leaves, dung-cakes and branches of trees) on their fields in order to prepare them for sowing. Many of the indigent tenants who do not possess proper means of husbandry are supplied with money for the purpose of live stock. Implements, seeds, food, and cash are also advanced to the needy to improve cultivation.

As usual implements of superior native make and foreign machines for pressing canes are kept by the State for show. English vegetables, and grafts of fruit and flower trees are grown in the State garden in order to tempt people to imitate.

The cultivation of wheat and cotton which was hitherto unknown, is gradually extending.

36. Tagavi of Rs. 41,023 in cash was advanced during the year for the purpose of sinking wells, building houses, agricultural sheds and digging rice beds &c. The rate of interest varied from 3 to $4\frac{3}{4}$ per cent.

In addition to the above, grains for seed and food were given as per following table :—

Rice.	Jowar.	Gram.	Tuver.	Nagli.	Urid.	Mag.	Castor Seed.	Kodra.	Total maunds.
2,397	68	12	6	1,696	2	1	6	461	4649

Stallions.

37. To improve the breed of cattle the State maintains 3 stallion horses, a bull and a he-buffalo. Out of the 7 mares covered last year 2 breeded, giving a colt and a filly. 5 mares were covered during the year. Most of them are in foal. The services of our Stallions were availed of by some outsiders, but they have not reported the result.

Weather.

38. Malaria did not fail to pay its annual visit punctually in winter. The temperature varied from 52° on 16th January to 110° on 11th May, the average being 80°. The unhealthy climate hinders immigration and keeps the residents feeble and sickly.

39. The rain of the last monsoon was not only ample but it commenced on the 8th June and continued until the end of October. The current monsoon set in on the 11th June. The rain-gauge is in good condition and gives accurate measures which are recorded in the Ratan-Kunver-Ba Hospital by the Medical Officer. The rainfall of the last three years will be seen from the following comparative table :

Year.	1892	1893	1894
Rain inches	116	94	119

40. *Crops.* The yield of the Kharif crops was an average one. Slight damage was done to some of the crops by the last rains, but they benefited the Ravi crops. Locusts did not appear.

41. (*b*) Wages, labour and prices of food-grains were nearly steady, the fluctuations being slight.

(*c*) *Forest.*

42. As reported last year, the whole of the area under Forest has been defined. The system of conservancy is an imitation of the British. Grazing and cutting fuel are allowed in unreserved parts. Such of the trees as are not specially reserved are allowed to be cut gratis for the construction of huts for the poor agrarians. The new plantation of teak, mhowra, &c. is prospering fairly. Old stumps were levelled to allow new and speedy growth of valuable timber.

43. In addition to the unreserved wood, timber of the value of Rs. 1,316 was given gratis to the ryots for building houses and stables and making implements. Fire is strictly prohibited in the forests and the villagers are warned to be cautious when they burn Adar so as not to kindle the forest.

(d) Trade and Manufacture.

44. In a hilly State like Bansda no important trade or manufacture can be expected. The principal products bartered are grain, mhowra-seed, mhowra flower and leathers. Of these the whole of the mhowra flower was consumed by the local distillery and the superfluity of the other articles was exported.

45. There is no mill or factory. Making baskets of bamboo and mats of bamboo as well as toddy leaves is the industry of the poor. Oil is pressed out of mhowra seed by the Ghanchis.

(e) Fairs.

46. Weekly fairs called Hatwadas are held on different days of the week in different villages, but the principal Fair is that of Deoki Unai, called Hot-water spring, which is held on the full moon of every Chaitra *i. e.* by the end of March annually. It lasts for a week. The last gathering was large. Special arrangements were made to look after sanitation and attention was paid to the suggestions made by the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner. The lives and property of the people were so well protected that the fair ended quietly and peacefully without any epidemic.

Public Works.

47. All works of public utility are carried on at State expense, as Local Funds are not levied. The following table gives details of the works done during the year.

Works.	State fund.	Local fund.	Remarks.
Repairs.			
Tanks and wells	315		
Roads and road side trees	2,883		
Palace	1,748		
Schools	225		
Dharamsala and Temples	531		
Ootaras	3,646		
New Works.			
Road	1,930		
Wells	2,778		
Cattle Pounds	94		
Establishment	3,034		
Tools and Plant	234		
Stables for horses and carriages	8,927		
Temples and Dharmsalas	2,790		
Extension of the Distillery	424		
Servants' quarters	9,758		
Wall of Palace compound	2,193		
Total ...	41,530		

4 wells, a stable, a metalled road of 3 miles from Kathrot to Wandervela, and quarters for servants were the principal new works carried out during the year. The old works were kept in thorough repair. Owing to the difficulty in obtaining materials, the progress of works is slackened. Besides the above Rs. 2,500 were given for a reservoir at Surat.

48. There appears to be an impression on the mind of yourself, the Commissioner, and Government that sufficient works of public utility have not been provided for, but the following works have already been in existence and had there been any need for more, the British management would not have failed to supply them within its tenure of 10 years, during the minority of the present Raja Saheb, for it had ample funds in hands.

Statement showing the works of Public Utility existing in the Bansda territory and provided for at the State expense.

Name of work.	No.	Remarks.
Wells for drinking and irrigation	125	
Bandaras for „ „	12	
Tanks „ „	8	
Step wells „	2	
Dharmsalas	9	Besides these there are 31 Otaras, the varandas of which are used by mendicants.
Hospital	1	
Metalled roads	19 Miles.	
Cleared roads	60 Miles	
Bridge	1	
Culverts	18	
Dips	2	
Ferries	4	
Road side trees	1900	These are along all the metalled and cleared roads.

49. It should further be borne in mind, that the State, with an area of 215 square miles and a population of only 41,373 souls, possesses several rivulets and nullahs flowing all the year round. Besides the above list which shows merely the works constructed by the State, there are many private wells, tanks, and bunds. The population of Bansda State is not only very thin, but it is scattered over their occupancies whereon people generally construct their huts. With the exception of the Ujliparaj (white tribes) whose number is insignificant, all the Kaliparaj (dark tribes) do not care to resort to wells, to fetch water from which they consider unsuitable to their condition of life. They therefore avail themselves of the nearest natural water flow. Turning to irrigation works, the cultivators of Bansda have not means and knowledge enough to make use of them. Several of the present irrigation wells, rivulets and bunds are used by outsiders, who grow sugar-cane and plaintains in our limits, as our irrigation rates are cheaper when compared with the British. Many of these works are also lying unused for want of cultivators. Under these circumstances it would be a waste of money to provide for more water works at present. The other exigencies are supplied where needed.

Chapter V.— Revenue and Finance.

50. Appendix XVII shows the income and expenditure of the State under different heads. The causes of the principal increases and decreases are as follows :—

Income.

51. The decrease under the head of Land revenue is due to a check in unauthorized cultivation in surveyed and assessed lands; whilst that under Forest is owing to the sale of less timber.

52. Strict check on illicit distillation and increase in the fees of licenses to vend liquor, caused increase in the liquor revenue; whilst decrease in the toddy revenue is in consequence of increase in the tapping fees.

53. The increase, under the heads Interest, Giras and Rents, is attributed to collection of arrears; whilst that under Opium is on account of the realization of more fees for its license and the receipt of arrears of duty on opium from the British Government.

54. The decrease under the head Miscellaneous is due to adjustments of a few items during the year

Expenditure.

55. The decrease in the Abkari expenses is owing to purchase of smaller quantity of Mhowra, there being a large quantity in hand from last year; whilst the increase under the heads of Police and Paga is due to supply of dresses to the forces.

56. Public works cost more because more work was done during the year.

57. The Contingent and Printing charges increased owing to supply of new forms; whilst Remissions increased on account of failure of three lease holders.

58. Carriage hire and Bhatta increased owing to constant movements of officials and guests.

59. The increase in "Purchase of Jewels, Festivals, Clothing and Kitchen" is attributed to the supply of the wants of the young princes and members of the family of the Raja Saheb.

60. The special expenses are on account of the delivery by two Rani Sahebs, the celebration of the birth of the third prince and presents to the Kunver Sahebs &c. on the said ocassion.

Increase in Miscellaneous is due to Fees to Vakils and more expenses for huts to accommodate pilgrims at the Unai Fair.

CHAPTER VI.—Vital Statistics and Medical Services.

61. The following table shows the work of the Medical institutions. The travelling Dispensary formerly halted at each centre for 3 days, but at the suggestion of the Commissioner N. D., Mr. Reid, it now stays at each station for

a week. Owing to the inconvenience of travelling during the monsoon it works only during the fair season. Care is taken to render the institution useful to the very backward villages.

Hospital.	Number of patients treated.		Results.				Expense.	Daily average.
	Indoor.	Outdoor.	Discharged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.		
Ratan Kunver Ba Hospital... ...	47	New cases. 9980 Old cases. 18986	...	...	14	.....	4,4 13	79·4
Travelling Dispensary	...	New cases. 1200 Old cases. 1788	...	...	...	.....		18·5

62. The result of the work is not classified to avoid misconception; for the patients do not care to report the result, but remain absent even when cured. Mr. Hormasji the Chief Medical Officer and his staff worked satisfactorily.

63. Cholera did not appear during the year. Most of the indoor patients who died were old, starved and worn out. 3 major and 293 minor operations were performed with success in all cases. The prevailing diseases are generally the same every year, malarial fever being conspicuous. There were 5 post mortem examinations.

64. Cattle were infected by small pox which carried off many lives. 39 animals were treated by the Medical Department with fair success. The Hospital was visited by the Raja Saheb, the Dewan, and the Naib Dewan who found the building, compound, instruments and records to be neat and the stock of medicines sufficient.

65. The water supply of the town of Bansda is ample and its sanitation is fair.

66. *Births and Deaths*—were recorded by the village accountants with the following result.

Item.	1893-94	1894-95	Increase.	Decrease.
Births	986	796	...	190
Deaths	520	544	24	...

The ratio of births and deaths is 19 and 13 per 1000 respectively. The record is not quite trustworthy but will improve in course of time, as the attempt is continued to persuade the Kaliparaj to report births without hesitation. Sparse population is another hinderance in the way of obtaining correct information.

67. The Vaccination work done during the year was as follows :—

Operation by whom performed.	Number of persons vaccinated in 1893-94.	Number of persons vaccinated in 1894-95.	Result.			
			Successful.		Unsuccessful.	
			1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.
State Vaccinator ...	1572	1702	1552	1700	20	2

The total expense was Rs. 338 as compared with Rs. 358 in the previous year.

CHAPTER VII.—Instruction.

68. The following table shows the statistics concerning education given during the year :—

No.	Description of Schools.	Number of pupils on the roll.		Daily average attendance.	Standard up to which instruction is imparted.	Remarks.
		31st March 1894.	31st March 1895.			
1	Bansda Anglo-Vernacular ...	26	29	25	V	
2	Do. Vernacular	116	139	92	VI	
3	Wandervella	31	30	21	V	
4	Chapaldhra	49	48	34	VI	
5	Lakhavadi	19	20	10	IV	
6	Bhinar	30	26	17	IV	
7	Moti Valzar	37	34	19	III	
8	Sindhai	54	50	36	V	
9	Charvi	40	35	28	V	
10	Andhatri	25	26	19	IV	
11	Kurelia	32	32	21	V	
12	Limzar	24	25	15	IV	
13	Upsal	33	30	18	I	
14	Bartad transferred to Vaghabari	29	26	14	...	
15	Bansda Girls'	65	66	38	VI	
	Total ...	610	616	407		

As reported last year there are no Indigenous, Municipal, Local Board, or night schools. Education is backward owing to the reluctance of the Kaliparaj who are quite ignorant. Owing to their apathy two of the schools had to be closed and one was transferred to another village. The latter changed successively to 5 villages but has not yet succeeded in establishing itself permanently in any place.

69. The first assistant Deputy Educational Inspector of Surat, who examined the schools reports as follows :—

"There are altogether 12 schools of this State established in different villages teaching different standards, namely Chapaldhra, Vandervella, Bartad, Upsal, Limjar, Valjar, Lakhavadi, Bhinar, Kurelia, Charvi, Sindhai, and Andhatri, besides one Taluka school and one Anglo-Vernacular School in Bansda. I am informed that the school at Kathrot and the Urdu school in Bansda were closed during the year 1894-95 on account of want of students.

"*English school*—I was well satisfied with the classes I examined. Out of 29 boys presented under several standards, 20 passed, giving a percentage of 68·9, while in the preceding year 18 boys out of 34 passed. This fact goes to prove that the Head master and his assistants have worked hard, during the year. I am happy to note that the Head master's pay has been increased for his efficient work.

"*Taluka school*—Out of 98 boys, presented under different Standards 76 passed, giving a percentage of 77·5. The Infant class appears to have been well taught. The school appears to be in a very flourishing state, under the supervision of the present energetic and pains-taking Head master.

"I am glad to see some Kaliparaj boys, who are being trained to be masters of the State schools in future, and I hope they may go on steadily and successfully with their studies. In my opinion this idea is a capital one.

"*Physical Training*—There is a spacious gymnasium attached to the school where the boys of the Vernacular school as well as those of the Anglo-Vernacular school are taught almost all sorts of exercises by the Head master. The performances of the boys were excellent and pleased the Raja, his Dewan, and all the officials of the State who witnessed them. The Raja in order to encourage the boys distributed liberal prizes to the successful scholars.

"I am glad to note that the gymnasium which is supplied with every sort of necessary apparatus is a great boon to the town people.

"*Girls' school*—Looking to the population of this town, there is a fair number of girls attending the school. The result was satisfactory. The encouragement received from the State is no doubt very liberal.

"All the schools except those at Chapaldhra, and Sindhai teach inferior standards.

"There are altogether 602 boys receiving vernacular education in all the schools of the State against 583 in 1893-94.

"*Building*—Every School has a convenient, well-ventilated building erected by the Darbar. All these buildings are repaired from time to time.

"*Furniture*—Every school has been supplied with sufficient furniture and necessary text-books and maps. Any wants that were brought to the notice of the Dewan have been promptly supplied.

"*Encouragement*—In order that the aboriginal tribes that inhabit the District under the Raja may be tempted to send their children to school, liberal encouragement is given by the Durbar in the shape of books, clothes, and writing materials. Also in order to make the boys regular in attendance monthly scholarships are given in every school.

"The Raja and his Dewan were good enough to take the trouble of witnessing the examination of the schools at Upsal, Valjar, Lakhavadi, and Bhinar where they stayed all the time the examination was being conducted. The Kunver who is only seven years old took great pleasure to be present at the examination of the schools at Upsal and Valjar. A sore eye prevented the Raja from being present at the examination of other schools. The Dewan who takes a lively

interest in educational matters had expressed his willingness to be present at the examination of all the remaining schools of the State and thereby to know personally the real wants of the schools but some urgent State business came in his way.

"Finally I am happy to note that I was much pleased to see the extremely good order and discipline of the children of the schools. This was noticeable at the prize-distribution held at Bansda in December last. The order and good arrangements speak well for both the teachers and the students.

"In concluding my report I feel great pleasure in noting that the Raja and the present energetic Dewan have done all that is possible for the encouragement of education, and may be congratulated on the success that has attended their efforts."

70. *The Deputy Educational Inspector reports*: "It is very gratifying to know that the Raja and his Dewan take great interest in the matter of education."

71. Two boys passed the 3rd Grade Public Service Certificate Examination during the year. One of them was a shoe-maker who unfortunately died soon after passing.

Chapter VIII.—Miscellaneous.

72. 9 Wild animals were destroyed, of these 4 were panthers, 4 zaraks. A cub was caught alive and destroyed. Two of the said panthers were shot by the Commissioner, Mr. Reid.

12 deaths were caused by venomous snakes and 1 by wild animals.

73. There is no Telegraphic communication in the State. The wire at the Billimora Railway Station is resorted to when needed.

74. The Branch Post office at Bansda works pretty fairly.

75. Records have all been shelved and kept up to date, the useless being destroyed up to the prescribed period.

76. There is no Printing Press in the State.

77. The Gulabsinhji Library cost Rs. 113. Its use is allowed gratis to the public.

78. Neither transit duty, nor any tax other than the License tax is levied.

79. The Forest Nakas remained unaltered.

80. The agreements with the British Government were duly adhered to.

81. In conclusion, the result of the year's Administration was satisfactory owing to the zeal of the heads of the several Departments of the State.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix I.

POLITICAL RELATIONS of NATIVE STATES.

Name of State.	Tribute in men or money.		Estimated population.	Schools.	Persons being taught.	Persons who have been vaccinated.	Prevailing diseases.	Supposed gross revenue.	Military Force.	Transit dues levied or not.	Principal articles of production, manufacture and mines.
	Amount.	To whom payable.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Bansda ...	Rs. a. p. 153 8 0	British Government	According to the Census of 1891. 41,373	15	616	1,702	Malarious fevers, Rheumatic and Syphilitic affections, Skin, Eye and Ear diseases, Intestinal worms.	3,64,408	Nil.	Not.	Agricultural products, Rice, Nagli, Gram, Jowar, Kodra, Pulses. Manufactures,—Bamboo mats, fans and baskets. Stone metal is found in mines.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan of Bansda State.

Sd/ R. C. D. Moore
Agent to H. E. the Governor at Surat

Appendix II.

NATIVE CHIEFS, Principal male members of their families and principal members of their Courts, 1894-95.

No.	Name of Individual, State and Family to which he belongs.	Residence.	Present position.	Caste, race and religion.	Age.	How and where educated.	How employed.	Has Sanad authorizing adoption or not.	Family follows primogeniture or not.	Has male heirs or not	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Maharaul Shri Pratapsingji Gulabsingji, Bansda State, Wansadia family	Bansda Town	Raja.	Solanki Rajput Hindu.	31	By attending the Raj-Kumar College at Rajkot in Kathiawad.	Ruling his State.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	
2	Maharaul Shri Indrasingji Pratapsingji, Bansda State, Wansadia family	Do.	Patvi Kunwar (Heir apparent.)	Do.	7½						
3	Maharaul Shri Pravinsingji Pratapsingji, Bansda State, Wansadia family	Do.	2nd Prince.	Do.	4½						
4	Maharaul Shri Natversingji Pratapsingji, Bansda State, Wansadia family	Do.	3rd Prince.	Do.	2½						
5	Jhaverbhai Nathabhai, Amin family	Virsad, Taluka Borsad in the Kaira District.	Dewan.	Leva Patidar, Leva race, Hindu Vishnav.	43	By attending the Ahmedabad High School. Has passed the examinations of Survey Department, 3rd and 2nd Class Magisterial and Lower and Higher Standards.	Controller of all the Departments in the State.				
6	Pranshanker Dayashanker, Pathek family	Bardoli in Surat District.	Naib Dewan.	Audich Sahastra, Hindu Shiv.	39	By attending the Poona Engineering College; has passed the Matriculation and L. C. E. Examinations.	Head of the Revenue and P. W. Departments.				
7	Hormasji Byramji, Dastoor family	Town of Broach in the District of Broach.	Medical Officer.	Parsi Zoroastrian	37	By attending the Medical College; has passed the Matriculation and L. M. & S. Examinations.	Chief Medical Officer				

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan of Bansda State.

Sd/ R. C. P. L. Moore.
Agent to H. E. the Governor at Surat.

Appendix III.

CIVIL DIVISIONS of TERRITORY under Political Control 1894-95.

Division.	Executive District.	Number of executive sub-divisions.	Area in square miles.	Population.	Chief towns with population.		Number of villages.	Number of Civil Judges.	Number of Stipendiary Magistrates.	Maximum distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Average distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Number of Police.	Total cost of officials and Police of all kinds.	State Revenue.		Remarks.
					Head-quarters Town.	Population.								Land.	Gross.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Surat Agency.	Bansda.	...	215	41,625	Bansda.	3,003	87	1	3	16	$7\frac{1}{2}$	105	11,861	1,34,662	3,64,408	

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,

Dewan of Bansda State.

Appendix IV.

Population of NATIVE STATES, BANSDA STATE, 1894-95.

Commissionership.	District.	Inhabited houses.	Population in 1895.						Classification of population of the general census of 1891.									Occupation.			Emigration or Immigration during the year.	Remarks.
			Men.	Women.	Children under 15 years.		Total.	Number per square mile.	Christians.			Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Parsees.	Buddhists and Jains.	Aboriginals.	Others.	Total male agriculturists including landlords, cultivators and agricultural labourers.	Total non-agricultural males	Prevailing languages.		
					Male.	Female.			Europeans.	East Indian and other mixed races.	Natives.											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Northern Division.	Bansda.	7,382	21,608	20,017	Included in column 4	Included in column 5	41,625	192	...	...	...	40,303	888	137	37	.....	.....	21,200	289	Gujarati and Marathi.	No record is kept.	

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan of Bansda State.

Appendix V.

STATEMENT showing the Strength, Cost, and other particulars of the MILITARY FORCE in the BANSDA STATE, 1894-95.

Arm of service.	Total number of fighting officers and men.								Details of Force at the end of the year.						Total cost of pay and allowances of Officers, Non-commissioned Officers and men, including followers	Remarks.
	Remaining at the end of year.	Recruited this year. (a)	Died.			Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c. (b)	Remaining at the end of the year.	Number of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of guns.	Number of men.					
			In action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-commissioned Officers.	Fighting men.		
Cavalry	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	There is no Military regular force but there are 25 Sowars who serve as Police Sowars and escorts, &c. There is a party of 25 Arabs who serve as Palace and Treasury guards, and are included in Police.
Sappers	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Artillery	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Infantry	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,

Dewan of Bansda State.

Appendix VI.

STATEMENT showing the Strength, Cost, Discipline and Education of the POLICE of the BANSDA STATE, 1894-95.

Description of Officer.	Number.	Pay of the Grade.	Total Expenditure.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Dismissed.	Fined degraded or suspended departmentally.	Judicially punished.	By promotion.	By money rewards.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Chief Police Inspector	...	...	Rs. a. p.	.....	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	
Inspector of Police...	...	...		.....	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	
Chief Constable	1	65		.....	.....	.....	...	...	1	...	* Including 25 Arabs and a few other guards.
Head Constables	1	22	11,861 0 0 Including accoutrements.	.....	.....	.....	...	...	1	...	
	2	20		.....	.....	.....	...	...	2	...	
	1	13		.....	.....	.....	...	...	1	...	
	1	12		.....	.....	.....	...	...	1	...	
Constables of different classes ...	7	10		.....	1	.....	2	1	6	...	
	4	9		.....	2	.....	2	...	1	...	
	16	8		.....	1	.....	1	...	1	2	
	5	7½		.....	.....	.....	5	...	...	...	
	67	7 and under		.....	14	.....	22	...	15	...	
Total ...	105*	.....	11,861	.....	18	.....	32	1	29	2	

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan of Bansda State.

Appendix VII.

STATEMENT showing the results of the working of the POLICE in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1894-95.

NAME OF STATE.	Number of offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage convicted of accused arrested (Column 3 and 4).		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.		REMARKS.
	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
Bansda State	94	92	178	133	175	130	147	107	22	23	82	80	84	82	

This Statement relates to cognizable cases only.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan of Bansda State.

Appendix VIII.

STATEMENT showing the value of property stolen and amount of recoveries in BANSDA STATE, during the year 1894-95.

STATE.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	
Bansda	233	567	94	262	40	45	

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan of Bansda State.

Appendix

STATEMENT showing the number of CRIMES COMMITTED, number during the

Number.	Description of Crime or Offence.	Number of Crimes.			Number of cases disposed of during 1894-95.	Number of cases undisposed of during 1894-95.	Number of persons apprehended.	Number of persons convicted.
		Balance on 31st July, 1894.	Committed during 1894-95.	Total.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Offences falling under Abkari Act	...	25	25	25	...	34	32
2	Affray	...	1	1	1	...	2	2
3	Giving false information to a public servant...	...	4	4	4	...	5	5
4	Harbouring an offender	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
5	Escape from confinement	...	3	3	3	...	5	4
6	Fraudulent use of false instrument for weighing	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
7	Do. use of false measure	...	2	2	2	...	10	10
8	Defiling the water of a public spring...	...	2	2	2	...	4	2
9	Murder	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
10	Causing death by rash act	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
11	Attempt to commit suicide	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
12	Causing mis-carriage	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
13	Voluntarily causing hurt	...	65	65	65	...	79	30
14	Do. do. by dangerous weapons	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
15	Do. do. grievous hurt	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
16	Do. do. hurt to deter public servant from duty	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
17	Do. do. hurt on grave provocation	...	8	8	8	...	19	14
18	Wrongful confinen ent...	...	3	3	3	...	9	5
19	Use of criminal force otherwise than on grave provocation...	...	4	4	4	...	6	2
20	Criminal force to deter a public servant from discharge of his duty	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
21	Use of criminal force on grave provocation	...	2	2	2	...	2	2
22	Rape	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
23	Theft	1	22	23	23	...	32	26
24	Theft in a building	...	16	16	16	...	18	16
25	Theft by servant	...	10	10	10	...	10	9
26	Robbery	...	1	1	1	...	3	3
27	Dishonest misappropriation of moveable property	1	7	8	8	...	14	12
28	Criminal breach of trust	...	2	2	2	...	2	1
29	Do. do. by a servant	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
30	Dishonestly receiving stolen property	...	4	4	4	...	4	4
31	Assisting in concealing stolen property	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
32	Mischief...	...	6	6	6	...	14	14
33	Do. by fire with intention to destroy a house	...	2	2	2	...	2	2
34	House-trespass in order to the commission of an offence punishable with imprisonment	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
35	Lurking house-trespass by night in order to the commission of an offence punishable with imprisonment	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
36	Defamation	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
37	Insult intended to provoke a breach of the peace	...	26	26	26	...	28	21
39	Criminal intimidation	...	1	1	1	...	2	...
39	Appearing in a public place in intoxication...	...	4	4	4	...	5	5
40	Offences under other Acts	...	5	5	5	...	10	8
	Total ...	2	241	243	243	...	335	239

IX.

of cases disposed of and cases awaiting trial in the BANSDA STATE, year 1894–95.

Number of persons Sentenced to							Number of persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons confined being insane.	Number of persons died, during or before trial.	Terms of Imprisonment.								Remarks.
Imprisonment.		Imprisonment and fine.		Fine only.	Whipping.	Total.				Under 1 month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.	
Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.																
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
...	...	...	...	32	...	32	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	4	...	5	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	2	...	...	2	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	10	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	1	2	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	30	...	30	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	14	...	14	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	3	...	...	2	...	5	4	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	2	...	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	10	...	1	15	...	26	6	...	...	6	2	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	
...	7	...	6	2	1	16	2	...	...	6	1	2	...	...	1	2	...	1	
...	2	1	5	...	1	9	1	...	...	5	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
...	3	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	3	...	...	9	...	12	2	...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	2	...	...	2	...	4	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	14	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	21	...	21	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	4	...	5	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	5	...	...	3	...	8	2	...	...	2	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	40	2	20	174	3	239	96	...	...	29	13	7	6	1	2	2	...	2	

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,

Dewan of Bansda State,

Appendix X.

STATEMENT showing the number of offences reported and offences dealt with in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1894-95, ending July.

Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with.								Persons disposed of.					Persons remaining at the end of the year.	Remarks.
			Remaining at the end of last year.	Brought to trial 1894–95.					Total.								
	1893-94.	1894-95.		Arrested by Police.	Upon warrant.	On Summons.	Voluntarily.	Arrested in the presence of Magistrate.	1893-94.	1894-95.	Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
The Dewan's	89	68	...	39	...	48	...	12	140	99	6	14	79	...	...	...	
The Naib-Dewan's	94	97	6	73	...	48	...	1	146	128	19	15	94	...	...	...	
The Head Karkun's	95	78	...	18	...	90	...	...	135	108	21	21	66	...	...	...	
Total ...	278	243	6	130	...	186	...	13	421	335	46	50	239	...	...	...	

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan of Bansda State

Appendix XI.

STATEMENT showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by the CRIMINAL COURTS in the BANSDA STATE, during the year ending July 1894-95.

State.	Tribunals.	Number of applications.	Number of persons and cases.																												Remarks.
			Applications rejected.				Sentences.								Proceedings quashed.				Referred.				Further enquiry, &c., ordered.				Pending.				
							Confirmed.				Modified.				Reversed.																
			Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		
			1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
Bansda	The Raja Saheb ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	The Dewan	3	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	2	5	1	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	4	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	2	7	2	7	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan of Bansda State.

Appendix XII.

STATEMENT showing the number of persons convicted in the JAIL in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1894-95 ending with July.

Stations.	Number of prisoners.	Number of prisoners.				Daily average in Jail.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of Jail and prisoners.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in the Jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.						
				1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
									Rs. a. p.	
Bansda	93	10	83	89	93	7	10	15	381 0 0	Nil.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan of Bansda State.

Appendix XIII.

CIVIL WORK-Nature and value of ORIGINAL SUITS filed and disposed of in the BANSDA STATE during 1894-95.

Number.	Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		Suits filed in 1894-95.									Suits disposed of in 1894-95.							Remarks.
												Value.	Nature of suits.			Nature of suits.					Nature of suits.				Value.	Average duration.			
		1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.		Suits regarding lands and houses, &c.	Suits for money transactions.	Suits for other rights, &c.	Number of suits under Rs. 100.	Number of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	Number of suits above Rs. 500 and under Rs. 1,000.	Number of suits above Rs. 1,000 and under Rs. 5,000.	Number of suits above Rs. 5,000.	Exparte.	Admitted and compromised, &c.	Struck off the file, &c.	Contested.		Years.	Months.	Days.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27			28
1	Dewan.	2	19	321	387	323	406	304	399	19	7	Rs. a. p. 7,475-0-6	8	128	251	379	7	1	...	...	1	79	1	318	Rs. 891-3	...	...	8	

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan of Bansda State.

Appendix XIV.

CIVIL WORK–Results of applications for execution of decrees in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1894-95.

Number.	Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for 1894-95.	Applications brought to the Register.			Total.			Disposed of.			Closing balance.			Number of applications pending disposal at the close of 1894-95.			Remarks.
		1893-94.	1894-95.		1893-94.	1894-95.	Value for 1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	Total value for 1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	Value for 1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	Value of closing balance for 1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	Above 12 months.	
1	2	3		4	5			6			7			8			9			10
				Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs.			Rs. a. p.				
1	Dewan	72	103	1,835 0 0	149	209	46,22 0 0	221	312	6,457 0 0	118	198	4,752	103	114	1,705 0 0	22	69	23	

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan of Bansda State.

Appendix XV.

REGISTRATION of DOCUMENTS.

Number.	Sub-Registry office.	Number of Documents presented.										Documents registered.		Value of Documents.		Documents refused to be registered.		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the closed of the year.		Remarks.
		Documents presented for registration.		Mortgages.		Sale deeds.		Wills.		Money bonds.		Miscellaneous.									
		1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	1893-94.	1894-95.	
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12		13
1	Bansda ...	22	15	7	8	14	6	...	...	1	...	...	1	22	15	Rs. a. p. 5,272 0 0	Rs. a. p. 2,322 0 0	...	...	...	...	

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,

Dewan of Bansda State.

Appendix XVI.

Agriculture.

STATEMENT showing AGRICULTURAL STOCK in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1894-95.

No.	District.	Cattle and other Quadrupeds.									Ploughs.		Carts.	
		Bullocks.	Cows.	Buffaloes.		Horses.	Mares.	Colts and fillies.	Asses.	Sheep and Goats.	With two bullocks.	With four bullocks	Riding Carts.	Carts used in carrying
				Male.	Female.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
1	Bansda	15,582	12,964	1,372	2,195	88	25	8	...	7,587	6,112	20	247	1,107

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,

Dewan of Bansda State.

Appendix XVII.

INCOME.

No.	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1893-94.	A. D. 1894-95.	Increase	Decrease	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Land Revenue	1,36,556	1,34,662	...	1,894	
2	Forest	33,934	17,411	...	15,623	
3	Abkari Liquor	1,70,127	1,77,796	7,669	...	
4	Do. Toddy	7,239	5,927	...	1,312	
5	Do. Bhang Ganja	35	55	20	...	
6	Judicial fees	885	845	...	40	
7	Magisterial fines	1,533	1,403	...	130	
8	Interest on loans, &c.	5,427	8,792	3,365	...	
9	Opium	150	376	226	...	
10	Giras	3,228	3,559	331	...	
11	Tolls...	2,099	1,965	...	134	
12	Ferries	13	17	4	...	
13	Rent of houses	1,118	1,443	325	...	
14	Rent of Estate outside the State ...	...	435	435	...	
15	Miscellaneous	5,128	4,018	...	1,110	
16	Registration of Documents ...	38	19	...	19	
17	School fees	201	184	...	17	
18	Garden produce	...	292	292	...	
19	Jail	199	287	88	...	
20	Cattle Pounds	223	177	...	46	
21	Sale of houses, &c.	6,583	2,778	...	3,805	
22	Rewards and Chandla	1,715	1,967	252	...	
23	Sirpav at Ahmedabad Durbar from H. E. the Governor of Bombay...	740	...	...	740	
	Carried forward ...	3,76,271	3,64,408	13,007	24,870	Net decrease Rs. 11,863.

EXPENDITURE.

No.	Heads of Expenditure.	Fasli. A. D. 1893-94.	Fasli. A. D. 1894-95.	Increase.	Decrease.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Medical	4,159	4,413	254	.....	
2	Forest	3,386	3,073	.....	313	
3	Abkari	66,089	42,813	.....	23,276	
4	Vaccination	358	338	.....	20	
5	Library	282	113	.....	169	
6	Police and other Guards	9,636	11,861	2,225	.....	
7	Paga and Stable	26,632	28,592	1,960	.....	
8	Cattle Pounds	35	27	.....	8	
9	Jail	520	381	.....	139	
10	Cash allowances and temple servants	12,965	12,730	.....	235	
11	Ferries	439	487	48	.....	
12	Tolls...	119	157	38	.....	
13	Public Works	35,890	41,531	5,641	.....	
14	Dewan Kacheri	6,378	6,283	.....	95	
15	Naib-Dewan's Office	7,814	7,588	.....	226	
16	Collecting Establishment	8,892	8,716	.....	176	
17	Education	4,676	4,761	85	.....	
18	Garden charges	1,479	2,051	572	.....	
19	Municipality	1,664	1,280	.....	384	
20	Contingent charges	440	1,126	686	.....	
21	Printing charges	251	560	309	.....	
22	Deficit in Granary	119	139	20	.....	
23	Remissions...	358	732	374	.....	
24	Income tax on interest of loans ...	7	16	9	.....	
25	Miscellaneous	591	5,397	4,806	.....	
26	Rewards for destruction of wild animals	51	17	.....	34	
27	Carriage hire and Bhathas ...	2,834	3,636	802	.....	
28	Purchase of jewels...	292	28,753	28,461	.....	
	Carried forward ...	1,96,356	2,17,571	46,290	25,075	Net increase Rs. 47,726.

No.	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1893-94.	A. D. 1894-95.	Increase	Decrease.	Remarks.	No.	Heads of Expenditure.	Fasli. A. D. 1893-94.	Fasli. A. D. 1894-95.	Increase.	Decrease.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Brought forward ...	3,76,271	3,64,408	13,007	24,870			Brought forward ...	1,96,356	2,17,571	46,290	25,075	
							29	Rewards and Chandla	4,723	3,097	.....	1,626	
							30	Dewasthan Dharmada	1,983	2,006	23	.....	
							31	Festivals	1,315	1,537	222	.....	
							32	Palace Establishment	8,248	8,962	714	.....	
							33	Pocket expenses to Raja Saheb and Rani Sahebs	18,448	18,383	.....	65	
							34	Purchase of clothing	3,993	11,068	7,075	.....	
							35	Do. Furniture	2,362	1,812	.....	550	
							36	Kitchen	3,671	6,358	2,687	.....	
							37	Guests, &c.	3,602	3,361	.....	241	
							38	Houses and land purchased in Billimora	695	20	.....	675	
							39	Raja Saheb's tour to Ahmedabad ...	21,476	.....	.....	21,476	
							40	Special expenses of the birth of Kunver Shri Nataverhinhji &c.	.....	30,232	30,232	.....	
							41	Grant for a reservoir in the city of Surat	.....	2,500	2,500	.....	
							42	Medical fees to foreign Doctors and midwife	.....	2,060	2,060	.....	
							43	Elder prince's and his mother's tour to Chota Udepor	.....	5,631	5,631	.....	
	Total Rs. ...	3,76,271	3,64,408	13,007	24,870			Total ...	2,66,872	3,14,598	97,434	49,708	

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,

Dewan of Bansda State.

No. 617 OF 1896.

Surat, 12th September 1896.

Forwarded with compliments to the Commissioner, Northern Division.

Para. 5.—The Rája appears to have taken much personal interest in the administration of his State during the year. He met the Agent to the Governor at Válod, but the latter did not find time to pay a visit to Bánsda.

Para. 10.—The increase in the area under cultivation is highly satisfactory.

Paras. 17 and 19.—Judging by the high proportion of convictions obtained in police cases and by the low value of the property stolen, the police force appears to have been efficient.

Paras. 28 and 31.—Original civil work was disposed of with promptitude by the Diván. The fact that only seven appeals were made against his decisions speaks well for his work.

Para. 36.—As in the previous year the amount of tagávi advanced was large in proportion to the population of the State.

Para. 40.—The season seems to have been on the whole unfavourable.

Para. 43.—The Rája has shown liberality in making free grants of timber to the value of Rs. 1,571.

Para. 48.—The proportion of the public works expenditure that was incurred on works at head-quarters appears to have been somewhat large.

Para. 50.—The income of the State is chiefly derived from A'bkári and Land Revenue, under both of which heads there was a slight decrease.

Para. 59.—The statement that tagávi advances are not items either of real receipts or expenditure is hardly correct.

Para. 60.—As was the case last year, the opening and closing balances of the State have not been shown in the report. They are forming the subject of a separate correspondence. Statements I, II and III, which are contained in Chapter V of the standard form of Administration Report, have all been omitted.

Para. 61.—There was a satisfactory increase in the attendance at the Ratankuverba Hospital.

Para. 66.—The registration of vital statistics is obviously defective.

Para. 70.—The State schools have shown fairly satisfactory results.

Para. 77.—The Rája has given me the following information relating to the license tax :—"The proceeds of Rs. 158 of license tax have been included in Miscellaneous. The tax is levied only on articles bartered in large quantities by persons who do not possess houses in my jurisdiction, and is spent for purposes of village sanitation. It has achieved a very good result, for since its introduction some traders have settled in this State and they have also constructed good houses to avoid payment of cess." This tax might with advantage be shown under a separate head of income in future reports.

W. C. RAND,
Agent to His Excellency the Governor at Surat.

Despatched on 30th September 1896.

ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

BANSDA STATE

For the year 1895-96.

SURAT:

PRINTED AT THE MISSION PRESS.

1896.

No. 87 of 1896.

FROM

THE DEWAN, BANSDA STATE.

TO

W. C. RAND, ESQUIRE, I. C. S.,

Agent to His Excellency the Governor at Surat.

BANSDA STATE PALACE;

20th August, 1896.

SIR,

I have the honour to submit the following Administration Report of the Bansda State, for the year ending 31st Ultimo.

2. The prescribed Statements accompany.

Chapter I.—Political.

3. The relations of the State with the British Government and the neighbouring Native States were cordial.

4. The Commissioner, N. D., (Mr. Reid) visited the territory in March last and travelled for 12 days in this territory.

5. Our Raja Saheb travelled as usual through several villages of the State, where he examined the Schools and Public Works and enquired into the condition and wants of the Ryots. During his halt at Andhatri, he paid a visit to Mr. Lely, the then Agent to His Excellency the Governor at Surat, whose camp was at Walod in the Taluka of Bardoli, on 25th January last. He was also present at the Jamabandi of all the villages in the State.

6. Of domestic events worth mention there was only one, *viz.*—the Padanem ceremony of the eldest (Patvi) Kunver Saheb Shri Indrasingji and Kunver Saheb Shri Pravinsingji which was performed on 26th October 1895. The Thakor Saheb of Sayla, his Kunvers, the Dewan of Cambay and delegates of many States as well as the friends and relatives of the Durbar visited Bansda and took part in the pleasures of the occasion which was celebrated with oriental pomp.

Changes in the Administration.

7. There was no change in the strength or personnel of the principal officers of the State.

Chapter II.—Administration of the Land.

8. The State lands have all been surveyed, classed and systematically assessed. The rates of Bighoti are suitable. The revenue is collected without resorting to harsh measures.

9. No special tenures exist in the State, but waste lands continue to be given on special leases.

10. The following table gives details of cultivable lands:—

Extent of cultivable area for		Taken up in		Waste remaining at the end of the year.		Percentage of cultivable land lying waste in	
1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.
69,911	69,911	902	933	26,029	25,096	37	35

The progress of reclamation of waste is low owing to a population backward in agriculture, bad water, unhealthy climate and poor soil.

11. As usual, the revenue accounts were punctually written and regularly checked by the superior authorities.

12. Boundary disputes have all been settled at the time of the survey, but the Gaikwari authorities have closed on the frontier a road and a water course concerning which correspondence has been going on for the last two years, but no decision has yet been arrived at. Consequently much injury and inconvenience is suffered by the Bansda subjects.

13. Wards' estates under the State management.—None.

Chapter III.—Protection.

(*a*) *Legislation.*

14. There has been no change in the Laws in force in the State, but a Stamp Act and Court fee stamps have been introduced during the year.

(*b*) *Military.*

15. There is no military force in the State. Sufficient foot and mounted Police force is maintained for protection and other miscellaneous uses.

(*c*) *District Police.*

16. Appendix No. VI, gives details of the strength, cost and education of the District Police. The organization and discipline of the force is on the model of the British Police force.

17. 145 accused implicated in 89 cognizable cases were dealt with by the Police. All were sent up for trial in which 124, or 86 per cent, were convicted.

18. The Abkari Police detected 18 offences under the Abkari Act. One Inspector and peons move over the District throughout the year and make every exertion to check illicit distillation. The Abkari peons are exclusive of the District Police.

Stolen property.

19. Property of the value of Rs. 328 was stolen during the year as compared with that of the value of Rs. 567 in the year preceding, whilst the value of property recovered was Rs. 243 *i. e.* 75 per cent. The average value stolen in each case was Rs. 6 only.

Village Police.

20. Most of the Patels belong to the Kaliparaj and are uneducated. None of them enjoy powers under the Act. The strength of the Establishment was steady and its conduct was good.

21. 31 inquests were held in which the following verdicts were recorded : —

14 Snake bites.	5 Falls from trees.
1 Fall into a well.	4 Drowning.
2 Suicides.	5 Miscellaneous accidents.

(*d*) *Criminal Justice.*

22. There are in all 3 original and 2 appellate Courts for the administration of Criminal Justice. Their names and work are detailed in Appendices X and XI. The total number of offences was 178 as compared with 243 in the year preceding. The number of offences and accused decreased, a fact which reflects

credit on the Police Department. The heinous offences (a murder and three deaths by rash acts) were due to grave and sudden provocation. The percentage of conviction and release to the number of accused tried is 76 and 24 respectively. More particulars will be found in Appendices IX and X.

23. There were two Criminal Appeals against the Dewan's decisions, in which the convictions were upheld but the sentences were modified as a matter of grace. Against the decisions of the lower Courts, 2 appeals were received by the Dewan, who confirmed convictions and sentences in both of them.

(*e*) *Extradition.*

24. Demands of prisoners from and upon the Bansda State were duly met. Periodical returns were duly sent to you showing the result of the trial of the accused surrendered to this State.

(*f*) *Prisons.*

25. The Bansda Jail is a suitable and commodious building with ample light and free ventilation. The health, general conduct and discipline of the prisoners were good. The Jail was frequently visited by the Raja Saheb, the Dewan, the Naib-Dewan and the Chief Medical Officer. The building and compound were kept clean.

26. *Lock-up.*—One of the Jail cells is assigned for the under-trial prisoners, who do not remain untried more than a few days.

27. *Civil Jail.*—When necessary, one of the Jail rooms is used for this purpose, care being taken not to allow the civil prisoners to mix with the convicts. Hardly any person has to be imprisoned for satisfaction of civil decrees.

(*g*) *Civil Justice.*

28. The Dewan's Court decides original claims of all sorts. Appeals on his decisions are heard by the Raja Saheb's Huzur Court. 7 claims were in hand at the commencement and 318 were filed during the year, making a total of 325. All of them except 33 were decided. Each case took a week on an average for disposal. Appendix No. XIII will show the nature and value of suits as well as the result of decisions.

29. *Decrees.*—The results of the applications for execution of decrees are given in Appendix No. XIV. 114 decrees were in hand at the beginning of the year and 155 more were filed for execution during its course. Of these 174 have been executed, the rest being satisfied by instalments owing to the poverty of the people.

30. There was no miscellaneous application for heirship, administration or the like.

Civil Appeals.

31. 7 appeals were received by the Raja Saheb's Huzur during the year. All of them have been disposed of with the following result :—

Name of Court.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year		Total.		Disposed of during		Closing balance.		Value of appeals filed during the year.		How disposed of						Average duration.					
													Decisions confirmed.		Decisions reversed.		Decisions amended.		Cases remained for retrial.		Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of.		Year.	Months.	Days.	Year.	Months.	Days.
1	2		3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12		13	14	15	16	17	18
	1894-95	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.			1895-96.		
The Raja Saheb's Huzur.	1	...	7	7	8	7	8	7	...	...	665	168	4	3	...	1	1	2	...	...	3	1	...	2	5	...	1	26

32. The Mamlatdar's Court Act regarding temporary possession cases is not in force.

33. (*h*) Registration work done during the year is detailed below :—

Description.	1894-95.			1895-96.			Remarks.
	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realized.	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realized.	
		Rs.	Rs. a. p.		Rs.	Rs. a. p.	
Mortgage	8	891	4 10 0	3	970	4 4 0	
Sale	6	1,311	13 4 0	4	643	7 0 0	
Will	...	...	...	3	2,220	16 0 0	
Miscellaneous ...	1	120	1 4 0	...	...	...	
Total ...	15	2,322	19 2 0	10	3,833	27 4 0	
Expenditure ...	Debited to the Dewan's office by which the work is done.						
Net profit	...	...	19 2 0	...	...	27 4 0	

Poverty of ryots limits the number of transactions and consequently the number of deeds registered is small.

(*i*) *Municipal Administration.*

34. There is a Municipality in Bansda town, the population of which is 3,000 souls. There is no other town in the State. No direct or indirect Municipal tax is levied, the expenses being met by the State. The roads are cleaned, lighted and watered. Two fire extinguishing machines and a brigade are kept. The roads were duly repaired and metalled.

CHAPTER IV.—Protection and Distribution.

(*a*) *Agriculture.*

35. Agriculture is carried on by the ryots in their old usual mode. Manure is yet unknown to many of the Kaliparaj who merely burn Adar (leaves, dung-cakes and branches of trees) on their fields in order to prepare the soil for sowing. Many of the indigent tenants who do not possess proper means of husbandry are supplied with money for the purpose of live stock and implements. Seeds, food and cash are also advanced to the needy to improve cultivation. Implements of improved native make and machines of foreign make for pressing canes are kept by the State for show. English vegetables, and grafts of fruit and flower trees are grown in the State garden in order to induce people to imitate. 37 acres of wheat and 247 acres of cotton were grown during the year. The extent of the crops is small, because they have been lately introduced into the State.

36. Tagavi of Rs. 39,783 in cash was advanced for the purpose of sinking wells, building houses, erecting agricultural sheds and digging rice beds, &c. The rate of interest varied from 3 to 4¾ per cent. In addition to the above, grains for seed and food were given as per following table:—

Rice.	Tuver.	Nagli.	Jowar.	Cotton seed.	Kodra.	Total.
2,759	20	1,473	150	19	431	4,852

Of these, the cotton seed has been given gratis for the sake of inducement.

Stallions.

37. To improve the breed of cattle the State maintains stallion horses, a bull and a male buffalo. Out of the 5 mares covered last year one bred, giving a filly. 14 mares were covered during the year. Many of them are in foal. Outsiders who avail themselves of the services of the stallions do not care to report the result.

Weather.

38. The climate is malarious during the winter. The temperature varied from 52° on 16th January to 110° on 11th May the average being 80°. The unhealthy climate keeps the people weak and pale.

39. The rain of the last monsoon was scanty. It commenced on the 11th June and ended on 2nd October. The current monsoon set in on 2nd June. The rain gauge is in good condition and gives accurate measures which are recorded in the Ratan-Kunver-Ba Hospital by the Medical Officer. The rain fall of the last three years will be seen from the following comparative table :—

Year.	1893.	1894.	1895.
Rain (inches)	94	119	73

40. *Crops.*—Owing to want of rains at the close of the monsoon, Kharif crops suffered to a certain extent when the ears were in bud. The Ravi cultivation was also small for want of moisture in the soil which dried without the last fall of rain. Rice and Nagli are the principal crops, the superfluous produce of which is exported. The chief pulses grown are Tuver, Wal and Urid.

41. *(b)* Wages, labour and prices of food grains fluctuate very slightly because the State is out of reach of the Railways and principal Market towns.

(c) Forest.

42. The whole of the area under Forest has been defined. The system of conservancy is an imitation of the British. Grazing and cutting fuel are allowed in unreserved parts. Unreserved trees are allowed to be cut gratis for the construction of cottages. The new plantation of teak, mhowra, &c. is prospering fairly. Old stumps of teak were levelled to allow a new, speedy and valuable growth. The Forests are managed in such a way as not to harass or inconvenience the ryots in their domestic wants.

43. In addition to the unreserved wood, timber of the value of Rs. 1,571 was given gratis to the ryots for dwelling houses, stables and implements. Fire is strictly prohibited in the Forest, and villagers are warned to be cautious when they burn Adar so as not to kindle the Forest by neglect.

(d) Trade and Manufacture.

44. There is no important trade or manufacture in the State. The principal products bartered are grain, mhowra-seed, mhowra-flowers and hides. Of these the mhowra-flowers are consumed by the local distillery, and the superfluity of other articles is exported.

45. There is no Mill or factory. Bamboo-baskets and mats of bamboo as well as of toddy leaves are made by the poor. Oil is pressed out of mhowra-seed by wooden presses of country make.

(e) Fairs.

46. Weekly fairs called Hatwadas are held on different days of the week in various villages of the State. But the principal fair which is held annually on the full moonday of every Chaitra, *i. e.* by the end of March, is that of Deoki-Unai. It lasts for a week. The last gathering was a large one. Special arrangements were made for sanitation as well as for the health and convenience of the pilgrims. Fire broke out in the Gaikwar's limits of the fair, but it was extinguished by the use of the Bansda fire Brigade and machine. Fortunately there was no such accident on the Bansda side. No epidemic broke out and the fair ended in peace and joy.

Public Works.

47. All works of public utility are carried on at the State Expense as Local Funds are not levied.

48. The following table gives details of the works done during the year :—

Works.	State Fund.	Local Fund.	Remarks.
Repairs.			
	Rs.		
Tanks and Wells	314		
Roads and Road side trees	3,620		
Palace	3,096		
Schools	130		
Dharamshalas and Temples	567		
Ootaras	4,100		
Stables	755		
Offices	1,415		
Garden	121		
Ferrymen's house	124		
Cattle pounds	50		
New works.			
Wells	1,492		
Distillery	40		
Establishment	3,055		
Tools and Plant	66		
Temples and Dharamshalas	1,750		
Palace Compound Wall	1,227		
Work houses for Engineering Department	1,951		
Hospital	4,797		
Servants quarters	6,198		
Stables	6,886		
Ootaras	4,162		
	Rs. 45,916		

49. One well, a new building for Hospital, 3 work houses for the Engineering Department, a stable, a temple, servants quarters and halting places in villages, were the chief new works carried out during the year. More works are under contemplation but owing to the difficulty in obtaining materials and labourers they will be taken in hand this year. Ordinary repairs were done to the old buildings. The roads and fences of road-side trees were kept in good repair.

CHAPTER V.—Revenue and Finance.

50. Appendix XVII shows the income and expenditure of the State under different heads. The causes of the principal increases and decreases are as follows :—

Income.

51. The decrease in Land-revenue is due to scanty rains whilst the increase in Forest revenue is due to the sale of a larger quantity of old, ripe wood.

52. The liquor revenue decreased on account of less consumption due to want of money in hands of drunkards owing to bad season.

53. The drunkards therefore resorted to the cheap and mild intoxication of toddy, the revenue from which has increased.

54. The judicial fees decreased owing to the use of Court fee stamps, the revenue from which has increased. The fall in interest is due to arrears in recovery and want of adjustments.

55. The increase in miscellaneous and rewards, &c., is due to the celebration of the Padanam (Jayval) ceremony of the Kunver Sahebs.

Expenditure.

56. The increase under the head of Abkari is due to dear price of the Mhowra flower consumed by the Distillery, whilst that under Police and Paga is owing to the supply of dress and horses.

57. The expenses of the Public Works and Municipality increased owing to more work being done during the year.

58. The decrease in the cost of clothing is on account of suits being in hand from last year. The causes of large increase or decrease in some items are apparent and call for no remarks, whilst small fluctuations speak for themselves.

59. Tagavi advances are not items either of real receipts or expenditure but as desired by the Commissioner the figures of cash Tagavi are given at the foot of the statement. Advances of granary are given from the Granary and do not appear in cash accounts.

60. It is hoped that the details in Statement No. XVII will be considered sufficient because if compared with reports of Native States in other Agencies, this report will be found to give more details and imformation in many matters.

CHAPTER VI.—Vital Statistics and Medical Services.

61. The following table shows the work of the medical department:—

Hospital.	Subject.	Year.		Results.				Expenses.
		1894-95.	1895-96.	Discharged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment.	
Ratan Kunverba Hospital.	Outdoor new patients.	9,980	10,227					Rs. 4,573
	Do. old do.	18,986	23,860					
	Indoor patients ...	47	47					
	Total ...	29,013	34,134					
	Daily average ...	79·4	93·5					
	Number died ...	14	15					
	Major operations ...	3	3					
	Minor do.	290	229					
	Total ...	293	232					
Travelling Dispensary.	Outdoor new cases ...	1,200	1,339					
	Do. old do. ...	1,788	1,623					
	Total ...	2,988	2,962					
	Daily average ...	18·5	13·8					

62. Patients do not care to report the result, consequently to avoid misconception, the results are not classified. Khan Saheb Hormasji, the Chief Medical Officer, worked as usual with energy and maintained popularity. The travelling Dispensary worked satisfactorily.

63. Most of the indoor patients who died were old and starved. Success was attained in all operations. Malarial fevers, measles, syphilitic and rheumatic affections, and diseases of the skin and eye were common. The attack of measles however was severe. It grasped both infants and aged. Out of 47 cases reported of measles, only two children died. There were 4 Post Mortem examinations during the year. Cholera contagion came from the Surat District at the close of the year. It affected 88 persons of whom 67 died. It ha now greatly decreased owing to strict measures for extirpating it.

64. Rinderpest was prevalent amongst cattle during the year. Out of 187 animals treated by the Medical Department 16 died.

65. The Hospital was visited by the Raja Saheb, the Dewan and the Naib Dewan, all of whom were satisfied with the work. The building, compound and instruments were kept clean. The records are punctually written. The stock of medicines is sufficient. The water supply of Bansda is ample and its sanitation is fair.

66. *Births and Deaths* were registered by the village authorities with the following result:

Item.	1894–95	1895–96	Increase.	Decrease.
Births... ...	796	738	...	58
Deaths ...	544	616	72	...

The ratio of births and deaths is 18 and 15 respectively. Apathy of the illiterate Kaliparaj for reporting births and deaths is the chief cause of incorrect record. Every attempt is made to persuade them to give information of births and deaths. Scattered habitation in insolated hamlets also adds to the difficulty of obtaining correct records.

67. The vaccination work done during the year was as follows:—

Operation by whom performed.	Number of persons vaccinated in		Result.			
			Successful.		Unsuccessful.	
	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.
State Vaccinator...	1,702	1,424	1,700	1,415	2	9

The total expense was Rs. 354 as compared with Rs. 338 in the previous year.

CHAPTER VII.—Instruction.

68. The following table shows statistics concerning education.

No.	Description of Schools.	Number of pupils on the roll on 31st March.		Daily average attendance	Standard up to which instruction is imparted.	Remarks.
		1895.	1896.			
1	Bansda Anglo-Vernacular ...	29	31	25	V	
2	Do. Vernacular... ...	139	151	88	VI	
3	Wandervella	30	28	21	IV	
4	Chapuldhara	48	56	34	V	
5	Lakhavadi	20	20	12	IV	
6	Bhinar	26	30	20	IV	
7	Moti Valzar	34	24	19	IV	
8	Sindhai	50	51	38	V	
9	Charvi	35	29	22	V	
10	Andhatri	26	28	18	V	
11	Kurelia	32	21	20	V	
12	Limzar	25	25	12	IV	
13	Upsal	30	27	16	II	
14	Waghabari...	26	18	15	I	
15	Bansda Girls'	66	67	34	VI	
	Total ...	616	616	394	...	

69. The number of schools and pupils was the same as in last year, whilst the average attendance fell from 407 to 394. The standard of instruction in Upsal and Waghabari are low, because the schools are new. There are no Indigenous, Municipal, Local Board or night schools. Owing to the reluctance of the Kaliparaj to send their children to school, education is backward. It is also feared that the opening of village schools on the Gaikwari frontier will affect Bansda schools.

70. The Third Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector of the Surat District, who examined the schools, reports as under :—

"*English School.*—I was well satisfied with the classes I examined. Out of 31 boys presented under different Standards 27 passed, giving a percentage of 87, whilst last year 20 boys out of 29 passed. This fact goes to prove that the Head Master and his assistants have worked well."

"*Taluka School.*—Out of 126 boys presented under different Standards, 89 passed, giving a percentage of 72, whilst last year 76 out of 98 passed giving a percentage of 77. The permanent Head Master was absent from the school for nearly six months. He had gone to the Ahmedabad Training College to complete his 3rd year's course. The somewhat inferior result is thus due to the change of masters in the school. The permanent Head Master returned to his duties a short time before the annual examination. He seems to be a hard working young man."

"*Physical training.*—There is a spacious gymnasium attached to the school wherein the boys of this school as well as those of the Anglo-Vernacular school are taught almost all sorts of exercises by the present Head Master. The performances gone through by the boys were excellent and pleased the Raja and all the other officials of the State who witnessed them. The Raja in order to give encouragement distributed prizes to the successful winners. × × The gymnasium is supplied with every sort of necessary apparatus and is a great boon to the town people. The performances × × reflect credit on the master."

"*Girls' School.*—Looking to the proportion of the population of the town, there is a fair number of girls attending the School. Out of 55 girls presented under different standards, 52 girls passed, giving a percentage of 96. The master appears to have worked hard. ×. I am also glad to record that provision has been made by the Raja to teach the girls native embroidery which is no doubt very useful to them after they leave the school and thus a long felt want has been supplied during the current year. The encouragement received from the State is no doubt very liberal."

"Out of 12 schools established in different parts according to the wants of the people, the one at Charvi showed a very poor result, whilst those at Wandervella, Bhinar and Lakhavadi showed a moderate result, and those at Chapuldhara,

Sindhai, Andhatri, Limzar, Valzar, Kurelia and Upsal showed a good result. The Bartad school was abolished and a new school was opened at Waghabari. ×. All these schools except Chapuldhara and Sindhai teach inferior standards."

"*Buildings.*—Every school has a convenient, well ventilated building with quarters for masters. All these buildings are repaired from time to time by the State."

"*Furniture.*—Every school has been supplied with sufficient furniture and necessary text books. Any want that was brought to the notice of the Dewan and the Raja has been promptly supplied."

"In order to induce the aboriginal tribes that inhabit the District, to send their children to the school, liberal encouragement is given by the Raja in the shape of books, clothes, writing materials, &c. Monthly scholarships also are given to improve the attendance."

"The Dewan was good enough to witness the examination of the school at Upsal. The Raja who takes a lively interest in the education of his subjects had expressed his willingness to favour the other schools with his presence and thereby to ascertain the real wants of the schools, but the fair at Unai and some other state affairs came in the way."

"Finally I am happy to note that I was much pleased to see the extremely good order and discipline of the children of the schools. This was very noticeable at the prize distribution held at Bansda in December last. The order and good arrangement speak well for both the students and the teachers."

"In concluding this report I beg to express my thanks to the Raja and the present energetic Dewan both of whom have done the best for the encouragement of education and may be congratulated at the success that has attended their efforts."

CHAPTER VIII.—Miscellaneous.

71. 11 wild animals *viz.* 10 panthers and 1 Zarak were destroyed at a cost of Rs. 40 as reward. Of these 3 panthers were caught by cages and destroyed, and 4 panthers were shot by the Commissioner, Mr. Reid. 14 deaths were caused by venomous snakes but none by wild animals.

72. There is no Telegraphic communication in the State. The wire at the Billimora Railway station is taken advantage of when needed.

73. The branch Post office at Bansda works fairly.

74. Records have been properly shelved and kept up to date, the useless being destroyed up to the prescribed period.

75. There is no printing press in the State.

76. The expense of the Gulabsingji Library at Bansda was Rs. 135. The public are allowed its use without payment of any fees, but it is a matter of regret that they do not avail themselves of it.

77. Neither Transit duty nor any tax other than the License Tax is levied.

78. There was no change in the Forest Nakas.

79. The Agreements with the British Government were duly adhered to.

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Forwarded through the Raja Saheb of Bansda.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix I.

POLITICAL RELATIONS of NATIVE STATES.

Name of State.	Tribute in men or money.		Estimated population.	Schools.	Persons being taught.	Persons who have been vaccinated.	Prevailing diseases.	Supposed gross revenue.	Military Force.	Transit dues levied or not.	Principal articles of production, manufacture and mines.
	Amount.	To whom payable.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Bansda State ...	Rs. a. p. 153 8 0	British Government	According to the Census of 1891 41,373	15	616	1,424	Malarious fevers, Rheumatic and Syphilitic affections, Skin and Eye diseases, Measles, &c.	Rs. a. p. 3,52,728 0 0	Nil.	Not.	Agricultural products:—Rice, Nagli, Gram, Jowar, Kodra, Pulses. Manufactures,—Bamboo mats, fans and baskets. Road metal is found in quarries.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Agent to H.E. the Governor
answer

Appendix II.

NATIVE CHIEFS, Principal male members of their families and principal members of their Courts, 1895-96.

No.	Name of Individual, State and Family to which he belongs.	Residence.	Present position.	Caste, race and religion.	Age.	How and where educated.	How employed.	Has Sanad authorizing adoption or not.	Family follows primogeniture or not.	Has male heirs or not	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Maharaul Shri Pratapsingji Gulabsingji, Bansda State, Wansadia family	Bansda Town	Raja Saheb.	Solanki Rajput Hiudu Shaiv.	32	By attending the Rajkumar College at Rajkot in Kathiawad.	Ruling his State.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	
2	Maharaul Shri Indrasingji Pratapsingji, Bansda State Wansadia family	Do.	Patvi Kunwar Saheb (Heir apparent.)	Do.	8½						
3	Maharaul Shri Pravinsingji Pratapsingji, Bansda State, Wansadia family	Do.	2nd Prince.	Do.	5½						
4	Maharaul Shri Natversingji Pratapsingji, Bansda State, Wansadia family	Do.	3rd Prince.	Do.	1¾						
5	Jhaverbhai Nathabhai, Amin family	Virsad, Taluka Borsad in the Kaira District.	Dewan.	Leva Patidar, Leva race, Hindu Vishnav.	44	By attending the Ahmedabad High School. Has passed the examinations of Survey Department, 3rd and 2nd Class Magisterial and Lower and Higher Standards.	Controller of all the Departments in the State.				
6	Pranshanker Dayashanker, Pathek family	Bardoli in Surat District.	Naib Dewan.	Audich Sahasra, Hindu Shaiv.	40	By attending the Poona Engineering College; has passed the Matriculation and L. C. E. Examinations.	Head of the Revenue and P. W. Departments.				
7	Hormasji Byramji, Dastoor family.	Town of Broach in the District of Broach.	Chief Medical Officer.	Parsi Zoroastrian	38	By attending the Medical College; has passed the Matriculation and L. M & S. Examinations.	Chief Medical Officer				

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Agent to H.E. the Governor
at Surat

Appendix III.

CIVIL DIVISIONS of TERRITORY under Political Control 1895-96.

Division.	Executive Division.	Number of executive sub-divisions.	Area in square miles.	Population.	Chief towns with population.		Number of villages.	Number of Civil Judges.	Number of Stipendiary Magistrates.	Maximum distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Average distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Number of Police.	Total cost of officials and Police of all kinds.	State Revenue.		Remarks.
					Head-quarter Town.	Population.								Land.	Gross.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Surat Agency.	Bansda.	...	215	41,625	Bansda	3,003	87	1	3	16	$7\frac{1}{2}$	108	13,664	1,31,521	3,52,728	

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix IV.

Population of BANSDA STATE, 1895-96.

Commissionership.	District.	Inhabited houses.	Population in 1896.						Classification of population of the general census of 1891.									Occupation.			Emigration or Immigration during the year.	Remarks
			Men.	Women.	Children under 15 years.		Total.	Number per square mile.	Christians.			Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Parsis.	Buddhists and Jains.	Aborigines.	Others.	Total male agriculturists including landlords, cultivators and agricultural labourers.	Total non-agricultural males	Prevailing languages.		
					Male.	Female.			Europeans.	East Indian or mixed races.	Natives.											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Northern Division.	Bansda.	7,382	21,608	20,017	Included in column 4.	Included in column 5.	41,625	192	...	...	...	40,311	888	137	37	...	...	21,200	408	Gujarati and Marathi.		

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix V.

STATEMENT showing the Strength, Cost, and other particulars of the MILITARY FORCE in the BANSDA STATE, 1895-96.

Arm of service.	Total number of fighting officers and men.								Details of Force at the end of the year.						Total cost of pay and allowances of Officers, Non-commissioned Officers and men, including followers	Remarks.
	Remaining at the end of year.	Recruited this year. (a)	Died.			Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c. (b)	Remaining at the end of the year.	Number of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of guns.	Number of men.					
			In action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-commissioned Officers.	Fighting men.		
Cavalry	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	There is no Military regular force, but there are 27 Sowars who serve as Police Sowars and escorts, &c. There is a party of 25 Arabs who serve as Palace and Treasury guards, and are included in the Police.
Sappers	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Artillery	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Infantry	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix VI.

STATEMENT showing the Strength, Cost, Discipline and Education of the POLICE of the BANSDA STATE, 1895-96.

Description of Officers.	Number.	Pay of the Grade.	Total Expenditure.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Dismissed.	Fined degraded or suspended departmentally.	Judicially punished.	By promotion.	By money rewards.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Chief Police Inspector	...	...	Rs. a. p.	.....	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	
Inspector of Police...	...	...		.....	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	Including 25 Arabs and a few other guards.
Chief Constable	1	45		.....	.....	.....	...	...	1	...	
Head Constables	1	37	13,664 0 0 Including accoutrements	.....	.....	.....	...	...	1	...	The abkari peons (15) are not included in the statement. There are also 27 Sowars in the Paga who perform Police and other duties.
	1	35		.....	.....	.....	...	...	1	...	
	2	28		.....	.....	.....	...	...	2	...	
	1	12		.....	.....	.....	...	...	1	...	
	1	11		.....	.....	.....	...	...	1	...	
Constables of different classes ...	6	10		.....	.....	.....	...	...	5	...	
	3	9		.....	2	1	2	...	2	...	
	10	8		1	5	.....	...	...	1	...	
	5	7½		.....	...	.....	...	...	1	...	
	77	7 and under.		1	22	2	21	...	15	3	
Total ...	108	.....	13,664 0 0	2	29	3	23	...	31	3	

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix VII.

STATEMENT showing the results of the working of the POLICE in the BANSDA STATE during the year 1895-96.

NAME OF STATE.	Number of offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage convicted of accused arrested (Columns 3 and 4).		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.		REMARKS.
	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
Bansda State	92	89	133	145	130	145	107	124	23	21	80	86	82	86	

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix VIII.

STATEMENT showing the VALUE of PROPERTY stolen and amount of recoveries in BANSDA STATE, during the year 1895-96.

State.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	
Bansda	567.	328	262	243	45	75	

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix

STATEMENT showing the number of CRIMES COMMITTED, number

during the year

Number.	Description of Crime or Offence.	Number of Crimes.			Number of cases disposed of during 1895-96.	Number of cases undisposed of during 1895-96.	Number of persons apprehended.	Number of persons convicted.
		Balance on 31st July, 1895.	Committed during 1895-96.	Total.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Offences under Abkari Act	...	18	18	18	...	18	17
2	Affray	...	1	1	1	...	10	10
3	Taking illegal gratification in respect of an official act ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
4	Taking gratification for the exercise of personal influence with a public servant	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
5	Giving false information to a public servant	...	2	2	2	...	3	3
6	Disobedience to an order lawfully promulgated by a public servant	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
7	Offering gift to screen offender	...	2	2	2	...	2	2
8	Resistance by a person to his lawful apprehension	...	2	2	2	...	2	2
9	Making atmosphere noxious to health	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
10	Driving rashly on a public way	...	1	1	1	...	2	2
11	Murder	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
12	Causing death by rash act	...	3	3	3	...	3	3
13	Voluntarily causing hurt	...	31	31	31	...	35	18
14	Do. by dangerous weapons	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
15	Do. to deter public servant from his duty	...	1	1	1	...	2	2
16	Do. on grave provocation	...	2	2	2	...	5	5
17	Causing grievous hurt on grave provocation	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
18	Use of criminal force otherwise than on grave provocation	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
19	Rape	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
20	Theft	...	29	29	29	...	49	43
21	Theft in a building	...	15	15	15	...	24	20
22	Theft by servant	...	9	9	9	...	9	8
23	Dishonest misappropriation of moveable property	...	4	4	4	...	4	4
24	Criminal breach of trust	...	2	2	2	...	2	2
25	Dishonestly receiving stolen property	...	5	5	5	...	6	5
26	Assisting in concealing stolen property	...	2	2	2	...	3	3
27	Cheating	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
28	Mischief	...	2	2	2	...	8	...
29	Mischief by fire to destroy a house	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
30	House tresspass...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
31	Lurking house trespass by night to commit an offence punishable with imprisonment	...	2	2	2	...	2	1
32	Adultery	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
33	Enticing married women	...	2	2	2	...	2	2
34	Defamation	...	2	2	2	...	2	1
35	Insult intended to provoke a breach of the peace	...	14	14	14	...	20	10
36	Criminal intimidation	...	4	4	4	...	4	3
37	Appearing in a public place in intoxication	...	2	2	2	...	5	5
38	Offences under other Acts	...	8	8	8	...	18	14
	Total ...	...	178	178	178	...	253	194

IX.

of cases disposed of, and cases awaiting trial in the BANSDA STATE,

1895–96.

Number of persons Sentenced to							Number of persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons confined being insane.	Number of persons died, during or before trial.	Terms of Imprisonment.									Remarks.
Imprisonment.		Imprisonment and fine.		Fine only.	Whipping.	Total.				Under 1 month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.	
Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.																
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
1	...	...	1	15	...	17	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	10	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
...	2	...	1	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	
...	...	...	1	17	...	18	17	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
..	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	
...	15	...	3	25	...	43	6	...	...	12	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	3	...	12	1	4	20	4	...	...	8	5	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	
...	1	...	6	1	...	8	1	...	...	5	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	3	...	4	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	2	...	2	1	...	5	1	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	2	...	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	10	...	10	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	2	...	3	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	14	...	14	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	34	1	28	126	4	194	59	...	...	39	13	...	2	2	2	3	1	2	

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix X.

STATEMENT showing the number of offences reported and offences dealt with in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1895-96, ending July.

Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with.								Persons disposed of.					Persons remaining at the end of the year.	Remarks.
			Remaining at the end of last year.	Brought to trial, 1895-96.					Total.								
	1894-95.	1895-96.		Arrested by Police.	Upon warrant.	On Summons.	Voluntarily.	Arrested in the presence of a Magistrate.	1894-95.	1895-96.	Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
The Dewan's	68	68	...	52	...	20	...	24	99	96	8	13	75	...	...	...	
The Naib-Dewan's	97	59	...	46	...	30	...	1	128	77	12	11	54	...	...	...	
The Head Karkun's	78	51	...	47	...	33	...	...	108	80	8	7	65	...	...	...	
Total ...	243	178	...	145	...	83	...	25	335	253	28	31	194	...	...	...	

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XI.

STATEMENT showing the results of appeals against decisions passed by the CRIMINAL COURTS in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1895-96 ending July.

STATE.	TRIBUNALS.	Number of applications.	Number of persons and cases.																												REMARKS.
			Applications rejected.				Sentences. Confirmed.				Sentences. Modified.				Sentences. Reversed.				Proceedings quashed				Referred.				Further enquiry, &c., ordered.				Pending.				
			Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		
			1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
Bansda	The Raja Saheb ...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	The Dewan	2	...	...	...	...	6	2	2	2	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	4	...	...	...	...	6	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XII.

STATEMENT showing the number of persons convicted in the JAIL in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1895-96 ending July.

Stations.	Number of prisoners.	Number of prisoners.			Daily average in Jail.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of Jail and prisoners.	Remarks showing Mortality among convicts in the Jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.					
				1894-95. 1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.			
1	2	3	4	5 6	7	8	9	10	11
Bansda	83	15	68	93 83	10	15	16	Rs. a. p. 686 0 0	One died on account of chronic enteritis, one of pthisis and one of malarial fever.

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XIII.

CIVIL WORK–Nature and value of ORIGINAL SUITS filed and disposed of in the BANSDA STATE during year 1895-96.

Number.	Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		Suits filed in 1895-96.									Suits disposed of in 1895-96.								Remarks.
												Value.	Nature of suits.								Nature of suits.				Value.	Average duration.			
		1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.		Suits regarding lands and houses, &c.	Suits for money transactions.	Suits for other rights, &c.	Number of suits under Rs. 100.	Number of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	Number of suits above Rs. 500 and under Rs. 1,000.	Number of suits above Rs. 1,000 and under Rs. 5,000.	Number of suits above Rs 5,000.	Ex parte.	Admitted and compromised, &c.	Struck off the file, &c.	Contested.		Years.	Months.	Days.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27			28
1	Dewan.	19	7	387	318	406	325	399	292	7	33	Rs. a. p. 16,032 0 0	18	105	19	304	10	...	4	...	4	46	4	238	Rs. a. p. 8,719 0 0	...	...	8	

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XIV.

CIVIL WORK—RESULTS of APPLICATIONS for execution of decrees in the BANSDA STATE during the year 1895–96.

Number.	Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for 1895-96.	Applications brought to the Register.			Total.			Disposed of.			Closing balance.			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of 1895-96.			Remarks.
		1894-95.	1895-96.		1894-95.	1895-96.	Value for 1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	Total value for 1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	Value for 189 -96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	Value of closing balance for 1895-96.	Below 6 months.	Above 6 months.	Above 12 months.	
1	2	3		4	5			6			7			8			9			10
				Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.				
1	Dewan	103	114	1,705 0 0	209	155	3,362 0 0	312	269	5,067 0 0	198	174	2,701 0 0	114	95	2,366 0 0	49	16	30	

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XV.

REGISTRATION of DOCUMENTS.

Number.	Sub-Registry office.	Number of Documents presented.												Documents registered.		Value of Documents.		Documents refused to be registered.		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year.		Remarks.
		Documents presented for registration.		Mortgages.		Sale deeds.		Wills.		Money bonds.		Miscellaneous.										
		1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	1894-95.	1895-96.	
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12		13
1	Bansda	15	10	8	3	6	4	...	3	...	...	1	...	15	10	Rs. a. p. 2,322 0 0	Rs. a. p. 3,833 0 0	...	...	...	...	

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XVI.

Agriculture.

STATEMENT showing AGRICULTURAL STOCK in the BANSDA STATE during the year 1895–96.

Number.	District.	Cattle and other Quadrupeds.									Ploughs.		Carts.		
		Bullocks	Cows.	Buffaloes.		Horses.	Mares.	Colts and fillies.	Asses.	Sheep and Goats.	With two Bullocks	With four Bullocks	Riding carts.	Carts. used in carrying	
				Male.	Female.										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
1	Bansda	15,574	12,951	1,356	2,192	86	23	7	...	7,485	6,103	21	249	1,112	

JHAVERBAAI NATHABHAI AMIN,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XVII.

INCOME.

No.	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1894-95.	A. D. 1895-96.	Increase.	Decrea e
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Land Revenue	1,34,662	1,31,521	.....	3,141
2	Forest	17,411	19,490	2,079	.....
3	Abkari liquor	1,77,796	1,65,863	.....	11,933
4	Do. Toddy	5,927	6,341	414	.....
5	Do. Bhang Ganja	55	115	60	.....
6	Judicial fees	845	368	.....	477
7	Magisterial fines	1,403	1,221	.....	182
8	Interest on loans, &c.	8,792	27	.....	8,765
9	Opium	376	205	.....	171
10	Giras	3,559	3,393	.....	166
11	Tolls	1,965	2,298	333	.....
12	Ferries	17	6	.....	11
13	Rent of houses	1,443	1,212	.....	231
14	Rent of Estate outside the State...	435	217	.....	218
15	Miscellaneous	4,018	8,634	4,616	.....
16	Registration of Documents ...	19	27	8	.....
17	School fees	184	184	.....	.....
18	Garden produce	292	14	.....	278
19	Jail	287	405	118	.....
20	Cattle Pounds	177	158	.....	19
21	Sale of houses, &c.	2,778	665	.....	2,113
22	Rewards and Chandla	1,967	7,391	5,424	.....
23	Stamp Sales	.....	2,973	2,973	.....
	Carried forward ...	3,64,408	3,52,728	16,025	27,705

EXPENDITURE.

No.	Heads of Expenditure.	Fasli. A. D. 1894-95.	Fasli. A. D. 1895-96.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Medical	4,413	4,573	160	.....
2	Forest	3,073	3,419	346	.....
3	Abkari	42,813	49,269	6,456	.....
4	Vaccination...	338	354	16	.....
5	Library	113	135	22	.....
6	Police and other guards	11,861	13,664	1,803	.....
7	Paga and Stable	28,592	30,237	1,645	.....
8	Cattle Pounds	27	22	.....	5
9	Jail	381	686	305	.....
10	Cash allowances and temple servants	12,730	13,134	404	.....
11	Ferries	157	129	.....	28
12	Tolls...	487	537	50	.....
13	Public Works	41,531	45,916	4,385	.....
14	Dewan Kacheri	6,283	6,620	337	.....
15	Naib-Dewan's Office	7,588	7,647	59	.....
16	Collecting Establishment	8,716	8,936	220	.....
17	Education	4,761	4,337	.....	424
18	Garden charges	2,051	1,953	.....	98
19	Municipality	1,280	3,024	1,744	.....
20	Contingent charges	1,126	1,300	174	.....
21	Printing charges	560	531	.....	29
22	Deficit in Granary, &c.	139	96	.....	43
23	Remissions	732	256	.....	476
24	Income tax on interest of loans ...	16	12	.....	4
25	Miscellaneous	5,397	5,430	33	.....
26	Rewards for destruction of wild animals	17	40	23	.....
27	Carriage hire and Bhathas ...	3,636	3,355	.....	281
28	Purchase of Jewels for Raja Saheb, &c.	28,753	35,987	7,234	.....
29	Rewards and Chandla	3,097	3,023	.....	74
	Carried forward ...	2,20,668	2,44,622	25,416	1,462

No.	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1894-95.	A. D. 1895-96.	Increase.	Decrease.	No.	Heads of Expenditure.	Fasli. A. D. 1894-95.	Fasli. A. D. 1895-96.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6
	Brought forward ...	3,64,408	3,52,728	16,025	27,705		Brought forward ...	2,20,668	2,44,622	25,416	1,462
						30	Devasthan Dharmada	2,006	1,842	.....	164
						31	Festivals	1,537	2,539	1,002	.....
						32	Palace Establishment	8,962	9,109	147	.....
						33	Pocket expenses to Raja Saheb and Rani Sahebs	18,383	18,088	.....	295
						34	Purchase of clothing for Raja Saheb, &c	11,068	4,194	.....	6,874
						35	Do. Furniture	1,812	2,960	1,148	.....
						36	Kitchen	6,358	5,565	.....	793
						37	Guests, &c.	3,361	2,175	.....	1,186
						38	Houses and land purchased in Billimora...	20	371	351	.....
						39	Special expenses of the birth of Kunver Shri Natversingji, &c. ...	30,232	.....	.....	30,232
						40	Grant for a reservoir in the City of Surat	2,500	.....	.....	2,500
						41	Medical fees to foreign Doctors and Midwife	2,060	.....	.....	2,060
						42	Elder Prince's and his mother's tour to Chhota Udepur... ...	5,631	.....	.....	5,631
						43	Special expenses of Padanam of Patvi Kunver Saheb Shri Indrasingji and Kunver Saheb Shri Pravinsingji	.....	32,870	32,870	.....
						44	Purchase of shares of the Tapti Valley Railway Company ...	.....	500	500	.....
	Total ...	3,64,408	3,52,728	16,025	27,705		Total ...	3,14,598	3,24,835	61,434	51,197
24	Tagavi	21,135	16,958	.....	4,177	45	Tagavi	41,023	39,783	.....	1,240

JHAVERBHAI NATHABHAI AMIN,

Dewan, Bansda State.

No. 755 OF 1897.

Surat, 23rd September 1897.

The report is somewhat meagre and wanting in interest.

2. The remark in paragraph 37 is not clear, but it would appear that the State supplies to agriculturists *gratis* model implements of husbandry.

If this is so, the idea is a good one, as it is possible that the sight of their fellows actually using improved implements may induce the agriculturists to obtain similar articles for themselves.

3. The horse breeding operations described in paragraph 40 cannot be called successful.

Indeed Bánsda is not a country for horses.

No details of the operations of the bull and he-buffalo are given.

4. The amount spent on constructing and repairing stables (Rs. 1,009 +12,144=13,153) is more than 25 per cent. of the whole expenditure on public works. It is to be hoped that the wholesale repairs executed in the year under report will preclude heavy expenditure under this head for some time to come and allow of more money being spent on roads which are badly wanted.

5, Paragraph 59 affords a very obscure explanation for the decrease in the sale of stamps.

6. Paragraph 75 probably gives the real reason for the falling off in the attendance of patients at the Medical Institutions.

The Káliparaj during 1896-97 put down all doctors as would-be poisoners, even in British territory.

7. There is a large rise in the number of the recorded deaths, but this may be due to improved registration. The percentage recorded of both births and deaths is not more than half of those that probably occur.

Rewards might be given to patels exerting themselves in the registration of vital statistics.

8. Paragraph 80 speaks of the reluctance of the Káliparaj to send their children to school.

This reluctance, however, has been partly overcome in the neighbouring Surat District and Dharampor State.

It will yield to official persistence, especially if Káliparaj masters are appointed.

On the whole the educational system of the State is good.

9. Appendix XVII shows an expenditure of nearly Rs. 36,000 last year and nearly Rs. 21,000 this year on the "purchase of jewels for the Rája Sáheb."

It is hoped that this form of luxury has been sufficiently indulged in, and that the money saved on jewels will be spent on roads next year.

The latter would do more credit to the Rája and be a greater ornament to his State.

R. A. L. MOORE,

Agent to His Excellency the Governor at Surat.

ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

BANSDA STATE

For the year 1896-97.

SURAT:

PRINTED AT THE MISSION PRESS.

1897.

ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE BANSDA STATE

FOR THE YEAR 1896-97.

CHAPTER I.—Political.

The relations of the State with the British Government and the neighbouring Native States were cordial except an act of high handedness on the part of Baroda Police at Unai in Bansda jurisdiction which has been reported to the Agent to His Excellency the Governor at Surat.

2. Mr. R. A. L. Moore, the Agent to His Excellency the Governor at Surat, visited Bansda State in May last and encamped at Ankalaj one of its villages where he halted for three days. During his stay at Ankalaj he was paid a visit by the Raja Saheb.

3. The Raja Saheb travelled as usual through several villages of the State during which he made Rajuyat of several receipt books of the Ryots. He also examined the schools and Public Works and enquired into the condition and wants of the people. He was present at the Jamabandi of all the villages of the State.

4. The Raja Saheb went to Surat in November last to pay visits to Their Excellencies the Right Honourables the Earl of Elgin and Kincardine the Viceroy and Governor General of India, and Lord Sandhurst, Governor of Bombay and was present at the ceremony of cutting the first sod of the Tapti-Valley Railway. The Raja Saheb was much pleased as he had an opportunity of visiting both Their Excellencies the Viceroy of India and the Governor of Bombay. He stayed at Surat for about a fortnight. During his stay at Surat he was requested to unveil an oil painting portrait of late Mir Gulam Baba Khan, C. I. E., which he did very willingly. He also visited several Public Institutions of the city and made the following donations :—

Famine Fund...	Rs.	1,500	0	0
Sweet Meats to the labourers of Gulam Baba Mill	„	100	0	0
Gopipura Premchand Raichand Girls' School ...	„	300	0	0
Veterinary Hospital	„	100	0	0
Sanatan Dharm School	„	120	0	0
Panjra Pole	„	100	0	0
The New-English School	„	25	0	0
The Nirashrit Fund...	„	25	0	0

Sanskrit Shala	Rs.	50	0 0
The Winchester Museum	„	10	0 0
Hospital for females and children	„	25	0 0
Miscellaneous	„	58	0 0
Total	Rs.	2,413	0 0

The above figures speak for themselves and the Raja Saheb earned great popularity and good name in the city of Surat. These benevolent and public spirited gifts were of course well aimed and were most thankfully received.

5. The Shethias and noblemen of the city of Surat were very much pleased with the good behaviour and kind and courteous disposition of the Raja Saheb, in appreciation of which he was honored with tea parties, &c., by the Nagarseth and other leading shethias and noblemen of the city. The Raja Saheb also entertained all leading gentlemen and shethias of the city to a party.

6. The domestic event worth noticing which occured in Raja Saheb's family was the most lamentable and sorrowful death of Bhaniba Shri Prabhat Kunverbaiji Saheb, daughter of late Maha Rana Shri Dharmdevji, elder brother of Maha Rana Shri Mohundevji, the present Raja Saheb of Dharampur, and niece of our Raja Saheb, being a daughter of his sister Shri Nand Kunverba Saheb. She died in prime of her youth at an early age of 19 years. When she was dangerously ill the Raja Saheb went to Dharampur to enquire after her health and stayed there for about a week, from whence he performed his State duties for the time. After the sorrowful event of her death he with his family was again obliged to go to Dharampur to give consolation to his sister Shri Nand Kunverba Saheb in her afflictions. The Raja Saheb and the family remained in mourning till the Diamond Jubilee Holidays when they changed their mourning dresses and took part in the celebrations.

7. The Diamond Jubilee of Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress was celebrated here in a most splendid manner worthy of the auspicious occasion. The Raja Saheb was heartily joyous and enthusiastic throughout the celebrations and took most active part in the preparations there by showing his perfect ovation and sincere loyalty towards Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress. The people also were very jubilant and heartily co-operated in taking part in the rejoicings of the days. An account of the manner in which Diamond Jubilee of Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress was celebrated here has been forwarded to the Agent to His Excellency the Governor with a letter No. 76, dated 26th June, 1897.

8. The following are the sums expended by the Raja Saheb in commemorating the completion of the sixtieth year of Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress's reign in Bansda State :—

Rs. 15,000 Towards the erection of the Diamond Jubilee Tower.
„ 6,000 For the Diamond Jubilee Agricultural show.
„ 4,075 Remissions given to the poor cultivators of the State.
„ 983 Prizes and other miscellaneous expenses.

Rs. 26,058 Total.

Being late the State was not able to erect the tower this year, but the sum has already been charged and deposited in the Treasury which will be spent on the erection of the tower during the ensuing year.

Changes in Administration.

9. Dewan, Mr. Jhaverbhai Nathabhai, having resigned, Naib Dewan, Rao Saheb Pranshanker Dayashanker Pathak, L. C. E., holds the acting appointment.

CHAPTER II.—Administration of the Land.

10. The State lands have all been surveyed, classed and systematically assessed. The rates of Bhigoti are so suitable that the revenue is collected with ease without having recourse to harsh measures.

11. No special tenures exist in the State but waste lands which require improvements are given out for cultivation on special cases.

12. The following table gives details of cultivable land :—

Extent of cultivable area for		Taken up in		Waste remaining at the end of the year		Percentage of cultivable land lying waste in	
1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96,	1896-97	1895-96.	1896-97	1895-96	1896-97.
69,911	69,911	933	—517	25,096	25,613	35	37

The season of the year 1895-96 having not yielded good crops and the deficiency of rains in the latter portion of the last years' monsoon, more area of cultivable land was relinquished than taken up, consequently there is an increase of 517 acres of land in the waste.

13. As usual the revenue accounts were punctually written and regularly checked by the superior authorities.

14. Boundary disputes have all been settled at the time of the survey but the Baroda authorities have closed on the frontier a road and a water course to open which a correspondence has been going on for the last three years but no decision has yet been arrived at. Cases of fresh encroachments on the frontier by Baroda people have occurred during this year as they are emboldened by the delay occurred in deciding the former disputes. In June last the Agent to His Excellency the Governor at Surat was good enough to send his Head Surveyor to inquire into the real state of things who visited the disputed place. It can also be added that Bansda people are the sufferers in this dispute.

15. Wards' estates under the State management :—None.

CHAPTER III.—Protection.

(a) Legislation.

16. There has been no change in the laws in force in the State during the year under report.

(b) Military.

17. There is no Military force in the State. Sufficient foot and mounted Police force is maintained for the protection and other miscellaneous uses.

(c) District Police.

18. Appendix No. VI gives details of the strength cost and education of the District Police. The organization and discipline of the force is on the model of the British Police force.

19. 218 accused implicated in 138 cognizable cases were dealt with by the Police. All were sent up for trial, in which 184 or 84 per cent were convicted.

20. The Abkari Police detected 10 offences under the Abkari Act. The number of Abkari offences is less owing to the vigilance of Abkari Department. The Abkari peons are exclusive of the District Police.

Stolen property.

21. Property of the value of Rs. 484 was stolen during the year as compared with that of the value of Rs. 328 stolen in the preceding year, whilst the value of property recovered was Rs. 290 *i. e.* 60 per cent. The average value stolen in each case was Rs. $5\frac{3}{4}$ only.

Village Police.

22. Most of the Patels belong to Kaliparaj and are uneducated. None of the Patels is invested with the powers under the Act. The strength of the establishment was steady and its conduct was good.

23. 27 inquests were held in which the following verdicts were recorded.

9 Snake bites.	3 Suicides.
9 Falls from trees.	2 Drowning.
4 Miscellaneous.	
27	

(*d*) *Criminal Justice.*

24. There are in all 3 original and 2 appellate Courts for the administration of Criminal Justice. Their names and work are detailed in Appendices X and XI. The total number of offences was 195 as compared with 178 in the year preceding. The percentage of conviction and release to the number of accused tried is 74 and 26 per cent respectively. More particulars will be found in appendices IX and X.

25. There were no criminal appeals against the decisions of the Dewan's Court during the year under report. Against the decisions of the lower courts 5 appeals were made to the Dewan's Court in which in 2 cases the decisions of the lower courts were upheld while in the remaining 3 cases convictions were upheld but sentences were modified.

(*e*) *Extradition.*

26. No prisoners were surrendered by or to the Bansda State under the Extradition Act during the year under report.

(*f*) *Prisons.*

27. The Bansda Jail is a suitable and commodious building with ample light and free ventilations and good sanitary arrangements. The health, general conduct and discipline of the prisoners were good. The Jail was frequently visited by the Raja Saheb, the Dewan, the Naib-Dewan and the Chief Medical Officer. The building and compound were duly kept clean. 15 prisoners were released in honor of Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen Empress's Diamond Jubilee.

28. *Lock-up.*—One of the Jail cells is assigned for the undertrial prisoners who do not remain untried for more than a few days.

29. *Civil Jail.*—When necessary one of the Jail rooms is used for this purpose care being taken not to allow the civil prisoners to mix with the convicts. Only one person was confined for satisfaction of a civil decree in the Jail for a few days during the year.

(*g*) *Civil Justice.*

30. The Dewan's Court decides original claims of all sorts. Appeals on its decisions are heard by Raja Saheb's Huzur. 33 claims were in hand at the commencement and 201 were filed during the year making a total of 234. All of them except 6 were decided. Appendix No. XIII will show the nature and value of suits as well as the result of decisions.

31. *Decrees.*—The results of the applications for execution of decrees are given in Appendix No. XIV. 95 decrees were in hand at the beginning of the year and 128 more were filed during the same. Of these 107 have been disposed of. The rest being satisfied by instalments owing to the poverty of the people and high prices of food-grains during this year.

32. There was no miscellaneous application for heir-ship, administration or the like.

Civil Appeals.

33. Only one appeal was received by the Raja Saheb's Huzur during the year. It has been disposed of with the following result:—

Name of Court.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year.		Total.		Disposed of during		Closing balance.		Value of appeals filed during the year.		How Disposed of.								Average duration.					
													Decisions confirmed.		Decisions reversed.		Decisions amended.		Cases remanded for retrial.		Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of.		Year	Months.	Days.	Year.	Months.	Days.
	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.			1896-97.		
The Raja Saheb's Huzur ...	...	...	7	1	7	1	7	1	...	...	168	53	3	...	1	1	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	26	...	3	8

34. The Mamlatdar's Court Act regarding temporary possession cases is not in force.

35. (*h*) Registration work done during the year is detailed below:—

Description.	1895-96.			1896-97.			Remarks.
	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realized.	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realized.	
		Rs.	Rs. a. p		Rs.	Rs. a p.	
Mortgage	3	970	4 4 0	...	.....	.....	
Sale	4	643	7 0 0	3	1,192	12 4 0	
Will	3	2,220	16 0 0	3	8,111	85 12 0	
Miscellaneous ...	...	.....	.....	1	500	10 0 0	
Total ...	10	3,833	27 4 0	7	9,803	108 0 0	
Expenditure ...	Debited to the Dewan's office by which the work is done.						
Net profit	...	.....	27 4 0	...	.....	108 0 0	

Poverty of the ryots limits the number of transactions and consequently the number of deeds registered is small.

(*i*) *Municipal Administration.*

36. There is a municipality in Bansda town, the population of which is 3,000 souls. There is no other town in the State. No direct or indirect municipal tax is levied the expenses being met by the State. The roads are cleaned, lighted and watered. Two fire extinguishing machines and a brigade are kept. The roads were duly repaired during the year.

A disastrous fire broke out in Bansda town during this year. The Raja Saheb gave help of grains and clothes to those who suffered by the fire. A new fire extinguishing Engine has been ordered from England.

CHAPTER IV.—Protection and Distribution.

(*a*) *Agriculture.*

37. Agriculture is carried on by the ryots in their old usual mode. Manure is yet unknown to many of the Kaliparaj who merely burn "Adar" (leaves, dung-cakes and branches of trees) on their fields in order to prepare the soil for sowing. Many of the indigent cultivators, who do not possess proper means of husbandry, are supplied with money for the purpose of live stock and implements. Seeds, food and cash are also advanced to the needy to improve cultivation. Implements of husbandry of improved native make and Madras ploughs and a machine of foreign make for pressing sugar-canes have been kept by the State for show, which are supplied gratis to the

ryots. English vegetables and grafts of fruits and flower trees are grown in the garden in order to induce people to imitate. Wheat and cotton were grown over areas of 22 and 364 acres of land respectively during the year. The extent is small because their growth has been lately introduced into the State. It is hoped that the Diamond Jubilee Agricultural Show which will be opened from the next year will greatly assist the efforts of the State directed towards the improvements of agriculture by its ryots. Raja Saheb is also trying to introduce the growth of the Egyptian cotton within his State. As an encouragement to the ryot seeds of the said cotton will be supplied to them without any charges and in the case, if the sowing of cotton proves to be a failure, no assessment will be taken of the land over which it will be sown.

38. Tagavi amounting to Rs. 20,732 in cash was advanced to the ryots during the year for the purpose of buying live stocks and digging rice beds, &c. The rate of intrest is $4\frac{7}{9}$ per cent. In a few cases it was advanced free of interest. In addition to the above, grains for seeds and for food were given to the ryots of the State as per following table :—

Rice.	Wheat.	Tuver.	Nagli.	Kodra	Pulses.	Juwar.	Oil seed	Total Maunds.
7,295	18	13	3,489	1,908	14	185	48	12,970

Grains were given more this year as the ryots were in great need because owing to high prices they sold away much quantity of corn not keeping with them a sufficient stock for their livelihood and seeds.

39. An asylum has been opened temporarily by the Raja Saheb to feed the poor and helpless who are unable to maintain themselves owing to high prices. The daily number of persons who take refuge in the asylum is nearly (40) forty for the present. Even persons from States of Dharampore, Sulgana and Dangs were allowed free access to the asylum.

Stallions.

40. To improve the breed of cattle the State maintains stallion horses a bull and a he-buffalo. Out of the 14 mares which were covered during the last year 4 bred giving 3 colts and a filly. 13 mares are covered during the year. Many of them are in foal.

41. A bull and a he-buffalo were supplied to the people of Kathrot and its surrounding other villages of the State.

Weather.

42. The climate is malarious during the Winter. The minimum temperature was 50° on 16th January and maximum 110° on the 15th April. The average daily temperature was 80°. The unhealthy climate keeps the people weak and pale.

43. The last monsoon rain though plenty in the beginning has proved to be very deficient owing to its early close. It commenced on the 2nd June, and ended on the 2nd September. During the current year the rain commenced on the 11th June, but the proper setting in of the monsoon can be said to have taken place from the 11th July. The rain gauge is in a good condition and gives accurate rain-falls which are recorded in the Ratan Kunverba Hospital by the Medical Officer. The rain-fall of the last three years will be seen from the following comparative table.

Years.	1894.	1895.	1896.
Rain (inches)	119	73	100

44. *Crops.*—The last monsoon having ended earlier than usual both the Kharif and Rabi crops suffered owing to want of rains in the latter part of the season. Rice and Nagli are the principal products of the State, superfluity of which is exported to other places outside the State. Tuver, Wal and Urid are principals among the pulses produced in the State.

45. Wages and labour did not fluctuate during the year.

There being famine this year in several parts of India prices of food grains rose very high becoming nearly double of the usual prices.

(*c*) *Forest.*

46. The whole of the area under forest has been defined and surveyed. The system of conservancy is an imitation of that prevailing in the British territories. Grazing and cutting of trees for fuel are allowed in unreserved parts. Unreserved trees are allowed to be cut gratis for the construction of cottages, &c., to the State people. The new plantation of teak and mahowra trees, &c., is prospering fairly. Old stumps of teak were cut down to allow a new speedy and valuable growth. The forests are managed in such a way as not to harass or inconvenience the ryots in their domestic wants.

47. In addition to the unreserved wood timber of the value of Rs. 1,159 was given gratis to the ryots for the use of dwelling houses, stables and implements. Fire is strictly prohibited in the Forest and villagers are warned to be cautious when they burn Adar not to kindle the Forest by neglect.

(*d*) *Trade and Manufacture.*

48. There is no important trade or manufacture in the State. The principal products bartered are grains of different sorts, mahowra seeds, mahowra flowers and hides. Of these, mahowra flowers are consumed by the local Distillery and excess of the other articles is exported.

49. There is no mill or factory in the State. Bamboo baskets and mats of bamboos as well as of toddy tree leaves are made by the poor. Oil is pressed out of mahowra seeds by wooden presses of country make.

(*e*) *Fairs.*

50. Weekly fairs called Hatvadas are held on different days of the week in various villages of the State. But the principal fair is that of Deoki Unai Jatra which is held on full moonday of Chaitra every year and lasts for a week. The last Jatra was prohibited owing to Bubonic plague prevailing in several parts of the Bombay Presidency and so there was no gathering of pilgrims at all.

Public Work.

51. All works of public utility are carried on at the State expence, as Local funds are not levied.

52. The following table gives details of the works executed during the year :—

Works.	State Fund.	Local Fund.	Remarks.
Repairs.			
Tanks and Wells.	248		
Roads and Road side trees	3,276		
Palace	882		
Schools	199		
Dharamshala and Temples	1,637		
Ootaras	774		
Stables	1,009		
Offices	361		
Cattle pounds...	13		
Servants' Quarters	3,084		
Post office	95		
New Works.			
Tanks and Wells	1,190		
Establishment	3,208		
Tools and plants	38		
Temples and Dharamshala	3,315		
Work houses for Engineering Department	3,142		
Hospital	5,840		
Servants' Quarters	3,963		
Stables	12,144		
Ootaras	4,042		
Addition to the Palace...	3,150		
Municipal store	125		
Total	51,735		

53. 3 wells, a new building for Hospital, a work house for the Engineering department, stables, a temple, a Dharamshala, and a store house for Municipality are the chief new works carried out during the year. Ordinary repairs were done to the old buildings. The roads and fences of roadside trees were kept in good repairs.

CHAPTER V.—Revenue and Finance.

54. Appendix XVII shows the income and expenditure of the State under different heads. The causes of principal increases and decreases are as follows :—

Income.

55. The increase in Land Revenue is due to the dearness of corn which fetched good prices to the cultivators by which arrears of Land Revenue were also collected.

56. The increase in the Forest Revenue is due to a larger quantity of wood being sold during the year.

57. The increase in the Abkari Revenue is due to more quantities of liquor and toddy being consumed during the year.

58. The Judicial fees decreased owing to the use of Court-fee stamps. The increase in the interest is due to the recovery of the interest during the year.

59. The decrease in sale of stamps is due to a large balance of the last year's stamps in hand during the year.

60. The decrease in miscellaneous rewards, &c., is due to there being no ceremony in the Raja Saheb's family like the year preceding.

Expenditure.

61. The increase under the head of Forest is due to a Departmental cutting of forest surrounding the Bansda town ; while decrease under the head of Abkari is due to low prices of Mahowra flowers during the year.

62. The decreases under the heads of Police and Paga are due to there being no supply of dress or buying of horses during the year.

63. The increase in Public Works is owing to more works being executed during the year.

64. The decreases under the heads Nos. 28, 31, 34 and 35 are owing to less expenditures of such sorts during the year.

65. The increase in the Veterinary is owing to a new Veterinary Dispensary being opened during the year.

66. The increases under heads 39 and 41 are due to purchases of Tapti Valley Railway Shares and loans during the year.

67. The increase under the head of special expenses is due to the more expenditure of such sort during the year owing to Raja Saheb's tour to Surat to visit Their Excellencies the Viceroy of India and Governor of Bombay and Diamond Jubilee celebrations in the State.

68. The causes of large increase and decrease in some items are apparent and call for no remarks whilst small fluctuations speak for themselves.

69. The receipts and expenditure on account of Tagavi advances are shown at the foot of the statement. Advances of grains are given from the Granary and do not appear in cash accounts.

CHAPTER VI.—Vital Statistics and Medical Services.

70. The following table shows the work of the Medical Department :—

Hospital.	Subject.	Year. 1895-96.	Year. 1896-97.	Results. Discharged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment	Expenses.
Ratan Kunverba Hospital.	Outdoor new patients ...	10,227	8,310					Rs. 4,276
	Do. old do. ...	23,860	19,398					
	Indoor patients	47	59					
	Total ...	34,134	27,767					
	Daily average	93·5	76·9					
	Number died	15	15					
	Major operations... ...	3	2					
	Minor Do.	229	253					
	Total ...	232	255					
Travelling Dispensary.	Outdoor new cases ...	1,339	559					
	Do. old do. ...	1,623	380					
	Total ...	2,962	939					
	Daily average	13·8	7					

71. The patients do not care to report the results, consequently to avoid misconception the results are not classified. Khan Saheb Hormasji Byramji Dastoor, L. M. & S., the Chief Medical Officer, worked as usual with energy and maintained popularity. The Travelling Dispensary worked satisfactorily.

72. All operations were successfully conducted by the Chief Medical Officer. The diseases prevalent during the year under report were malarial fevers, syphilitic and rheumatic affections, diseases of the eye, respiratory system, stomach, bowels and skin. Of these, worms, dysentery, hœmarolopia, skin diseases, malarial fevers and rheumatism were more common. No post mortem examination was made by the Medical Officer during the year. Cholera prevailed in the State from August to October during which 277 persons were attacked with cholera of whom 169 died. A great deal of attention is being paid towards the improvements of sanitary condition of Bansda Town as well as of the outlying villages. Fortunately no case of Bubonic Plague occured in the State which owes greatly to the strict imposition of Quarantine on the frontiers as well as excellent and creditable arrangements made by the State authorities to prevent its spread in the State.

73. Neither rinderpest nor any other cattle epidemic prevailed in the State during the year.

74. The Hospital was visited by the Raja Saheb, the Dewan and the Naib Dewan all of whom were satisfied with the work. The Old Hospital building being not spacious enough both for the residence quarters of the Medical Officer and Hospital work, a new Hospital building has been supplied by the State which is used for Hospital work only, the old one remaining as residence quarters of the Medical Officer. The building, compound and the instruments were kept clean, the records are punctually written and the stock of medicines is sufficient. There is an ample provision for water supply in Bansda town and its sanitation is good. New scientific instruments were supplied to the Hospital by the State during this year.

75. The daily average of patients as regards both the Ratan Kunverba Hospital and the travelling Dispensary is less this year owing to the plague mortalities outside the State having frightened the Kaliparaj of the State, their minds were impressed with a false idea that the Medical Departments are poisoning them. However by the excellent management and help of proper authorities of the State the matter is coming to its proper way as before.

76. A Veterinary Dispensary has been newly attached to the Paga stables of the State from October last. A graduate of the Veterinary College Bombay, who is employed by the State as a veterinary doctor treated a total number of 287 animals, performed 13 minor operations and 4 deliveries.

77. Births and deaths were registered by the village authorities with the following result:—

Item.	1895-96	1896-97	Increase.	Decrease.
Births... ...	738	725	...	13
Deaths ...	616	741	125	...

The ratio of births and deaths is nearly the same. Apathy of the illiterate Kaliparaj tribes for reporting births and deaths is the chief cause of incorrectness of the record. Every attempt is made to persuade them to give information of births and deaths. Scattered inhabitation in isolated hamlets also adds to the difficulty of obtaining correct records.

78. The vaccination work done during the year was as follows:—

Operation by whom performed.	Number of persons vaccinated in		Results.			
			Successful.		Unsuccessful.	
	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.
State Vaccinator ...	1,424	1,452	1,415	1,434	9	18

The total expense was Rs. 345 as compared with Rs. 354 in the previous year.

CHAPTER VII.—Instruction.

The following table shows statistics concerning education:—

No.	Description of Schools.	Number of pupils on the roll on 31st March.		Daily average attendance.	Standard up to which instruction is imparted.	Remarks.
1	Bansda Anglo-Vernacular...	31	32	26	V	
2	Do. Vernacular... ...	151	148	91	VI	
3	Wandervella	28	45	23	IV	
4	Chapuldhara	56	63	41	VI	
5	Bhinar	30	30	16	IV	
6	Moti Valzar...	24	23	16	IV	
7	Sindhai	51	54	39	V	
8	Charvi	29	30	22	V	
9	Andhatri	28	28	18	IV	
10	Kurelia	31	24	17	V	
11	Limzar	25	10	11	IV	
12	Upsal	27	22	15	III	
13	Waghabari	18	16	13	II	The Lakhavadi school has been substituted by that of Kathrot.
14	Kathrot	...	31	26	II	
,,	Lakhavadi	20	...	...	...	
15	The Girls' School	67	65	41	IV	
	Total ...	616	621	415	.....	

80. The number of schools was the same as that in the previous year. The number of pupils and their average attendance have increased during this year. The standards of instructions at Waghabari and Kathrot are low because the schools are new. The school at Lakhavadi has been closed and a new school has been opened at Kathrot during the year under report, which has proved to be a good substitution. Deserving teachers were promoted and new assistants were supplied to the schools where their need was felt. To give encouragement to the female education the Diamond Jubilee prize has been attached to the girls' school. There are no Indigenous, Municipal, Local Board or night schools. The education in the State is backward owing to the greater portion of its population being Kaliparaj tribes who show great reluctance in sending their children to schools.

81. The Third Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector who examined the schools reports as under:—

"*English School.*—I was satisfied with the classes I examined. Out of 32 boys presented under different standards 24 passed giving a percentage of 75. While last year 27 passed out of 31 presented giving a percentage 87. Although the percentage is less than that of the last year, the progress of the boys on the whole is good. The Head Master and his assistants have worked well during the year under report."

"*Taluka School.*—Out of 84 presented under different standards 68 passed giving a percentage of 74·7. The Head Master is a senior scholar of the Ahmedabad Training College. He seems to be a hard working young man, has a good knowledge of physical education. The progress of the boys of the school is excellent." × ×

"*Physical training.*—There is a spacious gymnasium attached to the school, wherein the boys of this school as well as those of the Anglo-Vernacular School are taught almost all sorts of exercises by the present Head Master. The performances made by the boys were excellent and pleased the Raja and all other officials of the State who witnessed them. The Raja in order to give encouragement distributed prizes to the successful winners. This shows that the Head Master pays proper attention to the physical education of the boys under him."

"*Girls' School.*—Looking to the proportion of the town there is a fair number of the girls attending the school. Out of 30 presented under different standards 25 passed giving a percentage of 83·3. The master appears to have worked hard. ×××. I am also glad to record that a provision has been made by the Raja to teach the girls native embroidery which is no doubt very useful to them after they leave the school. The encouragement received from the State is no doubt very liberal." "Out of the 12 schools established in different parts according to the wants of the people those at

Bhinar and Limzar showed a bad result while those at Kurelia, Chapuldhara and Kathrot showed a fair result and those at Wandervella, Waghabari, Moti-Valzar, Upsal, Andhatri, Charvi and Sindhai showed a good result. × The Lakhavadi school was abolished and a new school was opened at Kathrot during the year under report. × All these schools except Chapuldhara and Sindhai teach inferior standards. ×"

"*Buildings.*—Every school has a convenient, well ventilated building with quarters for masters to live in. All these buildings are repaired from time to time by the State."

"*Furniture.*—Every school has been supplied with sufficient furniture and necessary text books. Any want that is brought to the notice of the Raja is promptly supplied."

"In order to induce the aboriginal tribes that inhabited the District to send their children to school liberal encouragement is given by the Raja in the shape of books, clothes, writing materials, &c. Monthly scholarships are also given to improve the attendance."

"The Raja and the Naib Dewan were good enough to witness the examinations of 3 schools in Bansda. They were unable to come to other schools owing to some State business."

"Finally I am happy to state that I was much pleased to see the extreme good order and discipline of the children of the schools at the time of the prize distribution held at Bansda in December last. This order and good arrangement speak well for the teachers and the taught."

"In conclusion I beg to express my thanks to the Raja and his advisers for the encouragement of education and they may be congratulated on the success that has attended their efforts."

CHAPTER VIII.—Miscellaneous.

82. 4 wild animals *viz.*, 3 panthers and a zarak were destroyed during the year. A crocodile was also destroyed. The reward given for the destruction of these animals was Rs. 17. Out of the 3 panthers one was shot by the Agent to His Excellency the Governor at Surat. 9 deaths were caused by venomous snakes while none was caused by wild animals during the year.

83. There is no Telegraphic communication in the State. The wire at the Billimora Railway Station is taken advantage of when needed.

84. The Branch Post Office at Bansda works fairly.

85. Records have been properly indexed and shelved and kept up to date, the useless being destroyed up to the prescribed period.

86. There is no printing press in the State.

87. The expense of the Gulabsinghjee Library at Bansda was Rs. 297. It is allowed to be used by the Public gratis, but it is to be regretted that very few among the public avail themselves of the liberality of the State.

88. No Transit duty is levied. The License tax which was the only tax levied formerly has been abolished this year owing to the year being unfavourable.

89. A new Forest Naka was opened at Chondha on the frontier of Dharampore State to check smuggling of forest produce on that side. The other Nakas remain unchanged.

90. The agreements with the British Government were duly adhered to. The opium agreement was renewed during the year.

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK, L. C. E.,
Acting Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix I.

POLITICAL RELATIONS of NATIVE STATES.

Name of State.	Tribute in men or money.		Estimated population.	Schools.	Persons being taught.	Persons who have been vaccinated.	Prevailing diseases.	Supposed gross revenue.	Military Force.	Transit dues levied or not.	Principal articles of production, manufactures and mines.
	Amount.	To whom payable.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Bansda State ...	Rs. a. p. 153 8 0	British Government.	According to the Census of 1891, 41,373	15	621	1,452	Malarial fevers, Syphilitic and Rheumatic affections, worms, dysentry, Haemarolopia Skin and Eye diseases, &c.	Rs. a. p. 3,58,510 0 0	Nil.	Not.	Agricultural products:—Rice, Nagli, Gram, Jowar, Kodra, Pulses. Manufactures:—Bamboo-mats, fans and baskets. Road metal is found in quarries.

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK, L. C. E.,
Acting Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix II.

NATIVE CHIEFS, Principal male members of their families and principal members of their Courts, 1896-97.

No.	Name of Individual State, and Family to which he belongs.	Residence.	Present position.	Caste, race and religion.	Age.	How and where educated.	How employed.	Has Sanad authorizing adoption or not.	Family follows primogeniture or not.	Has male heirs or not	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Maharaul Shri Pratapsinghjee Gulabsinghjee, Bansda State, Wansadia family	Bansda Town.	Raja Saheb.	Solanki Rajput Hindu Shaiv.	33	By attending the Rajkumar College at Rajkot in Kathiawad.	Ruling his State.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	
2	Maharaul Shri Indrasinghjee Pratapsinghjee, Bansda State, Wansadia family	Do.	Patvi Kunwar Saheb (Heir apparent.)	Do.	9½						
3	Maharaul Shri Pravinsinghjee Pratapsinghjee, Bansda State Wansadia family	Do.	2nd Prince.	Do.	6½						
4	Maharaul Shri Natversinghjee Pratapsinghjee, Bansda State, Wansadia family	Do.	3rd Prince.	Do.	2¾						
5	Jhaverbhai Nathabhai. Amin family	Virsad Taluka Borsad in the Kaira District.	Dewan.	Leva Patidar, Leva race, Hindu Vishnav.	45	By attending the Ahmedabad High School. Has passed the examinations of Survey Department, 3rd and 2nd Class Magisterial and Lower and Higher Standards.	Controller of all the Departments in the State.				Resigned the State service from 15th December 1896.
6	Pranshanker Dayashanker, Pathak family	Bardoli in Surat District.	Naib Dewan.	Audich Sahasra Brahmin, Hindu Shaiv.	41	By attending the Poona Engineering College; has passed the L. C. E. Examination.	Head of the Revenue and P. W. Departments.				Holds the acting post of Dewan, and controls all the Departments in the State.
7	Hormasji Byramjee, Dastoor family	Town of Broach in the District of Broach.	Chief Medical Officer.	Parsi Zoroastrian.	39	By attending the Medical College; has passed the L. M. & S. examination.	Chief Medical Officer.				

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANRER PATHAK, L. C. E.,
Acting Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix III.

CIVIL DIVISIONS of TERRITORY, under Political Control, 1896-97.

Division.	Executive Division.	Number of executive sub-divisions.	Area in square miles.	Population.	Chief town with population.		Number of villages.	Number of Civil Judges.	Number of Stipendiary Magistrates.	Maximum distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Average distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Number of Police.	Total cost of officials and Police of all kinds.	State Revenue.		Remarks.
					Head-quarter Town.	Population.								Land.	Gross.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Surat Agency.	Bansda.	...	215	41,609	Bansda ...	3,003	87	1	3	16	$7\frac{1}{2}$	108	Rs. 11,989	Rs. 1,34,705	Rs. 3,58,510	

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK, L. C. E.,
Acting Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix IV.

POPULATION of BANSDA STATE, 1896-97.

Commissionership.	District.	Inhabited houses.	Population in 1897.						Classification of population of the general census of 1891.									Occupation.			Emigration or Immigration during the year.	Remarks.
			Men.	Women.	Children under 15 years.		Total.	Number per square mile.	Christians.			Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Parsees.	Buddhists and Jains.	Aboriginals.	Others.	Total male agriculturists including landlords, cultivators and agricultural labourers.	Total non-agricultural males	Prevailing languages.		
					Male.	Female.			Europeans.	East Indian or mixed races.	Natives.											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Northern Division.	Bansda.	7,382	21,582	20,027	Included in column 4.	Included in column 5.	41,609	192	...	...	...	40,311	888	137	37	...	...	21,200	289	Gujarati and Marathi.		

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK, L. C. E.,
Acting Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix V.

STATEMENT showing the Strength, Cost, and other particulars of the MILITARY FORCE in the BANSDA STATE, 1896-97.

Arm of service.	Total number of fighting officers and men.								Details of Force at the end of the year.						Total cost of pay and allowances of Officers, Non-commissioned Officers and men, including followers	Remarks.
	Remaining at the end of the year.	Recruited this year. (a)	Died.			Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c. (b)	Remaining at the end of the year.	Number of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of guns.	Number of men.					
			In action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-commissioned Officers.	Fighting men.		
Cavalry	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	There is no Military regular force, but there are 31 Sowars who serve as Police Sowars and escorts, &c. There is a party of 25 Arabs who serve as Palace and Treasury guards and are included in the Police.
Sappers	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Artillery	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Infantry	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK, L. C. E.,
Acting Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix VI.

STATEMENT showing the Strength, Cost, Discipline and Education of the POLICE of the BANSDA STATE, 1896-97.

Description of Officers.	Number.	Pay of the Grade.	Total Expenditure.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded or suspended departmentally.	Judicially punished.	By promotion.	By money rewards	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
			Rs. a. p.								
Chief Police Inspector	...	...		.....	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	
Inspector of Police	...	...		.....	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	Including 25 Arabs and a few other guards.
Chief Constable	1	45		.....	.....	.....	...	...	1	...	
Head Constables	1	37	11,989 0 0 Including accoutrements	.....	.....	.....	...	...	1	...	The abkari peons (18) are not inclnded in the statement. There are also 31 Sowars in the Paga who perform Police and other duties.
	1	30		.....	.....	.....	...	...	1	...	
	1	29		.....	.....	.....	1	...	1	...	
	1	28		.....	.....	.....	...	...	1	...	
	1	12		.....	.....	.....	...	...	1	...	
	2	11		.....	.....	.....	1	...	2	...	
Constables of different classes ...	4	10		.....	1	.....	...	...	4	...	
	3	9		.....	2	.....	1	...	3	...	
	11	8		.....	.....	.....	1	...	8	...	
	5	$7\frac{1}{2}$		.....	.....	.....	...	...	5	...	
	77	7 and under.		.....	24	2	3	...	15	2	
Total ...	108	.....	.....	...	27	2	7	...	43	2	

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK, L. C. E.,
Acting Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix VII.

STATEMENT showing the results of the working of the POLICE in the BANSDA STATE, during the year, 1896-97.

Name of State.	Number of offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage convicted of accused arrested. (Columns 3 and 4).		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.		Remarks.
	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
Bansda State	89	138	145	218	145	218	124	184	21	34	86	84	86	84	

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK, L. C. F.,
Acting Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix VIII.

STATEMENT showing the VALUE of PROPERTY stolen and amount of recoveries in BANSDA STATE, during the year 1896-97.

STATE.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	
Bansda	328	484	243	290	75	60	

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK, L. C. E.,
Acting Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix

STATEMENT showing the number of CRIMES COMMITTED, number during the year

Number.	Description of Crime or Offence.	Number of Crimes.			Number of cases disposed of during 1896-97.	Number of cases undisposed of during 1896-97.	Number of persons apprehended	Number of persons convicted.
		Balance on 31st July, 1896.	Committed during 1896-97.	Total.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Offences under Abkari Act	...	10	10	10	...	15	13
2	Not obeying a legal order to attend in a court	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
3	Giving false information to a public servant	...	2	2	2	...	3	2
4	Resistance to the taking of property by the lawful authority of a public servant...	...	1	1	1	...	2	...
5	Obstructing public servant in discharge of his public functions	...	2	2	2	...	2	1
6	Delivery to another of coin as genuine which when first possessed the deliverer did not know to be altered ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
7	Fraudulent use of false weight or measure	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
8	Attempt to commit suicide	...	4	4	4	...	4	4
9	Causing miscarriage	...	2	2	2	...	2	2
10	Voluntarily causing hurt	...	24	24	24	...	43	17
11	Do. do. by dangerous weapons or means...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
12	Do. do. on grave provocation	...	5	5	5	...	7	4
13	Do. grievous hurt on grave provocation ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
14	Use of criminal force on grave provocation	...	2	2	2	...	2	2
15	Rape	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
16	Unnatural offence	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
17	Theft	...	43	43	43	...	61	50
18	Theft in a building	...	33	33	33	...	52	49
19	Theft by servant	...	8	8	8	...	16	15
20	Theft, preparations having been made for causing hurt ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
21	Extortion by putting a person in fear of death or grievous hurt...	...	3	3	3	...	5	5
22	Voluntarily causing hurt to commit robbery	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
23	Dishonest misappropriation of moveable property	...	8	8	8	...	14	10
24	Criminal breach of trust by public servant	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
25	Dishonestly receiving stolen property	...	3	3	3	...	12	8
26	Assisting in concealing stolen property	...	2	2	2	...	2	2
27	Mischief	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
28	Mischief by fire to destroy a house	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
29	House trespass...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
30	Do. to commit an offence punishable with imprisonment	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
31	Lurking house trespass	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
32	Do. do. by night to commit an offence punishable with imprisonment ...	...	2	2	2	...	2	2
33	Adultery	...	2	2	2	...	2	...
34	Enticing married women	...	1	1	1	...	3	...
35	Defamation	...	2	2	2	...	3	2
36	Insult intended to provoke a breach of peace	...	16	16	16	...	19	10
37	Appearing in a public place in intoxication...	...	2	2	2	...	2	1
38	Offences under other Acts	...	3	3	3	...	13	13
	Total ...	...	195	195	195	...	301	224

IX.

of cases disposed of, and cases awaiting trial in the BANSDA STATE,

1896-97.

Number of persons Sentenced to							Number of persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons confined being insane.	Number of persons died, during or before trial.	Terms of Imprisonment.								Remarks.
Imprisonment.		Imprisonment and fine.		Fine only.	Whipping.	Total.				Under 1 month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.	
Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.																
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
...	...	...	...	13	...	13	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	2	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	3	...	1	...	4	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	16	...	17	26	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	4	...	4	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	17	...	8	23	1	50	11	...	...	22	1	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	1	43	...	4	49	3	...	...	23	4	3	11	4	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	15	...	...	15	1	...	...	13	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	4	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	3	6	...	10	4	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	5	...	...	3	...	8	4	...	...	2	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	2	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	10	...	10	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	13	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	28	6	77	107	5	224	77	...	...	73	8	8	17	5	1	...	...	...	

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK, L. C. E.,
Acting Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix X.

STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of OFFENCES reported and offences dealt with in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1896-97, ending July.

Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with.								Persons disposed of.						Remarks.
			Remaining at the end of last year.	Brought to trial, 1896-97.					Total.							Persons remaining at the end of the year.	
	1895-96.	1896-97.		Arrested by Police.	Upon warrant.	On Summons.	Voluntarily.	Arrested in the presence of a Magistrate.	1895-96.	1896-97.	Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
The Dewan's	68	31	...	24	...	7	...	9	96	40	4	7	29	...	...	...	
The Naib Dewan's	59	94	...	121	...	38	...	...	77	159	9	26	124	...	...	...	
The Head Karkun's	51	70	...	73	...	29	...	...	80	102	23	8	71	...	...	...	
Total ...	178	195	...	218	...	74	...	9	253	301	36	41	224	...	...	...	

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK, L. C. E.,
Acting Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XI.

STATEMENT showing the RESULTS of APPEALS against decisions passed by the CRIMINAL COURTS in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1896-97 ending July.

State.	Tribunals.	Number of applications.	Number of persons and cases.																												Remarks.
			Applications rejected.				Sentences. Confirmed.				Sentences. Modified.				Sentences. Reversed.				Proceedings quashed.				Referred.				Further enquiry, &c., ordered.				Pending.			
			Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.	
			1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
Bansda	The Raja Saheb ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	The Dewan	5	...	...	...	...	2	2	2	2	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	5	...	...	...	...	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK, L. C. E.,
Acting Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XII.

STATEMENT showing the number of persons convicted in the JAIL in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1896-97, ending with July.

Stations.	Number of prisoners.	Number of prisoners.				Daily average in Jail.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of Jail and prisoners.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in the Jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.						
				1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
									Rs. a. p.	
Bansda	123	16	107	83	123	15	15	18	527 0 0	2 died on account of Diarrhœa. 1 Do. Remittent fever. 2 Do. Cholera. 5

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK, L. C. E.,
Acting Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XIII.

CIVIL WORK–Nature and value of ORIGINAL SUITS filed and disposed of in the BANSDA STATE during the year 1896-97.

Number.	Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		Suits filed in 1896-97.									Suits disposed of in 1896-97.								Remarks.
												Value.	Nature of suits.								Nature.				Value.	Average duration.			
		1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.		Suits regarding lands and houses, &c.	Suits for money transactions.	Suits for other rights.	Number of suits under Rs. 100.	Number of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	Number of suits above Rs. 500 and under Rs. 1,000.	Number of suits above Rs. 1,000 and under Rs. 5,000.	Number of suits above Rs 5,000.	Exparte.	Admitted and compromised &c.	Struck off the file, &c.	Contested.		Years.	Months.	Days.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27			28
1	Dewan.	7	33	318	201	325	234	292	228	33	6	Rs. a. p. 7,942 0 0	13	57	131	191	7	1	2	...	...	38	33	157	Rs. a. p. 10,247 0 0	...	...	8	

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK, L. C. E.,
Acting Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XIV.

CIVIL WORK—RESULTS of APPLICATIONS for execution of decrees in the BANSDA STATE during the year 1896-97.

Number.	Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for 1896-97.	Application brought to the register.			Total.			Disposed of.			Closing balance.			Nature of application pending disposal at the close of 1896-97.			Remarks.
		1895-96.	1896-97.		1895-96.	1896-97.	Value for 1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	Total value for 1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	Value for 1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	Value of closing balance for 1896-97.	Below 6 months.	Above 6 months.	Above 12 months.	
1	2	3		4	5			6			7			8			9			10
				Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.				
1	Dewan...	114	95	2,366 0 0	155	128	2,176 0 0	269	223	4,542 0 0	174	107	1,064 0 0	95	116	3,478 0 0	39	34	43	

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK, L C. E.,

Acting Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XV.

REGISTRATION of DOCUMENTS.

Number.	Sub-Registry office.	Number of Documents presented.												Documents registered.		Value of Documents.		Documents refused to be registered.		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year.		Remarks.
		Documents presented for registration.		Mortgages.		Sale deeds.		Wills.		Money bonds.		Miscellaneous.										
		1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	1895-96.	1896-97.	
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12		13
1	Bansda	10	7	3	...	4	3	3	3	...	...	...	1	10	7	Rs. 3,833	Rs. 9,803	...	...	...	...	

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK, L. C. E.,

Acting Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XVI.

Agriculture.

STATEMENT showing AGRICULTURAL STOCK in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1896-97.

Number.	District.	Cattle and other Quadrupeds.									Ploughs.		Carts.		Remarks.
		Bullocks	Cows.	Buffaloes. Male.	Buffaloes. Female.	Horses.	Mares.	Colts and fillies.	Asses	Sheep and Goats.	With two Bullocks	With four Bullocks	Riding carts.	Carts used in carrying	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1	Bansda	15,662	12,990	1,301	2,223	85	28	6	...	8,202	6,010	20	260	1,184	

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK, L. C. E.,
Acting Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XVII.

INCOME.

No.	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1895-96.	A. D. 1896-97.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Land Revenue	1,31,521	1,34,705	3,184	.....
2	Forest	19,490	21,235	1,745	.....
3	Abkari Liquor	1,65,863	1,67,983	2,120	.....
4	Do. Toddy	6,341	7,601	1,260	.....
5	Do. Bhang, Ganja	115	290	175	.....
6	Judicial fees	368	14	.....	354
7	Magisterial fines	1,221	1,073	.....	148
8	Interest on loans, &c.	27	8,745	8,718	.....
9	Opium	205	235	30	.....
10	Giras	3,393	3,393	.....	.....
11	Tolls	2,298	1,715	.....	583
12	Ferries	6	34	28	.....
13	Rent of houses	1,212	1,238	26	.....
14	Rent of Estate outside the State.	217	.....	.....	217
15	Miscellaneous	8,634	5,281	.....	3,353
16	Registration of documents ...	27	108	81	.....
17	School fees...	184	208	24	.....
18	Garden produce	14	73	59	.....
19	Jail...	405	344	.....	61
20	Cattle Pounds	158	130	.....	28
21	Sale of houses, &c.	665	.....	.....	665
22	Rewards and Chandla	7,391	2,487	.....	4,904
23	Stamp sales	2,973	1,618	.....	1,355
	Carried forward ...	3,52,728			

EXPENDITURE.

No.	Heads of Expenditure.	Fasli A. D. 1895-96.	Fasli A. D. 1896-97.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Medical	4,573	4,276	.....	297
2	Forest	3,419	4,652	1,233	.....
3	Abkari	49,269	34,759	.....	14,510
4	Vaccination	354	345	.....	9
5	Library	135	297	162	.....
6	Police and other guards	13,664	11,989	.....	1,675
7	Paga and Stables	30,237	25,955	.....	4,282
8	Cattle Pounds	22	26	4	.....
9	Jail...	686	527	.....	159
10	Cash allowance and temple servants...	13,134	12,767	.....	367
11	Ferries	129	455	326	.....
12	Tolls	537	522	.....	15
13	Public Works	45,916	51,735	5,819	.....
14	Dewan-Kacheri	6,620	4,562	.....	2,058
15	Naib-Dewan's Office	7,647	7,563	.....	84
16	Collecting Establishment... ...	8,936	8,977	41	.....
17	Education	4,337	4,216	.....	121
18	Garden charges	1,953	2,072	119	.....
19	Municipality	3,024	2,660	.....	364
20	Contingent charges	1,300	1,047	.....	253
21	Printing charges	531	216	.....	315
22	Deficit in granary, &c.	96	62	.....	34
23	Remissions...	256	169	.....	87
24	Income tax on interest of loans ...	12	239	227	.....
25	Miscellaneous	5,430	4,686	.....	744
26	Rewards for destruction of wild animals	40	17	.....	23
27	Carriage hire and Bhathas ...	3,355	3,190	.....	165
28	Purchase of Jewels for Raja Saheb, &c.	35,987	20,827	.....	15,160
29	Rewards and Chandla	3,023	3,324	301	.....
30	Dewasthan Dharmada	1,842	2,365	523	.....
31	Festivals	2,539	1,326	.....	1,213
32	Palace Establishment	9,109	8,661	.....	448
33	Pocket expenses of Raja Saheb and Rani Sahebs	18,088	18,075	.....	13
	Carried forward ...	2,76,200	2,42,559	8,755	42,396

No.	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1895-96.	189[illegible]	[illegible]	6	No.	[illegible]DITURE.	Fasli. A. D. 1895-96.	Fasli. A. D. 1896-97.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	[illegible]	6	1	2	3	4	5	6
	Brought forward ...	3,52,728	3,58,510	17,450	11,668		Brought forward ...	2,76,200	2,42,559	8,755	42,396
						34	Purchase of clothing for Raja Saheb &c. ...	4,194	2,046	.....	2,148
						35	Do. Furniture	2,960	1,420	.....	1,540
						36	Kitchen	5,565	6,033	468	.....
						37	Guests &c.	2,175	2,196	21	.....
						38	Houses & land purchased in Billimora.	371	2,636	2,265	.....
						39	Purchase of Shares of the Tapti Valley Railway Company ...	500	5,802	5,302	.....
						40	Veterinary	.....	1,087	1,087	.....
						41	Purchase of Loans	.....	41,145	41,145	.....
						42	Special expenses :—				
							(1) Padanam ceremony of the Patvi Kunver Shri Indrasingji and Kumar Shri Pravinsingji.	32,870	7	.....	32,863
							(2) Raja Saheb's tour to Surat to see Their Excellencies the Viceroy of India and the Governor of Bombay ...	.....	8,655	8,655	.....
							(3) Celebration of Diamond Jubilee.	.....	26,058	26,058	.....
							(4) On account of the death of Bhani Ba Shri Prabhat Kunver Baiji Saheb	.....	3,933	3,933	.....
							(5) Patvi Kunver Saheb Shri Indrasingji's tour to Nandod and Mandva	.....	2,411	2,411	.....
							(6) Raja Saheb's tour to Dharampore to see his sister Shri Gynankunver Baiji Saheb of Palitana	.....	793	793	.....
							(7) Inscription on the cistern constructed in the City of Surat.	.....	20	20	.....
	Total ...	3,52,728	3,58,510	17,450	11,668		Total ...	3,24,835	3,46,801	1,00,913	78,947
	Tagavi	16,958	30,466	13,508	.....		Tagavi	39,783	20,732	.....	19,051

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK, L. C. E.,
Acting Dewan, Bansda State.

No. 719 OF 1898.

FROM

J. McNEILL, ESQUIRE, I. C. S.,
Agent to H. E. the Governor at Surat

To

H. F. SILCOCK, ESQUIRE, I. C. S.,
Commissioner, Northern Division.

Surat, 22nd September 1898.

SIR,

I have the honour to forward herewith the Administration Report of the Bánsda State for the year 1897-98, and to make the following remarks.

2. The report resembles its predecessor in its formality and general vagueness.

3. The cultivated area slightly increased owing to the timely, though light, rainfall. Forest conservancy seems to have received no more attention than in previous years. The paragraph dealing with the subject is more lengthy than usual, but the old phrases are repeated word for word and the new matter is trivial.

4. The departments of Law and Justice, Police and Education were efficiently administered. Though the fact is not noticed in the body of the report, the total Police force was increased apparently by the addition of two Arabs or other guards, the additional cost being more than counterbalanced by reducing the pay of the Police engaged in the prevention and detection of crime.

5. Notwithstanding that the Commissioner, Northern Division, commented unfavorably on the inadequate outlay on communications in the previous year, the expenditure during the year under report was insignificant. The total sum spent on public works was reduced by one-third, the reasons assigned in para. 64 being obviously irrelevant. The total income of the State fell by only a quarter of a lákh of rupees, while the outlay showed a decrease of half a lákh. Moreover large sums were invested in interest bearing loans or were expended on jewellery. Considering the Diván's training and qualifications, the improvement of the very defective system of roads in the State ought to be easily accomplished.

The amount granted as Tagái loans was also reduced. Fuller particulars about these advances might well be afforded. From the report it would appear that the State Treasury is partly an agricultural bank. No mention is made of the purposes for which the loans are granted or the manner in which they are applied.

6. The Rája has happily recovered from the temporary indisposition which occasioned Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel Hatch's recent visit, and it is hoped that his recovery will be followed by the removal of the defects in the administration of the State which have been repeatedly brought to the notice of Government.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

J. McNEILL,

Agent to H. E. the Governor at Surat.

ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

BANSDA STATE

For the year 1897-98.

SURAT:

PRINTED AT THE MISSION PRESS.

1898.

ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

BANSDA STATE

For the year 1897-98.

SURAT:
PRINTED AT THE MISSION PRESS.

1898.

ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE BANSDA STATE

FOR THE YEAR 1897-98.

CHAPTER I.—Political.

The relations of the State with the British Government and other neighbouring Native States, continue to be cordial and friendly.

2. Bansda is a tributary State, paying an annual tribute of Rs. 153-8-0 to the British Government. It comprises an area of 215 square miles, and its population amounts to 41,373 souls. The ruling Chief, Maharaul Shri Pratapsingji Gulabsingji, Raja Saheb, is a Solanki Rajpoot—a scion of the ancient Chalukya or Solanki race. The Raja Saheb has three princes, *viz*; Kumar Shri Indrasingji, the Heir-apparent, Kumar Shri Pravinsingji, and Kumar Shri Natwarsingji. The Heir-apparent has completed his tenth year, and his study is being carried on, under the tutorship of an undergraduate of the Bombay University, who has been employed for the purpose. His intelligence and remarkably good memory are standing him in good stead, and the progress he has already made is satisfactory. Kumar Shri Pravinsingji has completed his seventh year, and is receiving his training under the supervision of the above-said tutor. Kumar Shri Natwarsingji is only three years of age, and has not begun his study.

3. The year under report is marked by the continued illness of the Raja Saheb, and his family. As the Chief Medical Officer desired to consult Doctor Hatch, Principal of the Grant Medical College Bombay, he was invited to Bansda, through the Agent to His Excellency the Governor at Surat. Doctor Hatch stayed at Bansda for two days.

4. The most mournful event of the year under report, in the Raja Saheb's family, was the sad and lamentable demise of Akhand Shobhagyawanta, Ali Rajpoorwala, Rathoda Shri Himat Kuverba Saheb, the second Raniji Saheb of the Raja Saheb, which event occurred at a premature age of 29, on 22nd November 1897. The Raniji Saheb was a Kunvri of Mahrana Shri Rupdevji, Raja Saheb of Ali Rajpoor State in Bhopal Agency, of the renowned race of Rathods of the Jodhpur branch. She was married to the Raja Saheb in the year 1886, and the union proved very auspicious, as she gave birth to Kumar Shri Indrasingji—the Heir-apparent, in the year 1888. She was good and virtuous and was endowed with pre-eminent and rare qualities befitting a Rajpoot lady of rank. Owing to these eminent qualities the Raja Saheb was much attached to her, and her death was keenly felt by

him. In his sad bereavments, he had the sympathies of his friends, relations and his ryots. Even His Excellency the Governor of Bombay, through the Agent to H. E. the Governor at Surat, was kind enough to give vent to his sympathetic feelings through a letter of condolence to the Raja Saheb. The loss to the Heir-apparent is also irreparable as he has the great misfortune in losing his mother in his infancy.

5. The year under report being one of mourning to the Raja Saheb, he was unable to stir out in the State in the early part of the year, but as usual he travelled through several villages of the State in the latter part, and examined several schools, and made Rajoowats of ryots' receipt books. He also enquired into the condition and wants of the people, and inspected the work carried out by the Public Works Department. He was present at the Jamabandi of all the villages

6. Mr. R. A. L. Moore, the late Agent to His Excellency the Governor at Surat, visited the State in April last. He encamped at Anklaj, one of the State villages. He stayed at Anklaj for five days, during which the Raja Saheb went there and paid him a visit.

Changes in the Administration.

7. Khan Saheb Hormusji Beheramji Dastoor, L. M. & S., the Chief Medical Officer, having resigned, Rao Saheb Umedram Lalbhai Desai, M. D., B. S., &c., has been appointed to fill up the vacancy.

8. With a view to separate the Executive and Judicial branches of the administration, a separate court of Justice has been instituted, during the year under report. The court is presided over by a Nyayadhish, who is a B.A., L.L.B. of the Local University, and has been invested with the powers of a First Class Magistrate as regards criminal jurisdiction. He is also invested with the special powers to hold inquests and summary trials. As regards civil jurisdiction, he is empowered to hear all original civil suits up to the value of Rs. 5,000. Appeal against his decisions in both the criminal and civil matters is heard by the Dewan's Court.

CHAPTER II.—Administration of Land.

9. All State lands have been surveyed, systematically classified, and assessed. The rates of assessment have turned out to be suitable and popular, as since their introduction, the area of cultivated land has increased, and the revenue is collected without having recourse to harsh measures. The total area of culturable assessed land is 69,911 acres, of which 44,694 acres were actually under cultivation during the year.

10. The following table gives details of the culturable assessed lands in acres :—

Extent of cultivable area for		Taken up in		Waste remaining at the end of the year.		Percentage of cultivable land lying waste in	
1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98	1896-97.	1897-98	1896-97	1897-98.
69,911	69,911	—517	396	25,613	25,217	37	36

11. There being plenty of rain in the latter portion of the monsoons, more lands were cultivated for rabi crops, and so there is a decrease of 396 acres in the waste lands, during the year.

12. No special tenures exist in the State, but in order to encourage cultivation, waste lands are leased by special agreements to new settlers from outside, as well as to the cultivators of the State. Every possible effort is made to induce outside people, to settle in the State, and it is hoped that in future the scheme will turn out successful.

13. The revenue accounts are prepared by Talatis, on the model of Hope's Manual. They are punctually written and regularly checked by the Naib-Dewan who is the head of the Revenue Department. For the inspection purposes, the villages of the State are divided into four groups, each group is assigned to a General Duty Kamdar, who reports to the Naib Dewan unauthorised cultivations and the conditions of the boundary marks.

14. All disputes with the neighbouring States regarding their boundaries were settled at the time of the survey of the State, but after that time the Baroda authorities of Vyara Taluka have given rise to fresh disputes on the frontier, by closing a water-course and a road, and making encroachments on the Bansda State lands at Unai, for which correspondence is going on since the year 1894, but no decision has been arrived at. This year it was proposed to settle the disputes amiçably, by an interview between the

Suba of Nowsari and the Dewan of the Bansda State, but the Suba was not able to come to Unai during the dry season and so the disputes remain still pending. It would be better in the interests of the State, if the disputes are settled sooner, as the Bansda people are the real sufferers in these disputes.

15. Ward's estates under the State management :—None.

CHAPTER III.—Protection.

(a) Legislation.

16. There has been no change in the legislation of the State, except that the State has recently expressed its willingness, to the Agent to His Excellency the Governor at Surat, to adopt the rules regarding the import and transport of explosives in the State, with certain modifications.

(b) Military.

17. Regular military force is not maintained by the State, but sufficient foot and mounted Police are kept for the protection of the ryots and other miscellaneous purposes.

(c) District Police.

18. The Police of this State is under the supervision of a Fouzdar, who has under him 7 Head Constables, and 102 Constables of different classes. The work performed by them during the year under review was satisfactory. The State is generally free from the raids and dacoities. 110 offences were reported to the Police during the year under report. The offences implicated 168 persons, all of whom were committed to the Magistrate for trial. Out of 168 persons, 161 were convicted giving a percentage of 96.

19. *Abkari Police* :—Five offences under the Abkari Act were detected by the Abkari Police during the year under report. The offences implicated 6 persons, all of whom were convicted. The number of Abkari offences is being decreased every year owing to the good management of the Abkari Department. The Abkari Inspector is the head of the Abkari Police, and to assist him, a Sub-Abkari Inspector has been recently appointed this year. The total number of Abkari Police is 18. Their number is not included in the District Police.

20. *Stolen Property* :—Property of the value of Rs. 371 was stolen during the year as compared with that of Rs. 484 in the preceding year. The value of property recovered during the year was Rs. 177 *i. e.* 47 per cent. The average value of property stolen in each case was nearly Rs. 5.

21. *Village Police* :—Most of the Patels are Kaliparaj and illiterate. None of the Police Patels is invested with the powers under the Act. The strength of the establishment remained steady during the year, and its conduct was good.

22. 29 inquests were held during the year under report, in which the following verdicts were recorded.

10 Snake-bites.
4 Falls from trees.
2 Suicides.
5 Drowning.
8 Miscellaneous.

23. *Criminal Justice*:—During the year under report, there were 4 criminal and 2 appellate courts for the administration of criminal justice. Their names and working are detailed in Appendices X and XI respectively. The total number of offences was 179 as compared with 195, during the preceding year. The percentage of conviction and release to the number of accused tried is 77 and 23 per cent respectively. More particulars will be found in Appendices IX and X.

24. Two criminal appeals were heard by the Raja Saheb's Hazur Court against the decisions of the Dewan's Court, during the year under report. In both the appeals, the decision of the Dewan's Court was upheld. Against the decisions of the lower courts, 5 appeals were made to the Dewan's Court, in which, in 1 case the application was rejected, in 1 case the decision of the lower Court was upheld, in 1 case the conviction was upheld but the sentence was modified, while in the remaining 2 cases, sentences and convictions were reversed.

25. *Extradition*:—4 prisoners were surrendered by the Baroda State to this State under the Extradition Act, during the year under report. All of whom were convicted. Three demands for the surrender of prisoners of the Bansda State, on the Baroda State remained pending at the close of the year.

26. *Prisons*:—The total number of convicts admitted into the Bansda Jail was 137, including 18 remaining from last year, against 123 confined in the previous year. Of these, 89 were discharged at the expiration of the terms of imprisonment, 1 died in the Jail, 39 were discharged at the time of the lamentable death of Akhand Shobhagyawanta Ali Rajpoorwala Rathoda Rani Saheb Shri Himat Kuverba Saheb, to secure blessings for the departed soul of the deceased Rani Saheb; and the remaining 8 remained in the Jail at the close of the year.

27. The daily average of convicts was 19 against 15 in the preceding year.

28. The Jail building is a suitable and commodious one, with ample light and free ventilation, and with good sanitary arrangements. The

Chief Medical Officer of the State, Dr. U. L. Desai, M. D., B. S, is the superintendent of the Jail, and he looks after the health and sanitary comforts of the prisoners. The health, general conduct and discipline of the prisoners were good during the year.

29. As usual the Jail was frequently visited by the Raja Saheb and the officers of the State. Among the distinguished visitors this year was Surgeon Lieutenant-Colonel Doctor W. K. Hatch, Principal of the Grant Medical College of Bombay, who at the time of his visit to the Jail made the following entry in the visit book—

" The Jail looks bright and cheery in comparison with most, and the inside appeared clean and well looked after."

30. *Lock up* :—There is no separate building for keeping under-trial prisoners, but one of the Jail rooms is specially reserved for the purpose, where they are locked up during their trial, which does not exceed more than a few days.

Civil Jail.

31. One of the Jail rooms is utilised, when necessary, for keeping civil prisoners, who are not allowed to mix with the criminal convicts. No person was confined for satisfaction of a civil decree during the year.

Civil Justice.

32. There are three Civil Courts in the State, *viz*; the Huzur Court, the Dewan's Court, and the Nyayadhish Court. The Nyayadhish Court is authorised to hear original suits up to the value of Rs. 5,000, of all sorts. The Dewan's Court hears appeals against the decision of the Nyayadhish Court and is authorised to hear original suits of all sorts above the value of Rs. 5,000. The Huzur Court is presided over by the Raja Saheb in person, and is the only appellate court which hears appeals against the decisions of the Dewan's court.

33. During the year of report, the civil courts decided 119 original suits of the value of Rs. 6,029, 8 suits of the value of Rs. 8,392 remained undecided at the close of the year. Appendix No. XIII will give the detailed view of the working of the civil courts.

34. *Decrees* :—Appendix No. XIV gives details of applications for the execution of decrees. There were 116 decrees in balance at the beginning of the year, and 74 were newly filed, during the same. Of these, 60 decrees were disposed of during the year, the rest of decrees being satisfied by instalments, as the ryots are generally Kaliparaj and poor.

35. There was no miscellaneous application for heir-ship, administration or the like.

36. *Civil Appeals*:—Only one appeal was received by the Raja Saheb's Huzur Court during the year. It has been disposed of with the following result.

Name of Court.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year.		Total.		Disposed of during		Closing balance.		Value of appeals filed during the year.		How Disposed of.						Average duration.					
													Decisions confirmed.		Decisions reversed.		Decisions amended.		Cases remanded for retrial.		Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of.		Year.	Months.	Days.	Year.	Months.	Days.
	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.			1897-98.		
The Raja Saheb's Huzur	...	...	1	1	1	1	1	1	...	...	53	32	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	8	...	3	21

37. No appeal was made to the Dewan's court against the decisions of the Nyayadhish court.

38. The Mamlatdar's Court Act regarding temporary possession cases is not in force.

39. Registration work done during the year is detailed as under :—

Description.	1896-97.			1897-98.			Remarks.
	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realized.	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realized.	
		Rs.	Rs. a. p.		Rs.	Rs. a. p.	
Mortgage	...	.....	.....	...	.....	.....	
Sale	3	1,192	12 4 0	...	.....	.....	
Will	3	8,111	85 12 0	1	457	4 12 0	
Miscellaneous ...	1	500	10 0 0	...	.....	.....	
Total ...	7	9,803	108 0 0	1	457	4 12 0	
Expenditure ...	Debited to the Dewan's office by which the work is done.						
Net profit	...	.....	108 0 0	...	.....	4 12 0	

Only one document relating to Will of the value of Rs. 457 was registered during the year under report. The general poverty of the ryots limits the number of money-transactions and consequently the number of documents registered is very small.

Municipal Administration.

40. There is a Municipality in the Bansda town, the population of which is 3,000 souls. There is no other Municipality in the State except the one mentioned above. The Municipality is maintained by the State, and no direct or indirect taxes are levied. The roads of the town are daily cleansed, lighted, and properly watered, during the dry season. This Department is placed under the direct control of the Chief Medical Officer, who is also the Sanitary Commissioner of the town. He keeps strict and vigilant watch over the sanitary conditions of the people. The sanitary condition and general health of the people were good during the year under report, no epidemic having occurred. A fire-brigade and three fire extinguishing machines are kept by the State. One of the fire-extinguishing machines was purchased from England this year. The roads are duly repaired and kept in proper order. No fire took place in the town during the year.

CHAPTER IV.—Protection and Distribution.

(a) Agriculture.

41. Most of the cultivators of the State are Kaliparaj, *viz.* Dhodias, Kunknas, Bhils, Koolies, &c. They are generally poor and are very backward in the art of cultivation. The northern and western portions of the State are generally inhabited by Dhodias, who are a little advanced in the art of tillage, and are in better condition than the Kunknas and Warlis who generally inhabit the southern and eastern portions. The dialect of the Dhodias is a corrupt form of Gujarati, and that of the Kunknas, a mixture of Gujarati and Marathi. Recently by the efforts of the State the Dhodia population have come to know the real use of manure, but the remaining Kaliparaj classes are still ignorant of its advantages. They burn Adar in their fields to prepare the soil for sowing. Many of the Kaliparaj cultivators are indigent, and do not possess proper means of husbandry, consequently the State advances them loans for buying live-stock and implements. Ujalat cultivators, such as Kunbis, Rajpoots, Boras, &c. are only found in the villages of Kathrot, Chapaldra, Vandervela, Sindhai and Andhatri. They are making good progress in cultivation, and produce sugar-canes and cotton. Grains for seeds and maintenance are also advanced to cultivators who are in need of them. Implements of husbandry of improved native make and Madras ploughs, and a machine of foreign make for pressing sugar-canes have been kept by the State for show, which are supplied gratis to the State ryots.

English vegetables and grafts of fruits and flower trees are grown in the State gardens in order to give an idea to the people of the State how they are grown. Wheat and cotton were grown over areas of 22 and 324 acres respectively during the year under report.

42. The Diamond Jubilee Agricultural Show was held in Bansda town from 27th February 1898 to 5th March 1898. Though in its infancy it was well-attended by the cultivators and many agricultural products were exhibited. Horses, cattle and land-furrowing implements were also brought for show, and on the whole the show proved successful. The competition was also worth noticing. A Committee presided over by the Dewan settled the prizes. A meeting was held on 5th March 1898, to distribute prizes to the successful winners, and was presided over by Patvi Kumar Shri Indrasingji. It is hoped that the scheme in future will greatly assist the zeal of the State to improve cultivation. The sowing of Egyptian Cotton in the State has proved a total failure owing to the soil being not agreeable to its growth.

43. The system of Tagavi advances is introduced in the State, with a view to save its poor ryots from the exorbitant rate of interest which the Banias generally exact from them, and it has the desired effects. During the year under report Tagavi amounting to Rs. 16,596 in cash were advanced to the ryots for agricultural purposes. The rate of interest is $4\frac{7}{8}$ p. c. per annum, and in a few cases it was advanced free of interest. The following table will show the quantity of grain advanced to the ryots for seed, &c :—

Rice.	Juwar.	Nagli.	Kodra.	Total.
2,893	43	2,465	999	6,400

44. *Stallions* :—To improve the breed of cattle, the State maintains stallion horses, a bull and a he-buffalo. Out of the 13 mares which were covered during last year, 2 bred giving 2 fillies. 12 mares are covered during the year. The State also supplies the bulls and he-buffaloes to villages

which are in need of them. 2 mares from the State villages were also covered during the year under report.

45. *Weather* :—Owing to the heavy rain-fall and jungles, the climate is ge nerally malarious during the winter season, much more in the western and southern parts of the State which are generally hilly and covered with thick jungles. The people residing in these parts are generally more pale than the rest of the population.

The minimum temperature was 60° on 18th December, 1897, and the maximum was 106° on 14th April, 1898. The average daily temperature was 82°.

46. *Rains* :—The monsoon commenced this year on the 11th June and ended on the 10th October. Though it was very scanty in the beginning it rained plentifully towards its close, and thus it proved very beneficial to the crops. The total rain-fall registered during the year is 63 inches and 50 cents against 100 inches in the preceding year. The rain-gauge is in a good condition and gives accurate rain-falls which are recorded in the Ratan Kuverba Hospital, by the Chief Medical Officer. The following comparative statement shows the rain-falls during the last three years.

Years.	1895.	1896.	1897
Rain (inches)	73	100	63

47. *Crops* :—There being good rains in the latter part of the monsoon both the Kharif and Rabi crops thrived very much and yielded good harvest to the people. Rice, Nagli and Jowari are the principal products of the State, the superfluity of which is exported to other places outside the State. Tuver, Val and Urid are principals among the pulses produced in the State,

48. Wages and labour did not fluctuate during the year. The prices of grains were normal during the year.

49. *Forest*:—The forest establishment consists of an Inspector, a ranger, and 14 guards. Their duty is to look after the forests, and to detect forest offences. The whole of the area under forest has been defined and surveyed. The system of conservancy is an imitation of the one prevailing in the British territories. The principal reserved trees are as follows:—

1 Teak.	13 Kosam.
2 Sâddo.	14 Mahudo.
3 Haladven.	15 Saras.
4 Kher.	16 Vanjri.
5 Kanti.	17 Kalam.
6 Sisam.	18 Kirai.
7 Bamboos.	19 Asan.
8 Mowrah.	20 Ambo.
9 Tanach.	21 Limbdo.
10 Bio.	22 Rayen.
11 Siwan.	23 Ambli.
12 Timbri.	24 Babul trees.

The forests are divided into two parts, reserved and unreserved. Grazing and cutting of trees for fuel are allowed in unreserved parts. Unreserved trees also called Rajalu trees, are allowed to be cut gratis for the fuel and constructions of cottages, &c. of the State people. The Mowrah and teak-wood plantations are in good condition. The area of new plantations is increased every year. Old stumps of teak-wood were cut down by the Forest Department, to allow a speedy and valuable growth during the year. The forests are managed in such a way as not to cause inconvenience or harm to the poor ryots in their domestic wants. In addition to the unreserved wood, timber of the value of Rs. 1,275 was given gratis to the ryots for the use of dwelling houses and agricultural purposes. Fire is strictly prohibited in the forest and villagers are warned to be cautious not to kindle the forest by neglect when they burn Adar.

50. *Trade and Manufacture*:—There is no important trade or manufacture in the State. The chief product of export are grains of different sorts, mowrah seeds and hides. Mowrah flowers are generally consumed by the Local Distillery and they are not exported.

51. There is no mill or factory in the State. Bamboo baskets, fans and winnowing instruments and mats of bamboos as well as of Toddy tree leaves are made by the poor. Oil is pressed out of Mowrah seeds by wooden presses of country make.

Fairs.

52. Weekly fairs called Hatwaras are held on different days in every week in the various villages of the State. The most worth noticing fair is

that of Unai Jatra, which is held on full moon day of Chaitra of every year, and lasts for a week. Like the preceding year, the Unai Jatra was prohibited during this year too owing to the prevalence of plague in several parts of the Bombay Presidency.

Public Works.

53. All works of public utility are carried on at the State expense, as Local fund cess is not levied. The following table gives details of the works executed by the Public Works Department during the year :—

Works.	State Fund.	Local Fund.	Remarks.
Repairs.			
Tanks and Wells.	131		
Roads and Road-side trees	3,259		
Palace	953		
Schools	216		
Dharamshala and Temples	205		
Ootaras	1,238		
Stables	289		
Library	81		
Jail	104		
Cattle pounds...	124		
Servants' Quarters	2,994		
Post office	23		
	9,617		
New Works.			
Tanks and Wells	1,100		
Establishment	2,241		
Tools and plants	51		
Temples and Dharamshala	1,376		
Work houses for Engineering Department	13		
Veterinary Hospital	221		
Servants' Quarters	2,550		
Stables	2,669		
Addition to the Palace...	9,765		
Municipal store	538		
Guest house	2,488		
Police Gate	640		
Gymnasium	209		
Record Office...	316		
Distillery	393		
	24,570		
Total	34,187		

Out of the 5 wells constructed during the year, 1 was constructed at Kathrot, 1 at Chapaldhra, 1 at Sindhai, and 2 at Bansda. For the convenience of pilgrims coming from Nasik, a new Dharamshala has been

built in the eastern limit of the Bansda town. Except these, stables, and a small guest-house were the principal new works carried out during the year. As usual the old buildings were properly repaired. Roads and fences of road-side trees were repaired and kept in good order.

CHAPTER V.—*Revenue and Finance.*

54. Appendix XVII shows the income and expenditure of the State under different heads. The causes of principal increases and decreases are as follows:—

Income.

55. The decrease in the Land Revenue is due to corn being sold at cheaper rates, which did not fetch good prices to the cultivators, and so more revenue remained in arrears at the close of the year, than the preceding one.

56. The decrease in the forest revenue is due to the raging of Plague in several parts of the Surat District, owing to which there was less demand for wood during the year.

57. The decrease in the Abkari revenue is owing to less consumption of liquor and toddy during the year.

58. The increase in the interests is due to new loans being purchased during the year.

59. The increase in the sale of Stamps is due to the sale of Stamps of greater value during the year.

60. The increase in miscellaneous rewards &c. is due to the death ceremonies of Akhand Shobhagyawanta Rathoda Shri Himat Kuverba Saheb, the second Raniji Saheb of the Raja Saheb.

Expenditure.

61. The decrease under the head of Forest is due to there being less departmental cutting of forest during the year, than the preceding one; while increase under the head of Abkari is due to high prices of Mowrah flowers during the year.

62. The decrease under the head of Police is owing to there being no supply of new dresses during the year.

63. The decrease under the head of Paga is due to there being less number of horses in the paga, owing to nearly a score of them having died of Anthrax.

64. Owing to an unexpected expenditure of performing the Rathoda Rani Saheb's death ceremonies, and the revenue of the State being less this year, less expenditure was made on Public Works.

65. The increase under the heads No. 28 and 34 are owing to more expenses of such sorts, and the decrease under the heads No. 31 and 35 are owing to less expenditure of such sorts.

66. The increase in the Veterinary is owing to greater stock of medicines being purchased for the dispensary during the year.

67. The decrease under the head 41 is due to the purchase of loans of less value during the year than the preceding one.

68. The decrease under the heads of special expenses during the year is due to there being less expenses of such kinds.

69. The causes of large increase and decrease in some items are apparent and call for no remarks.

70. The receipts and expenditure on account of Tagavi advances are shown at the foot of the statement. Advances of grain are also given from the granary and do not appear in cash account.

CHAPTER VI.—Vital statistics and Medical services.

71. The following table will show the work done by the Medical Department during the year under report :—

Hospital.	Subject.	Year.		Results.				Expenses.
		1896-97.	1897-98.	Discharged.	Absented.	Died.	Remaining under treatment	
Ratan Kunverba Hospital.	Outdoor new patients ...	8,310	8,852					Rs. 4,682
	Do. old do. ...	19,398	22,898					
	Indoor patients	59	66					
	Total ...	27,767	32,896					
	Daily average	76·07	89·9					
	Number died	15	15					
	Major operations... ...	2	5					
	Minor Do.	253	240					
	Total ...	255	245					
Travelling Dispensary.	Outdoor new cases ...	559	669					
	Do. old do. ...	380	623					
	Total ...	939	1,292					
	Daily average	7	5·98					

72. As no available information enabling to classify the results, can be obtained from the patients, their results are not classified. Khan Saheb Hormuji Beheramji Dastoor, L. M. & S., having resigned his post, Rao Saheb Umedram Lalbhai Desai, M. D; B. S., has been appointed to succeed him. Rao Saheb Umedram carried out his studies in England and possesses medical diplomas of various universities. He is very energetic and popular. It is a blessing to the people that the services of such an able medical man have been secured by the State.

73. During the year under report, the total number of outdoor and indoor patients treated in the Ratan Kuverba Hospital was 8,852 and 66 respectively, which shows an increase of 542 in the former and 7 in the latter. 5 major and 240 minor operations were performed by the Chief Medical Officer during the year. They were all successfully performed. The diseases prevailing this year were malarial fevers, beri-beri, rheumatic affections, opthalmia, diseases of the middle and external ear, phthisis, bronchitis, alcoholic neuritis, cirrhosis of the liver and spleen, acute and chronic diarrhœa, worms and skin affections. There was an epidemic of influenza in Bansda, during the months of May and June, but not a single case proved fatal. Five postmortems were held by the Chief Medical Officer during the year. Great care is taken to improve the Sanitary condition of the Bansda town itself as well as that of the outlying villages.

74. The most significant feature worth noticing is the entire absence of Plague in the Bansda territories. Even though Bansda had communications with Bulsar, Surat, Billimora, Chikhli, Gandevi and other infected places of the Surat District, not a single case occurred in the State. The strict quarantine and preventive measures adopted by the State on its frontiers saved it from the horrors of this fell disease. The chief quarantine camps were established at Kathrot, Sindhai, Chapaldra and Vandervela, the chief villages on the frontier, and the special feature in these camps was an entire absence of any inconvenience to those under quarantine. The quarantine officers treated them most kindly and no complaint of ill-treatment was reported against them.

75. As usual, the Hospital was visited by the Raja Saheb and the chief officers of the State, who were satisfied with its management. Among the distinguished visitors this year was Surgeon Lieut. Col. Dr. W. K. Hatch, Principal of the Grant Medical College and Senior Medical Officer, Sir J. J. Hospital, Bombay, who was greatly pleased with the management of the Hospital and the building. The building, compound and the instruments were kept clean and in proper order. The records of the Hospital are punctually written and sufficient stock of medicines is supplied by the State.

The water supply of the town of Bansda is plenty and it is in a good Sanitary condition. The Chief Medical Officer is also the Sanitary Commissioner of the town, who looks after the Sanitary arrangements. Necessary instruments for the purpose of operating upon the patients have been supplied to the Hospital by the State.

Travelling Dispensary.

76. During the year under report the total number of outdoor patients treated in the Travelling Dispensary was 669 against 559 of the preceding year. The travelling Dispensary has been opened with a view to supply the wants of the poor villagers who are generally unable to take advantage of the State Hospital at Bansda. The village population though Kaliparaj gradually seem to appreciate the benefits of modern medical science and avail themselves of this form of medical relief instead of depending upon village quacks (Bhagats). The doctor travels in the State and encamps at several centres, which are fixed for the purpose, from which he visits the surrounding villages. The Travelling Dispensary worked satisfactorily during the year. The impression prevailing among the Kaliparaj last year, that the medical authorities are poisoning people, is gradually dying out, which accounts for an increase in the number of patients treated by the Travelling Dispensary this year.

Veterinary Dispensary.

77. The Veterinary Dispensary is attached to the Paga stables of the State. During the year, the Veterinary Doctor treated 447 animals, and performed 15 minor operations, 2 major operations and 2 deliveries. The most notable disease which prevailed among the horses of the Paga was that of Anthrax, which killed 17 horses. The other diseases were common and less injurious; sufficient stock of medicines is kept in the Dispensary.

78. *Births and deaths*:—Births and deaths were registered by the village authorities with the following result:—

Item.	1896-97	1897-98	Increase.	Decrease.
Births··· ···	725	655	...	70
Deaths ···	741	549	...	192

79. In spite of the strict injunctions of the State, the village officers find themselves unable to keep correct records regarding births and deaths, which accounts for the following difficulties:—Firstly the Kaliparaj tribes owing to their ignorance and superstition are very averse to give information regarding births and deaths, and secondly the abodes of these people being generally scattered and situated on hills amidst jungles, prevent the village officers from finding out the correct number of births and deaths among them.

80. *Vaccination*:—The vaccination work done during the year was as follows:—

Operation by whom performed.	Number of persons vaccinated in		Results.			
			Successful.		Unsuccessful.	
	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.
State vaccinator ...	1,452	1,263	1,434	1,263	18	.....

The total expense of the vaccination Department during the year was Rs. 366 as compared with Rs. 345 in the preceding year, which shows an increase of Rs. 21.

CHAPTER VII.—Instruction.

81. The following table shows statistics concerning education:—

No.	Description of Schools.	Number of pupils on the roll on 31st March.		Daily average attendance.	Standard up to which instruction is imparted.	Remarks.
		1897.	1898.			
1	Bansda A. V. School ...	32	39	33	V	
2	Do. Vernacular... ...	148	143	96	VI	
3	Chapaldhra	63	62	44	VI	
4	Wandervella	45	45	26	V	
5	Bhinar	30	30	13	VI	
6	Moti Valzar...	23	19	14	V	
7	Sindhai	54	69	52	VI	
8	Charvi	30	19	17	III	
9	Andhatri	28	35	24	IV	
10	Kurelia	24	23	14	V	
11	Limzar	10	13	9	V	
12	Upsal	22	19	9	IV	
13	Waghabari	16	...	...	...	This school has been transfered to Lakhavadi.
„	Lakhavadi	...	13	10	IV	
14	Kathrot	31	26	21	III	
15	Bansda Girls' School ...	65	73	47	VI	
	Total ...	621	628	429	.....	

82. There are fifteen Schools in the Bansda State, including an Anglo-Vernacular School, a Taluka School, a Girls' School, and 12 Village Schools. The total number of pupils who attended the schools during the year was 628 against 621 in the year preceding. Their daily average attendance was 429 while in the year preceding it was 415. This shows that the number of pupils and their attendance have increased. Owing to the non-attendance of sufficient number, the Waghabari School has been closed, and the School at Lakhawadi has been reopened during the year. Deserving teachers were promoted during the year, and each of the following schools *viz.*, the Anglo-Vernacular School, the Taluka School, Chapaldhra, Vandervela, Sindhai and Motivalzar Schools was supplied with an additional assistant during the year. This year the Diamond Jubilee prize was awarded to the girl who came out first among the number of successful candidates. There are no Indigenous, Municipal, Local Board or Night Schools. The education in the State is backward owing to the greater portion of its population being Kaliparaj, who have no liking for education, and hence show great reluctance in sending their children to schools. As an encouragement the State supplies them with free education, and even books, clothes and writing materials are supplied to them by the State without any charges when needed. During the year the total expenditure of maintaining the Educational Department of the State was Rs. 4,669 against Rs. 4,216 in the year preceding, showing an increase of Rs. 453.

83. The First Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector examined the schools during the year under report. The working of the different State schools was as follows:—

84. *Anglo-Vernacular School*:—During the year 36 boys were presented for the examination, out of which 30 passed. On the whole the result was good giving a percentage of 83·7 against 75 p.c in the year preceding. This shows that the Head Master and his assistants have creditably discharged their duties.

85. *Taluka School*:—89 boys were presented for examination out of which 57 passed during the year under report.

The result was fair, giving a percentage of 64·4 against 81 in the preceding year.

86. *Girls' School.*—35 girls were presented for examination during the year under report. The result was good as out of these 35 girls, 30 came out successful giving a percentage of 85·7 as against 83·3 in the year preceding. This shows that the girls' school has made a good progress during the year for which the master and his assistants deserve credit.

The girls are also progresing well in native embroidery which is taught to them by a mistress, who is specially employed for the purpose by the State.

87. *Physical training.*—A Gymnasium for the physical training of the boys has been supplied by the State, where boys of the Anglo-Vernacular School as well as those of the Taluka school are trained in physical exercises by the Taluka school-master who performs his work satisfactorily. The gymnasium is a spacious one and has been supplied with tools and apparatuses necessary for physical training by the State. The Anglo-Vernacular school has been supplied with cricket stores by the State during the year.

88. *Village schools.*—Out of the 12 village schools, the results of the Sindhai and Kurelia schools were good, and their masters seem to have worked well during the year. The results of the schools of Chapuldhra, Vandervella, Andhatri, Moti-Valzar and Limzar were fair, while those of the remaining five schools, *viz.* those of Kathrot, Lakhavadi, Charvi, Bhinar and Upsal were bad.

89. Every school in the State has been supplied with a commodious and well ventilated building with quarters for masters to live in. The school buildings are duly repaired every year. The schools are also supplied with sufficient furniture and necessary text books which are kept in good and proper order by the masters. School registers and records were kept regularly by the masters of the schools during the year. As it is observed by the First Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector, there is a slow but steady progress of education in the State of Bansda, and he concluded his examination report with the following remarks :—

" In conclusion I beg to state here that the Raja Saheb evinces great interest and zeal in the education of his subjects and to express my heart-felt thanks to H. H. and his Diwan for their kindness in rendering me general help in the conduct of my work."

CHAPTER VIII.—Miscellaneous.

90. Eight wild animals including six panthers, a jarak and a crocodile were destroyed during the year. The reward given for the destruction of these wild animals was Rs. 13. Out of the six panthers two were shot by a shikari of this State, two were entrapped in a cage, one young one of a panther was caught from hills and one was shot by Mr. R. A. L. Moore, the late Agent to H. E. the Governor at Surat during his stay at Anklaj in April last.

91. There were ten deaths from Snake bites, during the year, while none was caused by wild animals.

92. There is no Telegraph office in Bansda State.

93. There is a Branch Post office in the town of Bansda and it works fairly.

94. There is a separate building for keeping the records of the State. It is supervised by a Duftari who every year properly indexes and shelves the records of the State. The useful records are kept up to the date while the useless ones are destroyed up to the prescribed period.

95. There is no Printing Press in the State.

96. The expenses incurred by the State to maintain the Gulabsingjee Library were Rs. 271 during the year. As usual it was left open to the public gratis.

97. No transit duty or tax of any kind is levied by the State.

98. No new Forest Naka was opened during the year under report.

99. The agreements with the British Government were duly adhered to. The Abkari agreement was renewed during the year.

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK, L. C. E,
Acting Dewan, Bansda State.

APPENDICES.

Appendix I.

POLITICAL RELATIONS of NATIVE STATES.

Name of State.	Tribute in men or money.		Estimated population.	Schools.	Persons being taught.	Persons who have been vaccinated.	Prevailing diseases.	Supposed gross revenue.	Military Force.	Transit dues levied or not.	Principal articles of production, manufactures and mines.
	Amount.	To whom payable.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Bansda State ...	Rs. a. p. 153 8 0	British Government.	According to the Census of 1891, 41,373	15	628	1,263	Malarial fevers, Rheumatic affections, Opthalmia, Phthisis, Acute & Chronic Diarrhœa, worms and skin affections.	Rs. a. p. 3,32,716 0 0	Nil.	Not.	Agricultural products:—Rice, Nagli, Gram, Jowar, Kodra, and Pulses. Manufactures:—Bamboo-mats, fans, and baskets. Road metal is found in quarries.

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK, L, C. E.,
Acting Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix II.

NATIVE CHIEFS, principal male members of their families and principal members of their Courts, 1897–98.

No.	Name of Individual State, and Family to which he belongs.	Residence.	Present position.	Caste, race and religion.	Age.	How and where educated.	How employed.	Has Sanad authorizing adoption or not.	Family follows primogeniture or not.	Has male heirs or not	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Maharaul Shri Pratapsinghji Gulabsinghji, Bansda State, Wansadia family	Bansda Town.	Raja Saheb.	Solanki Rajput Hindu Shaiv.	34	By attending the Rajkumar College at Rajkot in Kathiawar.	Ruling his State.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	
2	Maharaul Shri Indrasinghji Pratapsinghji, Bansda State, Wansadia family	Do.	Patvi Kunver Saheb (Heir-apparent.)	Do.	10½						
3	Maharaul Shri Pravinsinghji Pratapsinghji, Bansda State, Wansadia family	Do.	2nd Prince.	Do.	7½						
4	Maharaul Shri Natvarsinghji Pratapsinghji, Bansda State, Wansadia family	Do.	3rd Prince.	Do.	3¾						
5	Pranshanker Dayashanker, Pathak family	Bardoli, in Surat District.	Ag. Dewan.	Audich Sahasra Brahmin, Hindu Shaiv.	42	By attending the Poona Civil Engineering College; passed the L. C. E. Examination.	Controller of all the Departments of the State.				
6	Krishnarao Vishwanath, Mohile family	Bansda Town	Ag. Naib Dewan.	Kayasth Prabhu Hindu Shaiv.	46	Knows Gujarati, Marathi and a little of English.	Head of the Revenue Department.				
7	Umedram Lalbhai, Desai family	Valod in Surat District.	Chief Medical Officer, Sanitary Commissioer and Jail Superintendant.	Audich Sahasra Brahmin, Hindu Shaiv.	32	M. B., B. S. of the Victoria University England, M.D. & D. S. (University Belgic) L. R. C. P., L. M., L, R. C. S., Edinburgh; L. F. P. & S. Glasgow. M. C. P. A. C. P. London. Associate Victoria University, England.	Chief Medical Officer, Sanitary Commissioner and Jail Superintendant.				

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK, L. C. E.,
Acting Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix III.

CIVIL DIVISIONS of TERRITORY, under Political Control, 1897–98.

Division.	Executive Division.	Number of executive sub-divisions.	Area in square miles.	Population.	Chief town with population.		Number of villages.	Number of Civil Judges.	Number of Stipendiary Magistrates.	Maximum distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Average distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Number of Police.	Total cost of officials and Police of all kinds.	State Revenue.		Remarks.
					Head-quarter town.	Population.								Land.	Gross.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Surat Agency.	Bansda.	...	215	According to census of 1891. 41,373	Bansda... ...	3,003	87	2	4	16	7½	110	Rs. 11,759	Rs. 1,29,732	Rs. 3,32,716	

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK, L. C. E.,
Acting Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix IV.

POPULATION of BANSDA STATE, 1897-98.

Commissionership.	District.	Inhabited houses.	Population in 1898.						Classification of population of the general census of 1891.								Occupation.			Emigration or immigration during the year.	Remarks.
			Men.	Women.	Children under 15 years.		Total.	Number per square mile	Christians.			Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Parsees.	Buddhists and Jains.	Aborigimals.	Others.	Total male agriculturists including landlords, cultivators and agricultural labourers.	Total non-agricultural males.	Prevailing languages.		
					Male.	Female.			Europeans.	East Indian or mixed races.	Natives.											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Northern Division.	Bansda.	7,382	21,628	20,087	Included in column 4.	Included in column 5.	41,715	194	...	...	...	40,311	888	137	37	...	...	21,200	289	Gujarati and Marathi.		

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK, L. C. E.,
Acting Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix V.

STATEMENT showing the Strength, Cost, and other particulars of the MILITARY FORCE in the BANSDA STATE, 1897-98.

Arm of service.	Total number of fighting officers and men.								Details of Force at the end of the year.						Total cost of pay and allowances of Officers, Non-commissioned Officers and men, including followers.	Remarks.
	Remaining at the end of the year.	Recruited this year. (a)	Died.			Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c. (b)	Remaining at the end of the year.	Number of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of guns.	Number of men.					
			In action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-commissioned Officers.	Fighting men.		
Cavalry	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	There is no regular Military force, but there are 32 sowars who serve as Police Sowars and escorts, &c. There is a party of 27 Arabs who serve as Palace and Treasury guards and are included in the Police.
Sappers	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Artillery	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Infantry	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK, L. C. E.,
Acting Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix VI.

STATEMENT showing the Strength, Cost, discipline and education of the POLICE of the BANSDA STATE 1897-98.

Description of Officers.	Number.	Pay of the Grade.	Total Expenditure.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded or suspended departmentally.	Judicially punished.	By promotion.	By money rewards.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
			Rs. a. p.								
Chief Police Inspector	...	...		.....	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	
Inspector of Police	...	...		.....	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	Including 27 Arabs and a few other guards.
Chief Constable	1	45		.....	.....	.....	...	...	1	...	
Head Constables	1	37	11,759 Including accoutrements.	.....	.....	.....	...	...	1	...	The Abkari peons (18) are not included in the Statement. There are also 32 Sowars in the Paga who perform Police and other duties.
	1	29		.....	.....	.....	...	...	1	...	
	1	26		.....	.....	.....	...	...	1	...	
	1	12		.....	.....	.....	...	...	1	...	
	3	11		.....	1	.....	1	...	2	...	
Constables of different classes ...	2	10		.....	.....	.....	...	...	2	...	
	6	9		.....	.....	.....	1	...	4	1	
	8	8		.....	.....	.....	1	...	6	...	
	7	7½		.....	.....	.....	...	...	5	...	
	79	7 and under.		4	39	.....	4	...	18	...	
Total ...	110	.....	.....	4	40	.....	7	...	42	1	

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK, L. C. E.,
Acting Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix VII.

STATEMENT showing the results of the working of the POLICE in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1897-98.

Name of State.	Number of offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage convicted of accused arrested. (Columns 3 &4).		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.		Remarks.
	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
Bansda State	138	110	218	168	218	168	184	161	34	7	84	96	84	96	

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK. L. C. E.,
Acting Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix VIII.

STATEMENT showing the VALUE of PROPERTY stolen and amount of recoveries in BANSDA STATE, during the year 1897-98,

STATE.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	
Basnda	484	371	290	177	60	48	

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK, L. C. E.,
Acting Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix

STATEMENT showing the number of CRIMES COMMITTED, number during the year,

Number.	Description of Crime or Offence.	Number of Crimes.			Number of cases disposed of during 1897-98.	Number of cases undisposed of during 1897-98.	Number of persons apprehended	Number of persons convicted
		Balance on 31st July, 1897.	Committed during 1897-98.	Total.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Offences under Abkari Act	...	5	5	5	...	6	6
2	Abetment under sec. 114 I. P. c	...	2	2	2	...	6	6
3	Personating a public Servant	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
4	Giving false information to a public servant	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
5	Resistence to the taking of property by the lawful authority of a public sevant...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
6	Obstructing public servant in discharge of his public functions	...	3	3	3	...	5	5
7	Delivery to another of coin as genuine which when first possessed the deliverer did not know to be altered ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
8	Defiling the water of a public spring	...	2	2	2	...	5	5
9	Dealing with fire or any combustible matter so as to endanger human life	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
10	Causing death by rash or negligent act	...	3	3	3	...	3	3
11	Attempt to commit suicide	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
12	Voluntarily causing hurt	...	33	33	33	...	49	19
13	Do. do, grievous hurt by dangerous weapons or means	...	3	3	3	...	4	1
14	Do. do, hurt to extort confession	...	1	1	1	...	6	6
15	Do. do, hurt on grave and sudden provocation not intending to hurt any other than the person who gave the provocation	...	2	2	2	...	2	2
16	Causing grievous hurt on grave and sudden provocation not intending to hurt any person than the person who gave the provocation	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
17	Assault or criminal force otherwise than on grave provocation	...	1	1	1	...	2	1
18	Do. do. or use of Criminal force on grave and sudden provocation	...	1	1	1	...	2	2
19	Unnatural offence	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
20	Theft	...	36	36	35	1	66	62
21	Theft in a dwelling house	...	17	17	17	...	18	18
22	Lurking house trespass or house breaking by night in order to the commission of offence	...	15	15	15	...	21	18
23	Lurking house trespass or house breaking in order to commit theft...	...	6	6	6	...	6	6
24	Theft by a servant of property in possession of master ...	...	4	4	4	...	7	7
25	Dishonest misappropriation of moveable property	...	5	5	5	...	7	7
26	Criminal breach of trust	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
27	Do. do. by a servant	...	2	2	2	...	2	1
28	Dishonestly receiving stolen property knowing it to be stolen	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
29	Assisting in disposal of stolen property, knowing it to be stolen	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
30	Mischief	...	3	3	3	...	3	1
31	Mischief by killing, poisoning maiming &c. any animal of the value of 10 Rs. and upwards	...	1	1	1	...	2	2
32	Mischief by fire or explosive substance with intent to destroy a house &c &c.	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
33	Criminal trespass	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
34	House trespass...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
35	Defamation	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
36	Insult intended to provoke a breach of peace	...	14	14	14	...	16	6
37	Criminal intimidation	...	4	4	4	...	7	1
38	Appearing in a public place in a state of intoxication and causing annoyance to any person	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
	Total ...	...	179	179	178	1	261	200

IX.

of cases disposed of, and cases awaiting trial in the BANSDA STATE, 1897-98.

Number of persons Sentenced to							Number of persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons confined being insane.	Number of persons died, during or before trial.	Terms of Imprisonment.								Remarks.
Imprisonment.		Imprisonment and fine.		Fine only.	Whipping.	Total.				Under 1 month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.	
Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.																
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
...	...	...	...	6	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	6	...	...	6	...	...	...	2	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	2	...	1	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	4	...	...	15	...	19	30	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	6	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	
...	23	...	22	16	1	62	3	...	...	35	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	16	...	2	18	...	...	...	9	4	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	1	16	...	...	18	3	...	...	3	1	2	8	3	1	...	...	...	
...	...	...	6	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	1	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	7	...	...	7	...	...	...	3	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	3	...	1	3	...	7	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	6	...	6	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	37	3	87	70	3	200	60	...	...	65	22	16	15	4	3	...	2	...	

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK, L. C. E.,
Acting Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix X.

STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of OFFENCES reported and offences dealt with in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1897-98 ending July.

Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with.								Persons disposed of					Persons remaining at the end of the year.	Remarks.
			Remaining at the end of last year.	Brought to trial 1897-98.					Total.								
	1896-97.	1897-98.		Arrested by Police.	Upon warrant.	On summons.	Voluntarily.	Arrested in the presence of a Magistrate.	1896-97.	1897-98.	Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
The Dewan's	31	25	...	21	...	15	2	...	40	38	10	3	27	...	...	...	*Two cases were committed by the Nyayadhish Court
The Naib Dewan's	94	85	...	80	...	35	...	...	159	115	11	3	101	...	...	...	
The Nyayadhish's	...	49	...	41	2	26	4	7	...	80	13	15	49	2*	...	1	
The Head Karkun's	70	20	...	24	...	4	...	...	102	28	4	1	23	...	...	...	
Total ...	195	179	...	166	2	80	6	7	301	261	38	22	200	2	...	1	

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK, L. C. E.,
Acting Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XI

STATEMENT showing the RESULTS of APPEALS against decisions passed by the CRIMINAL COURTS in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1897–98 ending July.

State.	Tribunals.	Number of applications.	Number of persons and cases.																												Remarks.
			Applications rejected.				Sentence.								Proceedings quashed.				Referred.				Further enquiry, &c., ordered.				Pending.				
							Confirmed.				Modified.				Reversed.																
			Persons.				Persons.				Persons.				Persons.				Persons.				Persons.				Persons.				
			1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
Bansda	The Raja Saheb ...	2	...	...	...	...	...	10	..	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	The Dewan	5	...	1	...	1	2	1	2	1	3	1	3	1	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	7	...	1	...	1	2	11	2	3	3	1	3	1	..	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK, L. C. E.,
Acting Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XII.

STATEMENT showing the number of persons convicted in the JAIL in the BANSDA STATE, during the year, 1897–98 ending July.

Stations.	Number of prisoners.	Number of prisoners.				Daily average in Jail.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of Jail and prisoners.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in the Jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.						
				1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
									Rs.	
Bansda	137	18	119	123	137	15	19	8	736	1 died on account of infirmities of old age.

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK, L. C. E.,
Acting Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XIII.

CIVIL WORK–Nature and value of ORIGINAL SUITS filed and disposed of in the BANSDA STATE during the year, 1897-98.

Number.	Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		Suits filed in 1897-98.									Suits disposed of in 1897-98.							Remarks.
													Nature of suits									Nature of suits.					Average duration.		
		1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	Value.	Suits regarding lands and houses, &c.	Suits for money transactions.	Suits for other rights	Number of suits under Rs. 100	Number of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	Number of suits above Rs. 500 and under Rs. 1000.	Number of suits above Rs. 1000 and under Rs. 5000.	Number of suits above Rs 5000	Exparte.	Admitted and compromised	Struck off the file, &c.	Contested.	Value.	Years.	Months.	Days.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27			28
												Rs.													Rs.				
	The Dewan's	33	1	201	47	234	48	228	47	6	1	10,309	3	24	20	43	2	1	...	1	...	19	2	26	2,243	...	...	2	
	Nyayadhish's	...	5	...	75	...	80	...	72	...	8	4,112	2	48	25	71	3	...	1	...	2	39	1	30	3,786	...	...	2	
	Total ...	33	6	201	122	234	128	228	119	6	9	14,421	5	72	45	114	5	1	1	1	2	58	3	56	6,029	...	...	...	

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK, L,. C. E,
Acting Dewan. Bansda State.

Appendix XIV

CIVIL WORK—RESULTS of APPLICATIONS for execution of decrees in the BANSDA STATE, during the year, 1897-98.

Number.	Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance for 1897-98.	Applications brought to the register.			Total.			Disposed of.			Closing balance.			Number of applications pending disposal at the close of 1897-98.			Remarks.
		1896-97.	1897-98.		1896-97.	1897-98.	Value for 1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	Total value for 1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	Value for 1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	Value of closing balance for 1897-98.	Below 6 months.	Above 6 months.	Above 12 months.	
1	2	3		4	5			6			7			8			9			10
				Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.				
1	The Dewan	95	7	90—8—0	128	6	241-11-0	223	13	332—3—0	107	13	332-3-0	116	...	...	...	...	...	
2	The Nyayadhish ...	...	109	3,387—8—0	...	68	2,303-9-3	...	177	5,691-1-3	...	47	761-4-3	...	130	4,929-13-0	26	21	83	
	Total ...	95	116	3,478—0-0	128	74	2,545-4-3	223	190	6,023-4-3	107	60	1,093-7-3	116	130	4,929-13-0	26	21	83	

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK, L. C. E.,

Acting Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XV.

REGISTRATION of DOCUMENTS.

No.	Sub-Registry office.	Number of Documents presented.												Documents registered.		Value of Documents.		Documents refused to be registered.		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year.		Remarks.
		Documents presented for registration.		Mortgages.		Sale deeds.		Wills.		Money bonds.		Miscellaneous.										
		1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	1896-97.	1897-98.	
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12		13
1	Bansda	7	1	...	...	3	...	3	1	...	...	1	...	7	1	Rs. 9,803	Rs. 457	...	...	...	...	

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK, L. C. E.,
Acting Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XVI.

Agriculture.

STATEMENT showing AGRICULTURAL STOCK in the BANSDA STATE, during the year, 1897–98.

Number.	District.	Cattle and other Quadrupeds.													Remarks.
		Bullocks	Cows.	Buffaloes.		Horses.	Mares.	Colts and fillies.	Asses	Sheep and Goats.	Ploughs.		Carts.		
				Male.	Female.						With two Bullocks	With four Bullocks	Riding. carts	Carts used in carrying	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1	Bansda	15,650	12,985	1,295	2,228	75	30	5	8	8,195	6,015	20	275	1,190	

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK, L. C. E.,
Ac Dewan, nitgBansda State,

Appendix XVII.

INCOME.

No.	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1896-97.	A. D. 1897-98.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Land Revenue	1,34,705	1,29,732	.....	4,973
2	Forest	21,235	17,136	.....	4,099
3	Abkari Liquor	1,67,983	1,52,026	.....	15,957
4	Do. Toddy	7,601	6,338	.....	1,263
5	Do. Bhang, Ganja	290	66	.....	224
6	Judicial fees	14	28	14	.....
7	Magisterial fines	1,073	606	.....	467
8	Interest on loans, &c.	8,745	10,335	1,590	.....
9	Opium	235	212	.....	23
10	Giras	3,393	279	.....	3,114
11	Tolls	1,715	1,821	106	.....
12	Ferries	34	12	.....	22
13	Rent of houses	1,238	1,524	286	.....
14	Rent of Estate outside the State.	.....	435	435	.....
15	Miscellaneous	5,281	5,050	.....	231
16	Registration of documents ...	108	5	.....	103
17	School fees...	208	226	18	.....
18	Pratap-nivas Garden produce ...	73	92	19	.....
19	Jail...	344	502	158	.....
20	Cattle Pounds	130	159	29	.....
21	Rewards and Chandla	2,487	4,001	1,514	.....
22	Stamp sales	1,618	2,131	513	.....
	Carried forward ...	3,58,510	3,32,716	4,682	30,476

EXPENDITURE.

No.	Heads of Expenditure.	Fasli A. D. 1896-97.	Fasli A. D. 1897-98.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Medical	4,276	4,682	406	.....
2	Forest	4,652	3,872	.....	780
3	Abkari	34,759	36,023	1,264	.....
4	Vaccination	345	366	21	.....
5	Library	297	281	.....	16
6	Police and other guards	11,989	11,759	.....	230
7	Paga and Stables	25,955	24,830	.....	1,125
8	Cattle Pounds	26	26	.....	.....
9	Jail...	527	736	209	.....
10	Cash allowance and temple servants ..	12,767	11,896	.....	871
11	Ferries	455	146	.....	309
12	Tolls	522	467	.....	55
13	Public Works	51,735	34,187	.....	17,548
14	Dewan-Kacheri	4,562	3,009	.....	1,553
15	Naib-Dewan's Office	7,563	6,996	.....	567
16	Collecting Establishment... ...	8,977	8,840	.....	137
17	Education	4,216	4,669	453	.....
18	Pratap-nivas Garden charges ...	2,072	1,993	.....	79
19	Municipality	2,660	3,127	467	.....
20	Contingent charges	1,047	999	.....	48
21	Printing charges	216	678	462	.....
22	Deficit in granary, &c.	62	420	358	.....
23	Remissions...	169	461	292	.....
24	Income tax on interest of loans ...	239	271	32	.....
25	Miscellaneous	4,686	3,860	.....	826
26	Rewards for destruction of wild animals	17	13	.....	4
27	Carriage hire and Bhathas ...	3,190	3,324	134	.....
28	Purchase of Jewels for Raja Saheb, &c.	20,827	27,874	7,047	.....
29	Rewards and Chandla	3,324	2,468	.....	856
30	Dewasthan Dharmada	2,365	2,451	86	.....
31	Festivals	1,326	1,050	.....	276
32	Palace Establishment	8,661	10,309	1,648	.....
33	Pocket expences to Raja Saheb and Rani Sahebs...	18,075	18,406	331	.....
	Carried forward ...	2,42,559	2,30,489	13,210	25,280

No.	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1896-97.	A. D. 1897-98.	Increase.	Decrease.	No.	Heads of Expenditure.	Fasli. A. D. 1896-97.	Fasli. A. D. 1897-98.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6
	Brought forward ...	3,58,510	3,32,716	4,682	30,476		Brought forward ...	2,42,559	2,30,489	13,210	25,280
						34	Purchase of clothing for Raja Saheb &c. ..	2,046	2,998	952	.....
						35	Do. Furniture	1,420	1,343	.....	77
						36	Kitchen	6,033	6,802	769	.....
						37	Guests &c.	2,196	2,640	444	.....
						38	Houses & land purchased in Billimora.	2,636	50	.....	2,586
						39	Purchase of Shares of the Tapti Valley Railway Company ...	5,802	1,250	....	4,552
						40	Veterinary...	1,087	1,461	374	.....
						41	Purchase of Loans	41,145	29,593	.....	11,552
						42	Special expenses :—				
							(1) Padanam ceremony of the Patvi Kunver Shri Indrasingji and Kumar Shri Pravinsingji.	7	.....	.....	7
							(2) Raja Saheb's tour to Surat to see Their Excellencies the Viceroy of India and the Governor of Bombay ...	8,655	1	.....	8,654
							(3) Celebration of Diamond Jubilee.	26,058	6	.....	26,052
							(4) On account of the death of Bhani Ba Shri Prabhat Kunver Baiji Saheb of Dharampur	3,933	29	.....	3,904
							(5) Patvi Kunver Saheb Shri Indrasingji's tour to Nandod and Mandva	2,411	.....	.....	2,411
							(6) Raja Saheb's tour to Dharampur to see his sister Shri Gynankunver Baiji Saheb of Palitana	793	.....	.....	793
							(7) Inscription on the cistern constructed in the City of Surat	20	.....	.....	20
							(8) Doctors fees	....	1,156	1,156	.....

						(9) On account of the death of Akhand Sobhagvanta Ali Rajpurvalla Rathoda Raniji Shri Himat Kunver Basaheb ...	.....	8,807	8,807	.....
						(10) Donation to ... ... Surat Fire Relief Fund ...	.....	300	300	.....
						(11) Donation to ... ... the Bombay Rifle association	.....	25	25	.....
					43	Nyayadhish office	.....	656	656	.....
					44	Famine Relief Works	.....	148	154	.....
					45	Plague Department	.....	999	999	.....
					46	The Diamond Jubilee agricultural show	.....	102	102	.....
	Total ...	3,58,510	3,32,716	4,682	30,476		Total ...	3,46,801	2,88,855	27,942	85,888
Tagavi		30,466	23,568	...	6,898		Tagavi	20,732	16,596	.....	4,136

PRANSHANKER DAYASHANKER PATHAK, L. C. E.,
Acting Dewan, Bansda State.

Below Administration Report of the Bánsda State for the year 1898-99.

No. 685 of 1899.

Surat, 19*th October* 1899.

Forwarded with compliments to the Commissioner, Northern Division.

2. The appointment of a new Diván, Mr. Hargovind Harnarayan, is the only change worthy of note in the personnel of the state.

3. The extension of cultivation was slow in spite of the special efforts made to encourage it.

4. There was a slight increase of two in the police force of the state in the year under report as compared with the previous year. The strength of the A'bkári Police has not been stated. The total cost of maintaining the police was slightly increased by Rs. 361 in the year under report. The number of dismissals in the police force was high. The number of offences reported to the police shows a decrease of 32 as compared with the year previous. The percentage of accused sent for trial and convicted fell from 96 in the year previous to 81 in the year under report. On the other hand, the percentage of recoveries of stolen property rose from 48 in the previous year to 82 in the year under report. The number of crimes committed in the year under report was 175 against 179 in the year previous, but no serious crime was committed. The offences under the A'bkári Act were 18 in the year under report, against 5 in the year previous. The number of cases pending at the close of the year under report is comparatively large.

5. 307 civil suits, the subject-matter of which was valued at Rs. 7,827, were filed in the year under report all in the Court of the Nyáyádhish as against 122 suits, the subject-matter of which was valued at Rs. 14,421, filed in the previous year in the Courts of the Diván and the Nyáyádhish. The number of suits disposed of in the year under report amounted to 270 as against 119 in the year previous. The balance of suits undisposed of in the year under report was 46 against 9 in the year previous. The average duration of suits in the Diván's Court was long.

6. The expenditure on Public Works in the year under report amounted to Rs. 38,946 against Rs. 34,187 in the year previous. The expenditure on works of public utility, roads, tanks, wells, &c., was still comparatively small.

7. The revenue of the state increased in the year under report by Rs. 4,783, while the expenditure in the year under report increased by Rs. 2,887. The decreased receipts from Forests and A'bkári and the increased receipts from Land Revenue are alone worthy of note; the A'bkári revenue of the state is high in proportion to the population of the state.

8. The most notable points in connection with the items of expenditure were the increases on the following items :—

Págá and stables	Rs.	11,963
Public Works	„	4,759
Purchase of clothing for Rája Sáheb, &c.	„	5,232
Ditto furniture	„	3,405
Purchase of shares	„	9,002
Special expenses	„	11,028

On the other hand there were decreases in the expenditure on the purchase of jewels for the Rája Rs. 11,947, purchase of loans Rs. 19,303, special expenses (item 4) Rs. 5,283. The amounts advanced an account of takávi in the year under report were Rs. 8,433 against Rs. 16,596 advanced in the year previous; the recoveries on account of takávi amounted to Rs. 14,378 in the year under report, against Rs. 23,568 recovered in the year previous.

9. Including takávi, the total income from all sources exceeded the total expenditure by Rs. 50,602.

10. The number of patients treated in the year under report in the dispensary at Bánsda and in the Travelling Dispensary show considerable decreases. The state was fortunate in escaping from being attacked by plague.

11. The number of pupils under instruction and the daily average attendance in the schools have decreased slightly in the year under report; the Educational Department is apparently satisfied with the condition of the schools.

12. The Rája has maintained his reputation as an able and careful ruler, the excellent financial condition of the state is entirely due to the personal superintendence the Rája maintains over all earning and spending departments.

J. WEIR,

Agent to H. E the Governor at Surat.

Despatched on—

ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

BANSDA STATE

For the year 1898-99.

SURAT:

PRINTED AT THE MISSION PRESS.

1899.

ADMINISTRATION REPORT OF THE BANSDA STATE

FOR THE YEAR 1898-99 ENDING WITH 31ST JULY, 1899.

INTRODUCTION.

Area, 215 square miles. Population, (1891) 41,373 persons. Gross Revenue, Rs. 3,36,959.

2. This Report gives a narrative of events for the year 1898–99, ending with 31st July, and gives the general statistics and financial figures for the same year.

3. The Present Ruler, Maha Raul Shri Pratapsinghji Gulabsinghji, has been ruling the State for these last 15 years. During the whole of this period, he has personally taken a very keen interest in the Administration of each and every Department of his State, with the working of which he is fully acquainted. The State has moved on, in point of progress, and it is a matter of no little gratification to the Raja Saheb that the State, over which he rules, has always been maintained on a sound financial footing.

4. The prescribed Statements accompany.

CHAPTER I.—Political.

Political Relations.

5. The Political relations with the British Government and the adjoining Native States have continued to be cordial and friendly.

Visit.

6. J. W. A. Weir, Esquire, C. S., Agent to His Excellency the Governor at Surat, was encamped on 30th January 1899, at Rankuva under Chikhli. The Raja Saheb paid a visit to the Agent, having his own camp, at the time, close by at Kathrot, in his own territory.

Tour.

7. The Raja Saheb moved about in the District, in the cold weather, as usual, and examined the Receipt Books of the ryots of the villages he visited, inspected the schools, and personally conversed with the people to acquaint himself with their wants and complaints if any. The ryots generally appreciated such visits to their villages from their Ruler.

Domestic occurrence.

8. The Pada Nom ceremonies were performed during the year, in connection with the youngest prince Kumar Shri Natversinghji. They were performed with great eclat, in the presence of many friends and relatives, who had arrived here from the Native States of Sayla, Porbunder, Dharampur, Mandva, Palitana, Sirohi,

Morbi, &c. Valuable Poshakhs were presented to the young Kumar Saheb by these relatives and friends. The occasion passed off with great rejoicings in the Durbar, and amongst the people of the town, and the ryots, who had gathered from all villages in great numbers to witness the imposing ceremonies.

9. Kumar Shri Natversinghji was also put to school, during the year, with the ceremonies usually attending such events, and commenced his studies with the Durbari Tutor.

10. The elder sister of the Raja Saheb, Gangasvarup Shri Nandkuverbaiji Saheb, went on a pilgrimage to Benares and other holy places during the year.

11. The Heir-apparent Kumar Shri Indrasinghji suffered from a serious illness in the month of December last. The Raja Saheb took him to Kathrot for a change, where the Kumar Saheb soon recovered by the grace of God. As a mark of rejoicing, the Raja Saheb had a special Durbar, and many people of the Bansda town and ryots from the adjoining villages attended the festivities that were held on this happy occasion. The villagers had a very good treat given them by the Raja Saheb, and they all extremely enjoyed the same.

Her Majesty's birthday.

12. A special Durbar was held in celebration of Her Majesty's 81st Birthday, and religious thanks-givings were held in Temples, praying for the long life of Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen Empress of India.

Changes in the Administration.

13. Rao Saheb Pranshanker Dayashanker, who was acting as Dewan, was relieved of the duties of that post by Mr. Hargovind Harnarayen during the last week of June. Mr. Hargovind H. is now appointed Dewan of this State. He is a District Pleader of long standing, and has Revenue and Judicial experience, gained while serving in many Native States. He was holding the post of Senior Nyayadhish, Jamnagar State, during the present Administration there, before he joined the service of this State. Dr. Umedram Lalbhai resigned the service of this State to open a private Dispensary at Bombay, during the Plague time there, and his place has been filled by Dr. Damoder Gopal Abhyanker, L. M. &. S. and G. B. V. C.

CHAPTER II.—Administration of Land.

14. The Bansda State comprizes 87 villages, and its superficial area is 215 square miles. It is inhabited mainly by the Kaliparaj people excepting in the town of Bansda. The poor nature of the soil and the unhealthy climate of the State have invariably been found hard to contend with.

15. There have been unceasing efforts on the part of the Raja Saheb and his officers, to improve and encourage more and more cultivation, by granting leases of waste lands with special concessions to new settlers, as well as to the present cultivators of the State, by making Tagavi advances on a

very liberal scale, at a low rate of interest, and giving every possible inducement and encouragement to the Ryots.

16. Though the results have not gone by leaps and bounds—which indeed it is idle to expect, keeping in view the above-mentioned adverse circumstances—it is gratifying to note that the State has been able to maintain its progressive State of administration.

17. The system of Revenue management is the Survey Settlement system, on British Principles, introduced long ago. The system has worked on smoothly, without any complaints against the rates or the ways in which they are levied.

18. There are no special tenures existing in the State.

Jamabandhi.

19. The Jamabandhi was done regularly, and the Raja Saheb was present at it as usual. All disputed matters were settled in the presence of the Raja Saheb.

20. The system of Revenue accounts is the same as that followed in the British Districts. The accounts are kept in the forms given in Hope's Manual of Accounts. They are properly and regularly checked. An Auditor has also been specially appointed recently to examine and audit the accounts of the Revenue and other Departments regularly.

Remissions.

21. The total remissions, granted during the year under report, were Rs. 813. These were granted owing to the poverty of the ryots and other miscellaneous causes.

Boundary disputes.

22. There are no other boundary disputes with any of the neighbouring States, except the one at Unai, with the Baroda Territory. Nothing has yet been done by way of an amicable settlement as proposed; but it is hoped it will be come to, without any further loss of time.

Wards' Estate.

23. There are no Wards' Estates under State management.

Waste Land.

24. The following table gives details of waste land in the year under report, as compared with the previous year:—

Extent of cultivable area for		Taken up in		Waste remaining at the end of the year		Percentage of cultivable land lying waste in	
1897-98	1898-99	1897-98	1898-99	1897-98	1898-99	1897-98	1898-99
69,911	69,911	396	385	25,217	24,832	36	35

From the above table it appears that 385 more acres of land were taken up for cultivation this year.

25. In 1897-98 the area of waste lands was reduced by 396 acres, and in the year under report, it is further reduced by 385 acres. The area of waste land is thus reduced every year by an appreciable number of acres. These results are sufficiently satisfactory and amply justify the remarks made in para 14 Supra.

26. The causes, which account for there being more waste land in the State, and the means adopted to remove them, are detailed in paras 14, 15, and paras 68 to 73 of this report.

CHAPTER III.—Protection.

(*a*) *Legislation.*

27. The State has its own special rules framed for Registration, Limitation, Stamp and Court fee. No special measures were introduced during the year under report. The principle of the British Civil and Criminal Laws is followed in the Administration of Justice in this State, the Vahivat of the State being always kept in view.

(*b*) *Military.*

28. There is no regular military force maintained in the State.

(*c*) *Police.*

29. Appendix VI gives details of the Police Force of the Bansda State. The total strength of the Force is 112, including the Chief Constable. The Police Force furnish guards to the Palace and the Jail.

30. The total cost of maintaining the Police, during the year under report, amounted to Rs. 12,120 against Rs. 11,759 in the previous year.

31. The conduct of the Police was satisfactory, and proper discipline was maintained during the year under report.

32. Appendix VII shows the working of the Police, during the year under report. The total number of offences reported to the Police was 78 against 110 last year. These 78 offences implicated 114 persons, who were all sent up for trial to Magistrates.

33. Of the 114 persons sent up for trial, 85 were convicted, 20 acquitted and discharged, and 9 remained under trial at the close of the year.

34. The percentage of convictions to arrests and persons sent up for trial was 81 against 96 last year.

35. Appendix VIII gives a statement showing the value of property stolen and the amount of recoveries. The value of the property stolen was Rs. 489 against Rs. 371 last year; while the recoveries amounted to Rs. 403

against Rs. 177 the previous year, the percentage of recoveries being 82 this year as against 48 last year.

36. 18 offences were reported as committed against the Abkari Act, which implicated 26 persons, of whom 20 were convicted, 5 acquitted, and 1 remained under trial. These offences were detected by the Abkari Department.

37. The Village Police mostly consists of Patels of the Kaliparaj class. They enjoy land and cash payments. They only assist the District Police in the performance of their duties. The Police Patels have no Police powers granted to them, as they are mainly of the Kaliparaj class and illiterate, though they have been performing the duties assigned to them satisfactorily.

38. From the statistics given in para 34-35 supra, it would appear that though the percentage of convictions to arrests appears to be a little lower than in the previous year, the work of the Police is satisfactory, and they have been able to recover property of a far higher value during the year under report.

39. During the year, 24 inquests were held, the verdict being as follows :—

7 Drowning.	5 Snake-bites.
3 Suicides,	6 Falls from trees.
3 Miscellaneous.	

(d) Criminal Justice.

40. There were 2 Original and 2 Appellate Courts for the Administration of Criminal Justice during the year under report. Appendices IX, X, XI, give details of the working of these Courts during the year.

41. The total number of crimes committed during the year was 174, which, with the 1 case pending at the commencement of the year, brings the total up to 175. Of these 175 cases, 169 were disposed of, leaving a balance of 6—a very satisfactory result indeed.

42. Of the 255 persons apprehended, 156 were convicted, 90 were acquitted or discharged, and 9 remained under trial, at the close of the year. Of the 156 persons convicted, 96 were punished with fine, 8 with imprisonment and 52 with imprisonment and fine.

43. There was no offence of any extensive theft or robbery, nor of any heinous nature, committed during the year.

44. There was 1 appeal filed in the Court of the Raja Saheb, against the decision of the Dewan's Court, and 8 in that of the Dewan against the decision of the Nyayadhish Court. In the 1 appeal before the Raja Saheb the sentence was confirmed. Of the 8 appeals from the Nyayadhish Court, the sentence in 4 cases was confirmed, in 3 it was modified, and in 1 reversed. There was no appeal pending at the close of the year under report.

45. The work of the Criminal Courts of the State was on the whole very satisfactory.

(e) Extradition.

46. Three persons were surrendered by this State under the Extradition Act. One of these was surrendered to the Baroda Authorities, one to the Sulgana Assistant Political Agent, and one to the British Districts. Two persons were surrendered for trial to this State, 1 by the Baroda Authorities and 1 by the Dang Dewan. The one accused surrendered by the Baroda Authorities was convicted and sentenced; while the other, surrendered by the Dang Dewan, is under trial.

(f) Prisons.

47. There is only 1 Jail in the State and that is situated in the town of Bansda. The Jail building is well situated, with arrangements for ample light and free ventilation. The Sanitary arrangements are excellent. The Chief Medical Officer of the State is the Jail Superintendent, who attends to the health, diet and sanitary wants of the prisoners.

48. The Dewan, the Naib Dewan and the Nyayadhish have been appointed visitors of the Jail who have each to pay two visits at least to the Jail every month. The Raja Saheb too frequently visits the Jail and is very particular about the cleanliness, and sanitary arrangements of the building, as well as the diet and water of the criminals.

49. There were 8 convicts in the Jail at the commencement of the year, and 65 new were admitted during the year, which gives a total of 73 against 137 of the previous year. The daily attendance in the Jail was 13 against 19 last year. The number of convicts remaining in the Jail, at the end of the year under report, was 7.

50. There occurred no death among the inmates of the Jail, and the general health and conduct of the prisoners was satisfactory. All this speaks excellently of the sanitary and other arrangements preserved in the Jail.

51. The total cost of maintaining the Jail was Rs. 410 for the year.

52. There is no separate lock-up for under trial prisoners, but separate arrangements are made in the Jail building for keeping them, the period of custody not exceeding a few days in each case.

(g) Civil Justice.

53. The number of Civil Original Courts in the State is 2—the Dewan's Court and the Nyayadhish Court.

54. Appendix XIII shows the number and value of original suits filed and disposed of during the year. There were 316 original civil suits in all for disposal during the year, against 128 during the previous year. Of these, 270 suits of the aggregate value of Rs. 19,320 have been disposed of, against 119 of the last year, leaving a balance of 46 against 9 of the previous year.

55. The balance of 46 for the year, against 9 of the previous year, is indeed higher, but, looking to the number of suits filed during the year, which is far greater than that of the previous year, the results of the year under report are sufficiently satisfactory. The average duration of these suits was 9 months and 17 days in the Dewan's Court, and 1 month and 6 days in the Nyayadhish Court.

Execution of Decrees.

56. Appendix XIV gives the results of applications for execution of decrees. There was an opening balance of 130 applications, and 193 more were filed during the year, making a total of 323. Of these only 37 have been disposed of, leaving a balance of 286.

57. The ryots of this State being very poor, decrees are generally executed by payment by monthly instalments. Applications for execution are thus finally disposed of, when all the instalments have been paid. This is why the balance of 286 applications stands as undisposed of.

58. There were no miscellaneous applications, such as, for certificate of heirship, administration, &c., filed during the year.

Civil Appeals.

59. There are 2 Civil Appellate Courts—one is the Dewan's Court, the other being the Huzur Court of the Raja Saheb. The Dewan's Court hears appeals from the decisions of the Nyayadhish Court, and the Huzur Court from those of the Dewan's.

60. There was 1 appeal filed in the Raja Saheb's Huzur Court, and 2 in the Dewan's Court. All these three appeals have been disposed of. In the 1 appeal before the Raja Saheb, the decision of the lower court was reversed, while in one of the two appeals in the Dewan's Court the decision of the lower court was reversed, and, in the other, it was amended.

61. The average duration of appeals before the Huzur Court was 18 days, it being 1 month and 20 days before the Dewan's Court. The total value of the property, involved in the appeals filed during the year, was Rs. 1998.

62. The following statement of the civil appellate work shows that the work done during the year has been quite satisfactory :—

Name of Court.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year.		Total.		Disposed of during		Closing balance.		Value of appeals filed during the year.		How disposed of.						Average duration.					
													Decisions confirmed.		Decisions reversed.		Decisions amended.		Cases remanded for retrial.		Cases compromised and otherwise disposed of.		Years.	Months.	Days.	Years.	Months.	Days.
	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.			1898-99.		
The Raja Saheb's Huzur ...	...	...	1	1	1	1	1	1	...	...	32	39	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	21	...	...	...	18
The Dewan's	..	..	..	2	...	2	...	2	..	...	...	1,959	..	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	20
Total ...	...	.	1	3	1	3	1	3	...	..	32	1,998	1	...	...	2	.	1	...	...	...	...	...					

(k) Registration.

63. The following statement and appendix XV give the details of documents registered during the year under report. 11 deeds of the value of Rs. 3,943 were registered against 1 of Rs. 457 of the previous year, the fees realized being Rs. 30-8-0. Two documents were refused registration :—

Description.	1897-98.			1898-99.			Remarks.
	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realized.	Number of deeds.	Value of property.	Fees realized.	
		Rs.	Rs. a. p.		Rs.	Rs. a. p.	
Mortgage	...	.....	.....	2	499	2 8 0	
Sale	...	.....	.....	6	1,797	15 8 0	
Will	1	457	4 12 0	3	1,647	12 8 0	
Miscellaneous ...	...	.....	.....	...	.....	.....	
Total ...	1	457	4 12 0	11	3,943	30 8 0	
Expenditure ...	Debited to the Dewan's office by which the work is done.						
Net profit	...	...	4 12 0	...	.....	30 8 0	

64. With the increase of money and other transactions, the number of documents for registration is bound to increase, in course of time, as the people begin to understand and realize the importance thereof.

(i) Municipality.

65. Bansda is the only town in the State, with a population of 3,000 persons, which boasts of a Municipality. It is entirely maintained by the State and administered by a State officer. The chief control over the Municipality is in the hands of the Chief Medical Officer, who looks after the sanitary arrangements of the town. The town presents a very neat and orderly appearance, the streets being properly cleansed and lighted.

66. There was no epidemic appearance in the town during the year. The Municipality possesses 3 fire engines, which serve very useful purpose, in case of fire breaking out, of which fortunately there was none during the year under report.

67. The total cost of maintaining the Municipality was Rs 2,869 for the year.

CHAPTER IV.—Production and Distribution.

(a) Agriculture, Weather and Crops.

68. As remarked above in para 14 of this Report, there are many naturally adverse circumstances, which operate against any very great improvement in the agriculture of the State lands. The great bulk—nay almost the whole—of the cultivating class in the State is Kaliparaj, wholly illiterate and most backward in the art of cultivation. Their wants are few—in fact none, excepting their very simple daily meals. These circumstances very naturally keep them contented. They never cared to know what it was to manure the lands; but the efforts of impressing upon their minds the advantage of manure and proper cultivation for these fifteen years have produced some—though not a great—effect for good in this direction.

69. The Raja Saheb adopts every measure to make this illiterate cultivating class understand the advantages of proper cultivation. He opened schools to educate them, gave them every facility to possess sufficient and proper means of husbandry, freely makes advances of grains for seeds and maintenance, and money, at a very low rate of interest, for purchasing live-stock and implements and sinking wells, and gave them timber free and at nominal prices for ploughs and building purposes. In short no means have been spared to give them every encouragement and inducement to improve agriculture.

70. Leases of land have been offered with special concessions to induce outsiders to settle and take up cultivation in the State. But the unhealthy climate of the country—bad water, and the poor nature of the soil, have worked against much being done in this respect.

71. Some people from outside have taken advantage of these concessions and settled in a very few villages, which are situated in the northern part of the State, removed from the forest and hilly parts. They have been making some progress in cultivation and trying to produce wheat, sugar-canes and cotton; but in this respect they have met with success only to a limited extent, for the nature of the soil goes against giving them any good crops of these.

72. During the year under report, 1,656 maunds of grain were advanced for seeds to the cultivators, and Rs. 8,993 were advanced in cash for the following purposes:—

For the purchase of bullocks	Rs. 4,693
For building purposes	Rs. 1,600
For agricultural improvements	Rs. 2,700

Of these, Rs. 300 were given free of interest and the rest, with an interest of $4\frac{7}{8}$ p. c. per annum.

73. Over and above the said advances, timber worth Rs. 2,774 was granted free to the cultivators for building and other agricultural purposes, during the year under report.

74. These advances in grain and money, at a low rate of interest, and free grant of timber, have really been a great boon to these poor people, and they have been freely taking advantage of the same.

75. Appendix XVI gives details of the Agricultural stock during the year under report. The statement shows a steady increase in the number of cattle and ploughs and carts. It is a sure sign of progress.

76. The Annual Diamond Jubilee Agricultural Show was held during the year on the 1st of the month of Margshirsh. There were three committees appointed—1 Corn and Vegetables, 2 Cattle, and 3 Implements. There was a greater number of these exhibited this year than in the previous year. The Raja Sheb, with his Heir-apparent Kumar Shri Indrasinghji, was present on the occasion, and after impressing upon them the advantages of such annual shows, distributed prizes of the value of Rs. 104-12-0 to the owners of the corn, cattle and implements selected by the committees. The people seemed to be enjoying and taking greater interest in this year's annual show.

Weather and Crops.

77. The total rainfall during the year under report was 103 inches against 63 in 1897 and 100 in 1896.

78. The weather was malarious in the cold season, as is usually the case in these parts; but, on the whole, the general health of the people during the year was good. The minimum temperature for the year was 54° against 60° last year, and the maximum was 111° against 106° last year, the daily average being 84° against 82° last year.

79. Though the rainfall for the year was a little above the average, the turn-out of crops was not as expected. The yield of Egyptian cotton, that was sown, was very poor. The cultivators had to be granted remissions to the amount of Rs. 813-6-5 this year.

(b) Wages, Labour and prices of Food-grains.

80. There has been no change in the ordinary wages of labourers during the year under report. There was a small fall in the prices of almost all the food grains.

(c) Forests.

81. The British system of Forest Conservancy is generally followed in the State. The forest area has been clearly defined, and the reserved portions of the forests have been kept untouched and well taken care of. Great attention is paid to see that the Forest Laws do not cause any unnecessary hardship and inconvenience to the cultivators, who are freely allowed grazing for their cattle and fuel-cutting in the unreserved parts.

82. There are certain rules which regulate the grant of timber to the cultivators for implements of husbandry; as well as to the non-agriculturists for building purposes.

83. During the year under report, timber worth Rs. 3,261-12-0 was granted to the cultivators. Rs. 487-6-9 worth of timber, out of these, was granted at a low price, while timber, valued at Rs. 2,774-5-3, was granted free.

84. During the year under report, Mowhra seeds were planted in certain places; while at the villages of Bhinar, Bhamti, and other places, seeds of Ahmedabadi soft Babul were planted. The old plantations are thriving and in good condition.

(d) Trade and Manufacture.

85. There is no trade or manufacture worth the name, in the Bansda State, nor is there any mill or factory; only bamboo mats and baskets, and woollen blankets and jackets, used by Kaliparaj people, are made by the poor people and sold locally.

(e) Fairs.

86. There is only one Fair of any importance held in the State, and that is the annual Unai fair. Owing to the prevalance of the plague in Surat and other districts it was not held during the two previous years. This year, however, it was held, as usual, and passed off smoothly.

(f) Public Works.

87. The total amount spent on Public Works, during the year was Rs. 38,946 against Rs. 34,187 of the previous year. The whole of this amount was spent by the State, there being no contribution from the Local or any other Fund.

88. The following table shows how the above amount was spent :—

Works.	State Fund.	Local Fund.	Remarks.
Repairs.	Rs.		
Tanks and Wells.	185		
Roads and Road-side trees	3,711		
Palace	784		
Schools	257		
Dharamshala	462		
Ootaras	473		
Jail	128		
Cattle pounds...	64		
Quarters for new settlers	2,771		
Dispensary	148		
Bund	86		
	9,069		
New Works.			
Roads and Nullahs	1,362		
Tanks and Wells	1,097		
Bund and River shore	3,953		
Establishment	1,873		
Tools and plants	80		
Gymnasium...	121		
Dharmshala	2,605		
Work-houses for Engineering Department	387		
Dispensary (male and female wards) ...	1,319		
Quarters for new settlers	3,485		
Stables	4,506		
Addition to the Palace...	4,325		
Guest House	748		
Police Gate	200		
Forest office	1,070		
Distillery and Liquor shops	2,469		
Jail	228		
Ferryman's House	49		
	29,877		
Total ...	38,946		

89. It will appear from the above statement that the amount spent on Public Works exceeded that of the previous year by Rs. 4,759. Rs. 27,924 of the total amount were spent on New Works. Of the New Works, the following may be specially noted.

90. The river near the town of Bansda very often ran short of water in the hot weather, and it occasioned great hardship to the cattle as well as the people of the Bansda Town. A Bund has therefore been constructed this year across the river and the river shore on this side is also built pucca, at a total cost of Rs. 3,953.

91. New settlers have been of late coming in at the village of Kathrote, but there were no pucca quarters for them to live in on their arrival. To

remove this difficulty, 11 separate quarters have been built, almost all of which have already been occupied. This is really a very great and necessary convenience made to induce new settlers to the State. The quarters cost Rs. 3,485.

92. A Dharamshala was considered a great necessity for travellers at the village of Valzar, and it has been constructed during the year at a cost of Rs. 524-12-1.

93. There were no male and female wards for indoor patients in the Dispensary at Bansda and the want has been supplied this year at a cost of Rs 1,319.

94. Besides the above sums, Rs. 2,459 were spent on Roads, Wells, &c., and Rs. 2,080 on a new Dharamshala at Bansda.

Chapter V.—Revenue and Finance.

95. Full details under different heads of Income and Expenditure for the year under report are given in Appendix XVII.

96. It would appear from these details that there is an increase of Rs. 15,447 under certain heads, and a decrease of Rs. 11,204 under others, in the Income, giving a net increase of Rs. 4,243 in the total Income for the year under report.

97. On the expenditure side, there is an increase of Rs. 50,967 under certain heads, and a decrease of Rs 48,080 under others, giving a net increase of Rs. 2,887 in the total expenditure for the year.

98. The increase in the year's income, over that of the last year, is chiefly under the heads of Land Revenue, Criminal fines, Giras, Toll, Shirpav and Chandla and Miscellaneous.

99. The increase in Land Revenue is occasioned by more land being brought under cultivation. The increase under the Giras head is due to a simultaneous receipt of the Giras Huk for 2 years. The Tolls brought in an increase owing to more traffic having passed from the Dangs through the Bansda territory. There was an increase in Shirpav and Chandla owing to the occasion of the Padanom ceremonies of Kumar Shri Natvarsinghji.

100. The decrease in the income occurred chiefly under the Forest, Abkari, and the Interest on Loans heads. Abkari had a decrease, because a less number of gallons of liquor was sold this year.

101. There was an increase in the year's Expenditure under the heads of Public Works, Paga, Remissions, Shirpav and Chandla, Purchase of clothes and furniture and shares.

102. Last year, 17 horses died of the disease Anthrax, which prevailed among the horses of the Paga, and new horses had to be purchased this year, which entailed the increase of expenditure under the Paga Head.

103. Rs. 4,759 more were spent on Public Works this year. This occasioned an increase in the expenditure under that Head.

104. Some special clothes and furniture had to be purchased on the occasion of the Padanom ceremonies and this caused an increase of expenditure under that Head.

105. There was a great decrease in the expenditure for the year under the heads of Jewellery, Abkari, Huzur Establishment, Pocket and Kitchen expenses, and under Veterinary and purchase of Loans Heads.

106. The expenses under the Jewellery Head came down by Rs. 11,947 during the year under report.

107. Receipts and expenditure on account of Tagavi advances are given at the foot of the statement.

108. Grain advances are also made, but they do not appear in the cash account.

109. The above results show that the expenditure in the various Departments of the State has been regulated with great prudence.

110. The financial position of the State, it will be noted has been perfectly sound and exceedingly satisfactory.

CHAPTER. VI.—Vital statistics.

111. The Bansda State has two Medical Institutions. 1. The Ratankunverba Dispensary at Bansda. 2. The Travelling Dispensary for the District.

112. These institutions were maintained at a total cost of Rs. 4,542 against Rs. 4,682 in the previous year.

113. The following table shows the amount of medical relief afforded to the sick during the year under report, as compared with the preceding year :—

Hospital.	Subject.	1897–98.	1898–99.
The Ratan Kuverba Hospital.	Outdoor new patients ...	8,852	7,687
	Do. old do. ...	23,898	19,340
	Indoor patients	66	39
	Total ...	32,816	27,066
	Daily average	89·9	74·1
	Number died	15	17
	Major operations... ...	5	8
	Minor Do.	240	266
	Total ...	245	274
Travelling Dispensary.	Outdoor new cases ...	669	435
	Do. old do. ...	623	467
	Total ...	1,292	902
	Daily average	5·98	4·23

114. The total number of patients treated during the year was 27,066, against 32,816 last year, in the Ratan Kuverba Hospital. The average daily attendance of outdoor and indoor patients was 74·1 against 89·9 last year. 47 prisoners were treated this year.

115. The prevailing diseases were malarial fevers, rheumatic affections, conjunctivities, diseases of liver, spleen and bowels and ear, intestinal worms and diseases of respiratory system and skin.

116. The number of surgical operations performed during the year was 274 against 245 last year; of the 274, 266 were minor and 8 major operations. All these proved successful. 5 post-mortems were held by the Chief Medical Officer.

117. There was a total absence of Cholera and other epidemic diseases in the State during the year.

Travelling Dispensary.

118. The Travelling Dispensary is found to be a great blessing to the village people. The medical man in charge of this Dispensary moves about in the District with his medicines. Generally he takes his camp to a certain central place in one part, and thence visits the surrounding villages. Then he goes on to another part and so on.

119. The total number of patients who availed themselves of this dispensary was 467 against 623 last year, the daily average being 4·23 against 5·98 last year.

120. There is a fall in the number of patients this year; but it is due to the fact that the medical man in charge of the Travelling Dispensary had for a time to be placed on general plague duty, there being plague in some of the surrounding Districts.

Veterinary Dispensary.

121. During the year under report the total number of animals treated was 308 against 447 last year, of these, 142 were horses, 61 mares, 11 colts and fillies, 36 bullocks, 18 calves, 20 buffaloes, 8 cows, and 12 goats, sheep and donkeys.

122. The Veterinary Doctor performed 2 minor operations and 4 deliveries.

Births and Deaths.

123. The following table gives details of births and deaths registered during the year of report, as compared with the preceding year :—

Item.	1897-89.	1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.
Births... ...	655	789	134	...
Deaths ...	549	647	98	...

124. The village officers have to keep a regular register of births and deaths. The people of the Kaliparaj class are very loath to report births and deaths in their families, but the difficulties are gradually lessening and every possible care is taken to see that a correct record of these is kept regularly by the village officers, who are held responsible for the same.

Vaccination.

125. The number of persons vaccinated during the year is given in the following statement :—

Operation by whom performed.	Number of persons vaccinated in		Results.			
			Successful.		Unsuccessful.	
	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.
State Vaccinator ...	1,263	1,289	1,263	1,289	.....	.....

126. 1,289 persons were vaccinated during the year as against 1,263 last year. All of these operations proved successful.

127. The total cost of maintaining the Department was Rs. 347 against Rs. 366 last year.

128. Notwithstanding the prevalence of plague in other parts of the Presidency, the Bansda State has been fortunate this year also, inasmuch as it was able to take all sorts of preventive measures to keep it off and with success. All the measures necessary for the prevention of plague were taken in time, and a strict supervision was kept to see that no person coming from the affected parts was allowed to pass into the Bansda territory without proper examination.

129. Special attention was paid to the sanitation of the town of Bansda, and all necessary sanitary measures were adopted for keeping the town well-swept and cleanly.

CHAPTER VII.—Instruction.

130. The following table gives all the details concerning the progress of education, the number of schools, the attendance of boys and girls, the standards of Instruction, and the average daily attendance for the year under report:—

No.	Description of Schools.	Number of pupils on the roll on 31st March.		Daily average attendance.	Standard up to which instruction is imparted	Remarks.
		1898.	1899.			
1	Bansda A. V. School ...	39	35	30	V	
2	Do. Vernacular... ...	143	145	96	VI	
3	Chapaldhara	62	62	38	IV	
4	Wandervella	45	40	20	V	
5	Bhinar	30	22	18	IV	
6	Moti Valzar...	19	27	15	IV	
7	Sindhai	69	61	48	IV	
8	Charvi	19	22	15	IV	
9	Andhatri	35	33	24	IV	
10	Kurelia	23	22	13	III	
11	Limzar	13	22	12	III	
12	Upsal	19	3	5	V	The school at Upsal has been transferred to Kantesvel.
13	Lakhavadi	13	13	10	V	
14	Kathrot	26	28	17	IV.	
15	Bansda Girls' School ...	73	71	42	VI	
	Total ...	628	606	403	.....	

131. As there could be had no sufficient number of boys to attend the school at Upsal, it was recently transferred to Kantesvel, where the number on the register promises to run up high in course of time.

132. The number of schools is the same as last year, and the number of students receiving instruction in these schools was, on the 31st of March 606, against 628 last year. The daily average attendance was 403. The number on the 31st March was smaller than last year owing to the fact mentioned in para 131; but since the school at Upsal was transferred to Kantesvel, the number is beginning to come up.

133. The 2nd Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector, Surat District, examined the schools during the year, and his report is very favourable. He makes a special mention of the Bansda Girls' school, Chapuldhara, Kathrot, Lakhavadi, Valzar, Bhinar, Charvi, and Andhatri schools, as having done better work than last year. Of these the Bansda Girls' school and the Chapaldhara school have, he says, given the best work.

134. The Assistant Deputy Educational Inspector also remarks. "The Sindhai, Charvi, Limzar, and Valzar schools have Kaliparaj masters, and they have all shown pretty good work. The Kaliparaj assistant at Andhatri has shown very good work."

135. As to the condition of the schools and materials in general, he says, "The schools are adequately supplied with necessary things and have buildings of their own. They are well looked after by the State authorities."

136. These results speak for themselves, and it is gratifying to note that the efforts of the Raja Saheb to educate the Kaliparaj people and utilize their services as teachers, so as to impart education to this people by means of teachers of their own class, are meeting with success, even if it be to a limited extent.

137. There is one Sanskrit Pathshala, recently opened at Bansda, at the expense of the Darbar. This Pathshala has been opened in memory of the late lamented Rani Saheb Akhand Shobhagyavanta Alirajpurvala Shri Himut Kuverba Saheb, mother of the Heir-apparent. It has 30 pupils on its register. Religious instruction is imparted in this class by a Shastri teacher employed by the State.

Chapter VIII.— Miscellaneous.

138. The total number of wild animals destroyed during the year was 9, six of these being panthers, and three jaraks, and one crocodile was caught alive. Rs. 46-8-1 were distributed as rewards for killing these animals.

139. One of the above panthers attacked a middle-aged man while at the river side. The man, however, with good presence of mind, caught him by the neck and called out to his father. The father ran up and gave the animal 2 wounds by the instrument called Chandrabhan, which brought the animal to the ground. Both the father and the son were rewarded, for their courage and bravery by the Raja Saheb, with dresses, over and above the usual grant in money.

140. There was no death caused by wild animals; but there were 5 deaths caused by snake-bite.

141. Bansda Town possesses a Branch Post Office. There is no Telegraph office nor a printing press in the State.

142. The State records are as usual classified, arranged, and kept in good order, in a separate building.

143. The town of Bansda has a public Free Library; and it is styled "The Gulabsinghji Library." It is entirely maintained by the State, the expenditure for the year on its account being Rs. 117.

144. The State levies no transit duty nor tax of any kind.

BANSDA,
12th August, 1899.

HARGOVIND HARNARAYEN,
Dewan,
Bansda State.

Appendix I.

POLITICAL RELATIONS of NATIVE STATES.

Name of State.	Tribute in men or money.		Estimated population.	Schools.	Persons being taught.	Persons who have been vaccinated.	Prevailing diseases.	Supposed gross revenue.	Military Force.	Transit dues levied or not.	Principal articles of production, manufactures, and mines.
	Amount.	To whom payable.									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Bansda State ...	Rs. a. p. 153 8 0	British Government.	According to the Census of 1891, 41,373.	15	606	1,289	Malarial fevers, Rheumatic and Syphilitic affections, diseases of liver, spleen and bowels, and ear conjunctivities, Intestinal worms, diseases of respiratory system and skin.	Rs. 3,36,959	Nil.	Not	Agricultural products:—Rice, Nagli, Gram, Jowar, Kodra, and Pulses. Manufactures:—Bamboo-mats, fans, and baskets. Road metal is found in quarries.

HARGOVIND HARNARAYEN VYAS,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Sd/ J. W. A. Weir
Agent to H. E. the Governor
at Surat.

Appendix II.

NATIVE CHIEFS, principal male members of their families and principal members of their Courts, 1898-99.

No.	Name of Individual, State, and Family to which he belongs.	Residence	Present position.	Caste, race and religion.	Age.	How and where educated.	How employed.	Has Sanad authorizing adoption or not.	Family follows primogeniture or not.	Has male heirs or not.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Maharaul Shri Pratapsinghji Gulabsinghji, Bansda State, Wansadia family	Bansda Town.	Raja Saheb.	Solanki Rajput Hindu Shaiv.	35	Educated at the Rajkumar College at Rajkote in Kathiawar.	Ruling his State.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	
2	Maharaul Shri Indrasinghji Pratapsinghji, Bansda State, Wansadia family	Do.	Patvi Kunver (Heir-apparent.)	Do.	11						
3	Maharaul Shri Pravinsinghji Pratapsinghji, Bansda State, Wansadia family	Do.	2nd Prince.	Do.	8						
4	Maharaul Shri Natvarsinghji Pratapsinghji, Bansda State, Wansadia family	Do.	3rd Prince.	Do.	4						
5	Hargovind Harnarayan, Vyas family	Bardoli in Surat District.	Dewan.	Audich Sahasra Brahmin, Hindu Shaiv.	42	Undergraduate of the Bombay University and District Pleader.	Controller of all the Departments of the State.				
6	Pranshanker Dayashanker, Pathak family	Bardoli in Surat District.	Naib Dewan.	Audich Sahasra Brahmin, Hindu Shaiv.	43	Graduate of the Civil Engineering College, Poona.	Head of the Revenue and Public Works Department.				
7	Damodar Gopal Abhyanker family	Poona.	Chief Medical Officer, Sanitary Commissioner, and Jail Superintendent.	Mahratha Brahmin Hindu Shaiv.	30	Graduate of the Grant Medical College and Veterinary College, Bombay.	Chief Medical Officer, Sanitary Commissioner and Jail Superintendent.				

HARGOVIND HARNARAYEN VYAS,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Sd/ J. W. A Weir
Asst Col-L. the Governor
at Surat

Appendix III.

CIVIL DIVISIONS of TERRITORY, under Political Control, 1898–99.

Division.	Executive Division.	Number of Executive sub-divisions	Area in square miles.	Population.	Chief town with population.		Number of villages.	Number of Civil Judges.	Number of Stipendiary Magistrates.	Maximum distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Average distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Number of Police.	Total cost of officials and Police of all kinds.	State Revenue.		Remarks.
					Head-quarter town.	Population.								Land.	Gross.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Surat Agency.	Bansda.	...	215	According to census of 1891. 41,373	Bansda... ...	3,003	87	2	2	16	7½	112	12,120	1,31,538	3,36,959	

HARGOVIND HARNARAYEN VYAS,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix IV.

POPULATION of BANSDA STATE, 1898-99.

Commissionership.	District.	Inhabited houses.	Population in 1899.						Classification of population of the general census of 1891.								Occupation.			Emigration or immigration during the year.	Remarks.
			Men.	Women.	Children under 15 years.		Total.	Number per square mile.	Christians.			Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Parsis.	Buddhists and Jains.	Aboriginals.	Others.	Total male agriculturists including landlords, cultivators and agricultural labourers.	Total non-agricultural males.	Prevailing languages.		
					Male.	Female.			Europeans.	East Indian or mixed races.	Natives.											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Northern Division.	Bansda.	7,382	21,680	20,177	Included in Column 4.	Included in Column 5.	41,857	194	...	...	...	40,311	888	137	37	...	...	21,200	289	Gujarati and Marathi.	...	

HARGOVIND HARNARAYEN VYAS,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix V.

STATEMENT showing the Strength, Cost, and other particulars of the MILITARY FORCE in the BANSDA STATE, 1898-99.

ARM OF SERVICE.	TOTAL NUMBER OF FIGHTING OFFICERS AND MEN.								DETAILS OF FORCE AT THE END OF THE YEAR.						Total cost of pay and allowances of Officers, Non-commissioned Officers and men, including followers	REMARKS.
	Remaining at the end of the year.	Recruited this year. (a)	Died.			Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c. (b)	Remaining at the end of the year.	Number of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of guns.	Number of men.					
			In action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-commissioned Officers.	Fighting men.		
Cavalry	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	There is no regular Military force, but there are 32 sowars who serve as Police Sowars and escorts, &c. There is a party of 27 Arabs who serve as Palace and Treasury guards and are included in the Police.
Sappers	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Artillery	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Infantry	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	

HARGOVIND HARNARAYEN VYAS,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix VI.

STATEMENT showing the Strength, Cost, Discipline and Education of the POLICE of the BANSDA STATE, 1898–99.

Description of Officers.	Number.	Pay of the Grade.	Total Expenditure.	Punishments.			Rewards.		Education.		Remarks.
				Dismissed.	Fined, degraded or suspended departmentally.	Judicially punished.	By promotion.	By money rewards.	Number able to read and write.	Number under instruction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Chief Police Inspector	...	...		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	...	Including 27 Arabs and a few other guards.
Inspector of Police	...	...		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	...	
Chief Constable	1	45		.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	...	
Head Constables	1	37	Rs. 12,120 Including accoutrements.	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	...	The Abkari peons (18) are not included in the statement. There are also 32 Sowars in the Paga who perform Police and other duties.
	1	35		.....	.....	.....	.....	1	1	...	
	1	31		.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1	...	
	1	13		.....	.....	.....	1	.....	1	...	
	1	11		.....	.....	.....	...	.....	...	...	
Constables of Different Classes ...	3	10		.....	3	.....	.....	.....	3	...	
	8	9		.....	3	.....	1	.....	3	...	
	10	8		.....	2	.....	.....	1	6	...	
	5	$7\frac{1}{2}$		.....	1	.....	1	.....	2	...	
	80	7 and under.		11	19	1	11	4	23	...	
Total ...	112	.....	.....	11	28	1	15	7	42	...	

HARGOVIND HARNARAYEN VYAS,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix VII.

STATEMENT showing the results of the working of the POLICE in BANSDA STATE, during the year 1898-99.

NAME OF STATE.	Number of offences.		Number of accused arrested.		Number of accused sent for trial.		Number of accused convicted.		Number of accused acquitted or discharged.		Percentage convicted of accused arrested. (Columns 3 & 4).		Percentage convicted of accused sent for trial.		REMARKS.
	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
Bansda State... ...	110	78	168	114	168	114	161	85	7	20	96	81	96	81	9 persons in six cases remained under trial at the end of the year.

HARGOVIND HARNARAYEN VYAS,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix VIII.

STATEMENT showing the VALUE of PROPERTY stolen and amount of recoveries in BANSDA STATE, during the year 1898-99.

STATE.	Amount stolen.		Amount recovered.		Percentage of recoveries of property stolen.		REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	
Bansda	371	489	177	403	48	82	

HARGOVIND HARNARAYEN VYAS,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix

STATEMENT showing the number of CRIMES COMMITTED, number during the year

Number.	Description of Crime or Offence.	Number of Crimes.			Number of cases disposed of during 1898-99.	Number of cases undisposed of during 1898-99.	Number of persons apprehended.	Number of persons convicted
		Balance on 31st July 1898.	Committed during 1898-99.	Total.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	Offences under Abkari Act	...	18	18	17	1	26	20
2	Giving false information to a public servant...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
3	Abetment of an offence punishable with imprisonment, if the offence be not committed in consequence of the abetment	...	1	1	1	...	2	...
4	Disobedience to an order lawfully promulgated by a public servant, if such disobedience causes obstruction, annoyance, or injury to persons lawfully employed	...	2	2	2	...	3	3
5	False charge of offence made with intent to injure	..	1	1	1	...	1	1
6	Escape from confinement negligently suffered by a public servant...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
7	Resistence by a person to his lawful apprehension	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
8	Having any counterfeit coin known to be such when it came into possession and delivering the same to any person	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
9	Delivery of Queen's coin possessed with the knowledge that it is altered	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
10	Selling any food or drink as food or drink knowing the same to be noxious	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
11	Attempt to commit suicide	...	2	2	2	...	2	2
12	Abetment of an act done with intent to prevent a child being born alive, or to cause it to die after its birth ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
13	Concealment of birth by secret disposal of dead body ...	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
14	Voluntarily causing hurt	...	38	38	38	...	59	19
15	Do. by dangerous weapons or means...	...	2	2	2	...	2	2
16	Voluntarily causing grievous hurt	...	1	1	1	...	5	5
17	Voluntarily causing hurt to extort property...	...	1	1	1	...	3	...
18	Voluntarily causing hurt on grave and sudden provocation...	...	5	5	5	...	7	7
19	Causing grievous hurt on grave and sudden provocation not intending to hurt any other person than the person who gave provocation	...	2	2	2	...	2	2
20	Wrongfully restraining any person	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
21	Assault or use of criminal force otherwise than on grave provocation	...	5	5	5	...	9	5
22	Assault or use of criminal force on grave and sudden provocation	...	3	3	3	...	3	3
23	Rape	...	1	1	...	1	1	...
24	Theft	1	13	14	14	...	24	22
25	Theft in a building	...	11	11	10	1	12	9
26	Theft by servant of property in possession of master or employer	...	4	4	3	1	6	2
27	Extortion	...	1	1	1	...	2	2
28	Dishonest misappropriation of moveable property	...	2	2	2	...	2	2
29	Criminal breach of trust by a clerk or a servant	...	2	2	2	...	2	2
30	Assisting in concealment of stolen property, knowing it to be stolen	...	2	2	2	...	3	3
31	Mischief	...	3	3	3	...	9	9
32	Mischief by killing any animal of the value of 10 rupees or upwards	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
33	Mischief by fire with intent to destroy a house	...	3	3	2	1	3	...
34	Criminal trespass	...	4	4	4	...	5	3
35	House-trespass	...	1	1	1	...	2	2
36	House breaking in order to the commission of an offence punishable with imprisonment	...	1	1	1	...	1	1
37	House breaking by night	...	2	2	2	...	3	3
38	Adultery	...	1	1	1	...	1	...
39	Defamation	...	6	6	6	...	6	1
40	Insult intended to provoke a breach of the peace	...	22	22	22	...	32	18
41	Criminal intimidation	...	2	2	2	...	2	...
42	Other acts	...	2	2	1	1	5	1
	Total ...	1	174	175	169	6	255	156

IX.

of cases disposed of, and cases awaiting trial in the BANSDA STATE, 1898-99.

Number of persons Sentenced to							Number of persons acquitted or discharged.	Number of persons confined being insane.	Number of persons died, during or before trial.	Terms of Imprisonment.								Remarks.
Imprisonment.		Imprisonment and fine.		Fine only.	Whipping.	Total.				Under 1 month.	From 1 to 2 months.	From 2 to 3 months.	From 3 to 6 months.	From 6 to 12 months.	From 1 to 2 years.	From 2 to 3 years.	From 3 to 5 years.	Above 5 years.	
Simple.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Rigorous.																
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
...	...	...	...	20	...	20	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	4	15	...	19	40	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	5	...	...	5	...	...	...	1	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	6	...	7	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	5	...	5	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	3	...	14	5	...	22	2	...	...	13	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	
...	4	...	5	...	...	9	2	...	...	2	4	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	2	...	...	2	3	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	3	...	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	9	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	3	...	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	2	1	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1	17	...	18	14	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	8	4	48	96	...	156	90	...	...	33	14	5	5	2	1	...	...	...	

HARGOVIND HARNARAYEN VYAS,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix X.

STATEMENT showing the NUMBER of OFFENCES reported and offences dealt with in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1898-99 ending July.

Name of Court.	Number of offences reported during the year.		Number of persons dealt with.								Persons disposed of					Persons remaining at the end of the year.	Remarks.
			Remaining at the end of last year.	Brought to trial 1898-99.					Total.								
	1897-98.	1898-99.		Arrested by Police.	Upon warrant.	Upon summons.	Voluntarily.	Arrested in the presence of a Magistrate.	1897-98.	1898-99.	Discharged without trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
The Dewan's	25	15	...	14	...	6	...	1	38	21	4	8	5	...	...	6	*2 Cases with 2 persons were committed by the Nyayadhish Court.
The Naib Dewan's ...	85	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	115	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
The Nyayadhish's ...	49	160	1	100	...	131	1	1	80	234	45	33	151	2*	...	3	*2 Cases with two persons were committed to the Dewan's office.
The Head Karkun's ...	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	179	175	1	114	...	137	1	2	261	255	49	41	156	2	...	9	

HARGOVIND HARNARAYEN VYAS,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XI.

STATEMENT showing the RESULTS of APPEALS against decisions passed by the CRIMINAL COURTS in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1898-99 ending July.

State.	Tribunals.	Number of applications.	Number of persons and cases.																										Remarks.
			Applications rejected.				Sentences. Confirmed.				Modified.				Reversed.				Proceedings quashed.				Referred.				Further enquiry, &c., ordered.				Pending.				
			Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		Persons.		Cases.		
			1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
Bansda	The Raja Saheb ...	1	...	...	...	...	10	1	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	The Dewan's	8	1	...	1	...	1	5	1	4	1	8	1	3	2	1	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...	9	1	...	1	...	11	6	3	5	1	8	1	3	2	1	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

HARGOVIND HARNARAYEN VYAS,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XII.

STATEMENT showing the number of persons convicted in the JAIL in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1898-99 ending July.

Station.	Number of prisoners.	Number of prisoners.				Daily average in Jail.		Number of prisoners remaining at the end of the year.	Total cost of Jail and prisoners.	Remarks showing mortality among convicts in the Jail.
		Remaining from last year.	Admitted during the year.	Total.						
				1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
									Rs.	
Bansda	73	8	65	137	73	19	13	7	410	None

HARGOVIND HARNARAYEN VYAS,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XIII.

CIVIL WORK—Nature and value of ORIGINAL SUITS filed and disposed of in the BANSDA STATE during the year, 1898-99.

Number.	Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Filed during the year.		Total.		Disposed of during the year.		Closing balance.		Suits filed in 1898-99.									Suits disposed of in 1898-99.							Remarks.
												Value.	Nature of suits.								Nature of suits.				Value.	Average. duration.			
		1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.		Suits regarding lands and houses, &c.	Suits for money transactions.	Suits for other rights, &c.	Number of suits under Rs. 100.	Number of suits above Rs. 100 and under Rs. 500.	Number of suits above Rs. 500 and under Rs. 1000.	Number of suits above Rs. 1000 and under Rs. 5000.	Number of suits above Rs. 5000.	Exparte.	Admitted and compromised, &c.	Struck off the file, &c.	Contested.		Years.	Months.	Days.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27			28
												Rs.													Rs.				
1	The Dewan	1	1	47	...	48	1	47	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	8,070	...	9	17	
2	The Nyayadhish.	5	8	75	307	80	315	72	269	8	46	7,827	3	285	19	293	12	2	...	...	189	5	69	6	11,250	...	1	6	
	Total ...	6	9	122	307	128	316	119	270	9	46	7,827	3	285	19	293	12	2	...	...	190	5	69	6	19,320	...	...	...	

HARGOVIND HARNARAYEN VYAS,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XIV.

CIVIL WORK—RESULTS of APPLICATIONS for execution of decrees in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1898-99.

Number.	Tribunal.	Opening balance.		Value of opening balance. for 1898-99.	Applications brought to the register.			Total.			Disposed of.			Closing balance.			Nature of applications pending disposal at the close of 1898-99.			Remarks.
		1897-98.	1898-99.		1897-98.	1898-99.	Value for. 1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	Total value for 1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	Value for 1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	Value for 1898-99.	Below 6 months.	Above 6 months.	Above 12 months.	
1	2	3		4	5			6			7			8			9			10
				Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.			Rs. a. p.				
1	The Dewan	7	...	.....	6	...	.....	13	...	.....	13	...	.....	...	...	.....	...	...	...	
2	The Nyayadhish ...	109	130	4,929 13 0	68	193	6,064 11 10	177	323	10,994 8 10	47	37	305 11 0	130	286	10,688 13 10	80	99	107	
	Total ...	116	130	4,929 13 0	74	193	6,064 11 10	190	323	10,994 8 10	60	37	305 11 0	130	286	10,688 13 10	80	99	107	

HARGOVIND HARNARAYEN VYAS,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XV.

REGISTRATION of DOCUMENTS.

No.	Sub-Registry office.	Number of Documents presented.												Documents registered.		Value of Documents		Documents refused to be registered.		Documents remaining unregistered pending enquiry at the close of the year.		REMARKS.
		Documents presented for registration.		Mortgages.		Sale deeds.		Wills.		Money bonds.		Miscellaneous.										
		1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-90.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-98	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	1897-99.	1898-99.	1897-98.	1898-99.	
1	2	3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12		13
1	Bansda	1	13	...	2	...	8	1	3	...	...	...	...	1	11	Rs. 457	Rs. 3,943	...	2	...	...	

HARGOVIND HARNARAYEN VYAS,

Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XVI.

STATEMENT showing AGRICULTURAL STOCK in the BANSDA STATE, during the year 1898-99.

Number.	District.	Cattle and other Quadrupeds.									Ploughs.		Carts.		Remarks.
		Bullocks	Cows.	Buffaloes.		Horses.	Mares.	Colts and fillies.	Asses.	Sheep and Goats.	With two Bullocks	With four Bullocks	Riding carts.	Carts used in carrying	
				Male.	Female.										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1	Bansda	15,667	12,993	1,304	2,247	92	38	7	5	8,167	6,027	20	281	1,209	

HARGOVIND HARNARAYEN VYAS,
Dewan, Bansda State.

Appendix XVII.

INCOME.

No.	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1897-98.	A. D. 1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Land Revenue	1,29,732	1,31,538	1,806	.....
2	Forest	17,136	14,821	.....	2,315
3	Abkari liquor	1,52,026	1,48,171	.....	3,855
4	Do. Toddy	6,338	6,663	325	.....
5	Do. Bhang, Ganja	66	101	35	.....
6	Judicial fees	28	2	.....	26
7	Magisterial fines	606	1,157	551	.....
8	Interest on loans &c	10,335	6,219	.....	4,116
9	Opium	212	285	73	.....
10	Giras	279	6,507	6,228	.....
11	Tolls	1,821	2,246	425	.....
12	Ferries	12	12	.....	.....
13	Rent of Houses	1,524	1,555	31	.....
14	Rent of Estate outside the State.	435	217	.....	218
15	Miscellaneous	5,050	8,743	3,693	.....
16	Registration of documents ...	5	31	26	.....
17	School fees	226	221	.....	5
18	Pratapnivas Garden produce ...	92	95	3	.....
19	Jail...	502	335	.....	167
20	Cattle pounds	159	217	58	.....
21	Rewards and Chandla	4,001	6,194	2,193	.....
22	Stamp Sales	2,131	1,629	.....	502
	Carried forward ...	3,32,716	3,36,959	15,447	11,204

EXPENDITURE.

No.	Heads of Expenditure.	Fasli A. D. 1897-98.	Fasli A. D. 1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	Medical	4,682	4,542	.....	140
2	Forest	3,872	3,030	.....	842
3	Abkari	36,023	34,341	.....	1,682
4	Vaccination	366	347	.....	19
5	Library	281	117	.....	164
6	Police and other Guards	11,759	12,120	361	.....
7	Paga and Stables...	24,830	36,793	11,963	.....
8	Cattle pounds	26	30	4	.....
9	Jail...	736	410	.....	326
10	Cash allowance and Temple Servants.	11,896	14,109	2,213	.....
11	Ferries	146	430	284	.....
12	Tolls	467	574	107	.....
13	Public Works	34,187	38,946	4,759	.....
14	Dewan-Kacheri	3,009	3,002	.....	7
15	Naib-Dewan's office	6,996	6,333	.....	663
16	Collecting Establishment ...	8,840	8,880	40	.....
17	Education...	4,669	4,758	89	.....
18	Pratapnivas Garden charges ...	1,993	1,810	.....	183
19	Municipality	3,127	2,869	.....	258
20	Contingent charges	999	345	.....	654
21	Printing charges	678	465	.....	213
22	Deficit in granary	420	202	.....	218
23	Remissions	461	813	352	.....
24	Income tax on interest of loans ...	271	290	19	.....
25	Miscellaneous	3,921	3,563	.....	358
26	Rewards for destruction of wild animals	13	47	34	.....
27	Carriage hire and Bhathas ...	3,324	3,481	157	.....
28	Purchase of Jewels for Raja Saheb &c.	27,874	15,927	.....	11,947
29	Rewards and Chandla	2,468	3,526	1,058	.....
30	Dewasthan Dharmada	2,451	2,092	.....	359
31	Festivals	1,050	1,175	125	.....
32	Palace Establishment	10,309	9,003	.....	1,306
33	Pocket expenses to Raja Saheb, and Rani Sahebs	18,406	18,102	.....	304
	Carried forward ...	2,30,550	2,32,472	21,565	19,643

No.	Heads of Receipts.	A. D. 1897-98.	A. D. 1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.	No.	Heads of Expenditure.	Fasli A. D. 1897-98.	Fasli A. D. 1898-99.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6
	Brought forward ...	3,32,716	3,36,959	15,447	11,204		Brought forward ...	2,30,550	2,32,472	21,565	1,9643
						34	Purchase of clothing for Raja Saheb &c.	2,998	8,230	5,232	.....
						35	Do. Furniture	1,343	4,748	3,405	.....
						36	Kitchen	6,802	5,344	.....	1,458
						37	Guests &c.	2,640	2,420	.....	220
						38	Houses & land purchased in Billimora.	50	21	....	29
						39	Purchase of Shares	1,250	10,252	9,002	.....
						40	Veterinary	1,461	173	.....	.....
						41	Purchase of Loans	29,593	10,290	.....	19,303
						42	Nyayadhish office	656	1,285	629	1,288
						43	Special expenses :—				
							(1) Padanom ceremonies of Kunver Shri Natversinghji	.....	6,591	6,591	.....
							(2) Doctor's fees	1,156	5,593	4,437	.....
							(3) Donation to Surat fire relief fund	300	.....	.....	300
							(4) On account of the death of Akhand Shobhagvanta Shri Ali Rajpurvalla Rathoda Ranijee Saheb Shri Himat Kuver Ba Saheb	8,807	3,524	.....	5,283
							(5) Wasta ceremonies of the Indra Vilas Palace	.....	95	95	.....
						44	Famine Relief Works	148	.....	.....	148
						45	The Diamond Jubilee Agricultural Show	102	113	11	.....
						46	Plague Department	999	591	.....	408
	Total ...	3,32,176	3,36,959	15,447	11,204		Total ...	2,88,855	2,91,742	50,967	48,080
	Tagavi ...	23,568	14,378	.....	9,190		Tagavi	16,596	8,993	.....	7,603

HARGOVIND HARNARAYEN,

Dewan, Baroda State.

00134756

Digitized with financial assistance from

Government of Maharashtra

on 01 February, 2020